# UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, DC 20549

FORM 10-K

(Mark One)

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025 OR

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_\_to\_ Commission file number 814-00237

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Maryland (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) 1521 Westbranch Drive, Suite 100 McLean, Virginia (Address of principal executive offices)

54-2040781 (I.R.S. Employer

22102

(703) 287-5800 (Registrant's telephone number, incl number, including area code)

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share GLAD Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act:

Name of each exchange The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is a well-known seasoned issuer, as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act. Yes o No x

Title of each class

Indicate by check mark if the registrant is not required to file reports pursuant to Section 13 or Section 15(d) of the Act. Yes o No x

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant: (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes x No O

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "acceler growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

o Large accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company 0 0

Emerging growth company If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. 0

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has filed a report on and attestation to its management's assessment of the effectiveness of its internal control over financial reporting under Section 404(b) of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (15 U.S.C. 7262(b)) by the registered public accounting firm that prepared or issued its audit report O

If securities are registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act, indicate by check mark whether the financial statements of the registrant included in the filing reflect the correction of an error to previously issued financial statements.

Indicate by check mark whether any of those error corrections are restatements that required a recovery analysis of incentive-based compensation received by any of the registrant's executive officers during the relevant recovery period pursuant to §240.10D-1(b). O Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12 b-2 of the Act). Yes o No x.

The aggregate market value of the voting common stock held by non-affiliates of the Registrant on March 31, 2025, based on the closing price on that date of \$27.46 per share on the Nasdaq Global Select Market was \$589,377,217. For the purposes of calculating this amount only, all directors and executive officers of the Registrant have been treated as affiliates. There were 22,593,069 shares of the Registrant's common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, outstanding as of November 14, 2025.

Documents Incorporated by Reference. Portions of the Registrant's definitive proxy statement to be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission pursuant to Regulation 14A in connection with the Registrant's 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, which will be filed subsequent to the orporated by reference into Part III of this Form 10-K. Such proxy statement will be filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission not later than 120 days following the end of the Registrant's fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION FORM 10-K FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2025

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# FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

All statements contained herein, other than historical facts, may constitute "forward-looking statements." These statements may relate to, among other things, our future operating results, our business prospects and the prospects of our portfolio companies, actual and potential conflicts of interest with Gladstone Management Corporation (the "Adviser"), our investment adviser, and its affiliates, the use of borrowed money to finance our investments, the adequacy of our financing sources and working capital, and our ability to co-invest, among other factors. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by terminology such as "estimate," "may," "might," "believe," "will," "provided," "anticipate," "future," "could," "growth," "plan," "project," "intend," "expect," "should," "would," "if," "seek," "possible," "possible," "potential," "likely" or the negative or variations of such terms or comparable terminology. These forward-looking statements under factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements to be materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or activity, performance or achievements expressed or activity performance or achievements expressed or materially different from any future results, levels of activity, performance or achievements expressed or activity, performance or achievements

In this Annual Report, the "Company," "we," "us," and "our" refer to Gladstone Capital Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiaries unless the context otherwise indicates. Dollar amounts in tables, except per share amounts, are in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

# PART I

The information contained in this section should be read in conjunction with our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this Annual Report.

## ITEM 1. BUSINESS

## Overview

### Organization

Gladstone Capital Corporation was incorporated under the Maryland General Corporation Law on May 30, 2001. We are an externally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, we have elected to be treated for tax purposes as a RIC under the Code. We were established for the purpose of investing in debt and equity securities of established private businesses operating in the United States ("U.S.").

Shares of our common stock trade on the Nasdaq Global Select Market ("Nasdaq") under the trading symbol "GLAD". Our 6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (the "Series A Preferred Stock"), our 3.75% notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes"), and our 5.875% Convertible Notes due 2030 (the "2030 Convertible Notes") are not listed or traded on any exchange or automated quotation system.

The outstanding shares and per share amounts of the Company's common stock in this Annual Report have been retroactively adjusted for the 1-for-2 reverse stock split (the "Reverse Stock Split") effected on April 4, 2024 (effective April 5, 2024 for trading purposes) for all activity prior to that date, unless stated otherwise.

## Investment Adviser and Administrator

We are externally managed by the Adviser, an investment adviser registered with the SEC and an affiliate of ours, pursuant to an investment advisory and management agreement (as amended and/or restated from time to time, the "Advisory Agreement"). We have also entered into an administration agreement with Gladstone Administration. LLC (the "Administrator"), an affiliate of ours and the Adviser, whereby we pay separately for administrative services (the "Administrator entered administrator and the Administrator are privately-held companies that are indirectly owned by David Gladstone, our chairman and chief executive officer. Mr. Gladstone also serves on the board of directors of the Adviser, the board of managers of the Administrator. The Administrator employs, among others, our chief financial officer and treasurer, chief valuation officer, chief compliance officer, chief administrative officer, co-general counsels and co-secretaries (one of whom also serves as the president of the Administrator) and their respective staffs. The Adviser and Administrator have extensive experience in our lines of business and also provide investment advisory and administrative services, respectively, to our affiliates, including: Gladstone Commercial Corporation ("Gladstone Commercial Corporation"), a publicly-traded real estate investment trust ("Gladstone Commercial"), and Gladstone Alternative Income Fund, a registered, non-diversified, closed-end management investment company that operates as an interval fund ("Gladstone Alternative," with "Gladstone Land," "Gladstone Commercial," and "Gladstone Investment," collectively the "Affiliated Public Funds"). In the future, the Adviser and Administrator may provide investment advisory and administrative services, respectively, to other funds and companies, both public and private.

The Adviser was organized as a corporation under the laws of the State of Delaware on July 2, 2002, and is an SEC registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisors Act of 1940, as amended. The Administrator was organized as a limited liability company under the laws of the State of Delaware on March 18, 2005. The Adviser and Administrator are headquartered in McLean, Virginia, a suburb of Washington, D.C., at 1521 Westbranch Drive, McLean, Virginia 22102. The Adviser also has offices in other states

# Investment Objectives and Strategy

Our investment objectives are to: (1) achieve and grow current income by investing in debt securities of established lower middle market companies (which we generally define as companies with annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") of \$3 million to \$25 million) in the U.S. that we believe will provide stable earnings and eash flow to pay expenses, make principal and interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness, and make distributions to stockholders; and (2) provide our stockholders with long-term capital appreciation in the value of our assets

by investing in equity securities, in connection with our debt investments, that we believe can grow over time to permit us to sell our equity investments for capital gains. To achieve our objectives, our primary investment strategy is to invest in several categories of debt and equity securities, with each investment generally ranging from \$8 million to \$40 million, although investment size may vary, depending upon our total assets or available capital at the time of investment. We lend to borrowers that need funds for growth capital, to finance acquisitions, or to recapitalize or refinance their existing debt facilities. We seek to avoid investing in high-risk, early-stage enterprises. Our targeted portfolio companies are generally considered too small for the larger capital marketplace. We expect that our investment portfolio over time will consist of approximately 90.0% debt investments and 10.0% equity investments, at cost. As of September 30, 2025, our investment portfolio was made up of approximately 90.9% debt investments and 9.1% equity investments. at cost.

We invest by ourselves or jointly with other funds and/or management of the portfolio company, depending on the opportunity. In July 2012, the SEC granted us an exemptive order (the "Co-Investment Order") that expanded our ability to co-invest, under certain circumstances, with certain of our affiliates, including Gladstone Investment, Gladstone Alternative and any future BDC or registered closed-end management investment company that is advised (or sub-advised if it controls the fund) by the Adviser, or any combination of the foregoing, subject to the conditions in the Co-Investment Order. In September 2025, the SEC granted us a new Co-Investment Order that contains a more flexible requirement that allocations be "fair and equitable" to us and that the Adviser consider the interests of us in allocations and which minimizes certain board approval requirements from the prior Co-Investment Order. We believe the Co-Investment Order has enhanced and will continue to enhance our ability to further our investment objectives and strategies. If we are participating in an investment with one or more co-investors, whether or not an affiliate of ours, our investment is likely to be smaller than if we were investing alone.

In general, our investments in debt securities have a term of no more than seven years, accrue interest at variable rates (generally based on one-month term Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR") and, to a lesser extent, at fixed rates. We seek debt instruments that pay interest monthly or, at a minimum, quarterly, may have a success fee or deferred interest provision and are primarily interest only, with all principal and any accrued but unpaid interest due at maturity. Generally, success fees accrue at a set rate and are contractually due upon a change of control of a portfolio company, typically from an exit or sale. Some debt securities have deferred interest whereby some portion of the interest payment is added to the principal balance so that the interest is paid, together with the principal, at maturity. This form of deferred interest is often called paid-in-kind ("PIK") interest.

Typically, our equity investments consist of common stock, preferred stock, limited liability company interests, or warrants to purchase the foregoing. Often, these equity investments occur in connection with our original investment, recapitalizing a business, or refinancing existing debt.

Since our initial public offering in 2001 and through September 30, 2025, we have invested in approximately 292 different companies. We expect that our investment portfolio will primarily include the following three categories of investments in private companies operating in the U.S.:

- Secured First Lien Debt Securities: We seek to invest a portion of our assets in secured first lien debt securities also known as senior loans, senior term loans, lines of credit and senior notes. Using its assets as collateral, the borrower typically uses first lien debt to cover a substantial portion of the funding needs of the business. These debt securities usually take the form of first priority liens on all, or substantially all, of the assets of the business. First lien debt securities may include investments sourced from the sundicated loan market.
- Secured Second Lien Debt Securities: We seek to invest a portion of our assets in secured second lien debt securities, also known as subordinated loans, subordinated notes and mezzanine loans. These secured second lien debt securities and may be secured by second priority liens of the assets of the business. Additionally, we may receive other yield enhancements in addition to or in lieu of success fees such as warrants to buy common any referred stock or limited liability interests in connection with these second lien secured debt securities. Second lien debt securities may include investments sourced from the syndicated loan market.
- Preferred and Common Equity/Equivalents: In some cases we will purchase equity securities which consist of preferred and common equity or limited liability company interests, or warrants or options to acquire such securities, and are in combination with our debt investment in a business. Additionally, we may receive equity investments derived from restructurings on some of our existing debt investments. In some cases, we will own a significant portion of the equity and in other cases we may have voting control of the businesses in which we invest.

Under the 1940 Act, we may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55 of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as "qualifying assets" and generally include each of the investment types listed above, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets (other than certain assets related to our operations) represent at least 70.0% of our total assets. See "—Regulation as a BDC — Qualifying Assets."

We expect that most, if not all, of the debt securities we acquire will not be rated by a credit rating agency. Investors should assume that these loans would be rated below "investment grade" quality. Investments rated below investment grade are often referred to as high yield securities or junk bonds and may be considered higher risk, as compared to investment-grade debt instruments. In addition, many of the debt securities we hold may not amortize prior to maturity.

## Investment Policies

We seek to achieve a high level of current income and capital gains through investments in debt securities and preferred or common stock that we generally acquire in connection with buyouts and other recapitalizations. The following investment policies, along with these investment objectives, may not be changed without the approval of our board of directors (the "Board of Directors"):

- We will at all times conduct our business so as to retain our status as a BDC. See "—Regulation as a BDC Qualifying Assets."
- We will at all times endeavor to conduct our business so as to retain our status as a RIC under the Code. See "—Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations."

With the exception of our policy to conduct our business as a BDC, these policies are not fundamental and may be changed without stockholder approval.

# Investment Concentrations

As of September 30, 2025, our investment portfolio consisted of investments in 55 companies located in 22 states across 16 different industries, with an aggregate fair value of \$859.1 million. The five largest investments at fair value as of September 30, 2025, totaled \$196.5 million, or 22.9% of our total investment portfolio.

The following table outlines our investments by security type as of September 30,2025 and 2024:

		September 30, 2025				September 30, 2024			
	_	Co	ost	Fair	Value	Co	ost	Fair V	alue
Secured first lien debt	\$	646,131	73.7 %	\$ 622,371	72.4 %	\$ 580,736	75.3 %	\$ 554,937	69.7 %
Secured second lien debt		149,937	17.1	150,542	17.5	113,691	14.8	113,716	14.3
Unsecured debt		555	0.1	333	0.1	198	0.0	32	0.0
Total debt investments		796,623	90.9	773,246	90.0	694,625	90.1	668,685	84.0
Preferred equity		37,429	4.3	31,214	3.6	45,017	5.8	31,346	3.9
Common equity/equivalents		42,562	4.8	54,664	6.4	31,369	4.1	96,229	12.1
Total equity investments	_	79,991	9.1	85,878	10.0	76,386	9.9	127,575	16.0
Total Investments	S	876,614	100.0 %	\$ 859,124	100.0 %	\$ 771,011	100.0 %	\$ 796,260	100.0 %

Our investments at fair value consisted of the following industry classifications as of September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Septemb	er 30, 2025	September 30, 2024		
Industry Classification	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare	\$ 273,262	31.8 %	\$ 101,707	12.8 %	
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing	202,466	23.6	160,264	20.1	
Diversified/Conglomerate Service	152,042	17.7	179,032	22.5	
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco	54,605	6.4	88,327	11.1	
Home and Office Furnishings, Housewares and Durable Consumer Products	30,000	3.5	_	_	
Automobile	27,361	3.2	28,286	3.6	
Machinery	26,381	3.1	21,816	2.7	
Personal, Food, and Miscellaneous Services	23,700	2.7	_	_	
Cargo Transportation	20,000	2.3	20,200	2.5	
Oil and Gas	17,512	2.0	20,554	2.6	
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products	13,866	1.6	13,586	1.7	
Printing and Publishing	5,809	0.7	4,312	0.5	
Aerospace and Defense	1,184	0.1	153,096	19.2	
Other, < 2.0%	10,936	1.3	5,080	0.7	
Total Investments	\$ 859,124	100.0 %	\$ 796,260	100.0 %	

Our investments at fair value were included in the following U.S. geographic regions as of September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	September 30, 2025			September 30, 2024		
Location		Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	
South	s	287,371	33.5 %	\$ 314,010	39.4 %	
Midwest		237,417	27.6	192,897	24.2	
West		233,564	27.2	249,082	31.3	
Northeast		100,772	11.7	40,271	5.1	
Total Investments	S	859,124	100.0 %	\$ 796,260	100.0 %	

The geographic composition indicates the location of the headquarters for our portfolio companies. A portfolio company may have additional locations in other geographic regions.

# Investment Process

# Overview of Investment and Approval Process

To originate investments, the Adviser's investment professionals use an extensive referral network comprised primarily of private equity sponsors, private credit managers, venture capitalists, leveraged buyout funds, investment bankers, accountants, commercial bankers, and business brokers. The Adviser's investment professionals review information received from these and other sources in search of potential financing opportunities. If a potential opportunity matches our investment objectives, the investment professionals will seek an initial screening of the opportunity with our president, Robert L. Marcotte, to authorize the submission of an indication of interest ("IOI") to the prospective portfolio company. If the prospective portfolio company passes this initial screening and the IOI is accepted by the prospective portfolio company the investment professionals will seek approval to issue a letter of intent ("LOI") to the prospective company from the Adviser's investment professionals will seek approval to issue a letter of intent ("LOI") to the prospective company from the Adviser's investment professionals will seek approval to issue a letter of intent ("LOI") to the prospective portfolio company. It investment to microal to the Adviser's investment and the IOI is accepted by the prospective portfolio company in the investment professionals will seek approval to issue a letter of intent ("LOI") to the prospective portfolio company. If the prospective portfolio company is investment or investment professionals will seek approval to issue a letter of intent ("LOI") to the prospective portfolio company. If the prospective portfolio company is investment or investment professionals will seek approval to issue a letter of intent ("LOI") to the prospective portfolio company. If the prospective portfolio company is investment or inves

# Prospective Portfolio Company Characteristics

We have identified certain characteristics that we believe are important in identifying and investing in prospective portfolio companies. The criteria listed below provide general guidelines for our investment decisions, although not all of these criteria may be met by each portfolio company.

- Growth-and-Income Orientation and Positive Cash Flow. Our investment philosophy places a premium on fundamental analysis from an investor's perspective and has a distinct growth-and-income orientation. We typically invest in companies that generate growing sales and cash flow to provide some assurance that they will be able to service their debt and deleverage over time. We do not expect to invest in start-up companies with what we believe to be cyclical industries or speculative business plans
- Experienced Management. We typically require that the businesses in which we invest have experienced management teams or a hiring plan in place to install an experienced management team. We also require the businesses to have proper incentives in place to induce management teams to succeed and align with our interests as an investor, including having significant equity or other interests in the financial performance of their respective companies.
- Strong Competitive Position in an Industry. We seek to invest in businesses that have a differentiated product or service and significant relative market share within their respective markets and that we believe have the strategy and resources to take advantage of the expected growth in their market. We seek businesses that demonstrate significant competitive advantages versus their competitors, which we believe will help to protect their market positions and profitability.
- Enterprise Collateral Value. The projected enterprise valuation of the business, based on market based comparable cash flow multiples, is an important factor in our investment analysis in determining the collateral coverage of our debt securities.

# Extensive Due Diligence

The Due Diligence Team conducts what we believe are extensive evaluation and due diligence investigations of our prospective portfolio companies and investment opportunities. The due diligence investigation typically begins with a review of publicly available information followed by in depth business analysis, including any of the following:

- a review of the prospective portfolio company's historical and projected financial information, including a quality of earnings or similar analysis;
- detailed review of the track record of the private equity firm or ownership group acquiring or controlling any prospective borrower;
- visits to the prospective portfolio company's business site(s):
- · interviews with the prospective portfolio company's management, employees, advisers, sponsors, customers, and vendors;
- · review of loan documents and material contracts:
- · background checks and a management capabilities assessment on the prospective portfolio company's management team and controlling shareholders; and
- · research on the prospective portfolio company's products, services or particular industry and its competitive position therein.

Upon completion of a due diligence investigation and a decision to proceed with an investment, the Adviser's investment professionals who have primary responsibility for the investment present the investment opportunity to the Adviser's investment committee. The investment committee then determines whether to pursue the potential investment. Prior to the closing of an investment, additional due diligence may be conducted by the Adviser or on our behalf by attorneys, independent accountants, and other outside advisers, as appropriate.

We also rely on the long-term relationships that the Adviser's investment professionals have with leveraged buyout funds, private credit managers, investment bankers, commercial bankers, private equity sponsors, attorneys, accountants, and business brokers. In addition, the extensive direct experiences of our executive officers and managing directors in the operations of lower middle market companies and providing debt and equity capital to lower middle market companies plays a significant role in our investment evaluation and assessment of risk.

# Investment Structure

Once the Adviser has determined that an investment meets our standards and investment criteria, the Adviser works with the management of that company, the private equity firm or ownership group controlling any prospective borrower, and other capital providers to structure the transaction in a way that we believe will provide us with the greatest opportunity to maximize our return on the investment, while providing appropriate incentives to the shareholders and management of the company. As discussed above, the capital elasses through which we typically structure a deal include secured first lien debt, secured second lien and opportunity to maximize the capital experts and common equity or equivalents. Through its risk management process, the Adviser seeks to limit the downside risk of our investments by:

- seeking collateral or superior positions in the portfolio company's capital structure where possible;
- · negotiating covenants in connection with our investments that afford our portfolio companies as much flexibility as possible in managing their businesses, consistent with preserving our capital;
- · securing board observation rights at the portfolio company;
- · incorporating call protection into the investment structure where possible; and
- · making investments with an expected total return (including both interest and potential equity appreciation) that it believes compensates us appropriately for the credit risk of the investment.

We expect to hold most of our debt investments until maturity or repayment, but may sell our investments (including our equity investments) earlier if a liquidity event takes place, such as the sale or recapitalization of a portfolio company. Occasionally, we may sell some or all of our investment interests in a portfolio company to a third party in a privately negotiated transaction to manage our credit or sector exposures or to enhance our portfolio yield.

### Competitive Advantages

A large number of entities compete with us and make the types of investments that we seek to make in lower middle market privately-owned businesses. Such competitors include other BDCs, registered investment companies, private investment funds, and other financing sources, including traditional financial services companies such as commercial banks. Many of our competitors are substantially larger than we are and have considerably greater funding sources or are able to access capital more cost effectively. In addition, certain of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which could allow them to consider a wider variety of investments, serve a broader customer base, and establish a greater market share. Furthermore, many of these competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC or the regulatory requirements we must comply with as a publicly traded company. However, we believe that we have the following competitive advantages over many other providers of financing to lower middle market companies.

## Management Expertise

Our Adviser has a separate investment committee for the Company and each of the Affiliated Public Funds. The Adviser's investment committee for the Company is comprised of Messrs. Gladstone, Marcotte and Sateri and Ms. Gladstone, each of whom have a wealth of experience in our area of operation. Ms. Gladstone and Messrs. Gladstone and Sateri also serve on the Adviser's investment committee for the other Affiliated Public Funds. Ms. Gladstone has over 20 years of experience in investing in middle market companies and with operating in the BDC marketplace in general. Mr. Gladstone also has principal management responsibility for the Adviser as its executive officer, and has worked at the Gladstone Companies for more than 20 years. These four individuals dedicate a significant portion of their time to managing our investment portfolio. Our senior management has extensive experience providing capital to lower middle market companies. In addition, we have access to the resources and expertise of the Adviser's investment professionals and support staff who possess a broad range of transactional, financial, managerial, and investment skills.

Increased Access to Investment Opportunities Developed Through Extensive Research Capability and Network of Contacts

The Adviser seeks to identify potential investments through active origination and due diligence and through its dialogue with numerous private equity firms and other members of the financial community with whom the Adviser's investment professionals have long-term relationships. We believe that the Adviser's investment professionals have developed a broad network of contacts within the investment, commercial banking, private equity and investment management communities,

and that their reputation, experience and focus on investing in lower middle market companies enables us to source and identify well-positioned prospective portfolio companies that provide attractive investment opportunities. Additionally, the Adviser expects to generate information from its professionals' network of accountants, consultants, lawyers and management teams of portfolio companies and other contacts to support the Adviser's investment activities.

Disciplined, Value and Income-Oriented Investment Philosophy with a Focus on Preservation of Capital

In making its investment decisions, the Adviser focuses on the risk and reward profile of each prospective portfolio company, seeking to minimize the risk of capital loss without foregoing the potential for capital appreciation. We expect the Adviser to use the same investment philosophy that its professionals use in the management of the other Affiliated Public Funds and to commit resources to manage downside exposure. The Adviser's approach seeks to reduce our risk in investments by using some or all of the following approaches:

- · focusing on companies with sustainable market positions and cash flow;
- · investing in businesses with experienced and established management teams;
- · engaging in extensive due diligence from the perspective of a long-term investor;
- · investing in businesses backed by successful private equity sponsors or owner operators; and
- · adopting flexible transaction structures by drawing on the experience of the investment professionals of the Adviser and its affiliates.

# Longer Investment Horizon

Unlike private equity and private credit funds that are often organized as finite-life partnerships (generally seven to ten years), we are not subject to standard periodic capital return requirements. These structures often force private equity and private credit funds to seek returns on their investments by causing their portfolio companies to pursue mergers, public equity offerings, or other liquidity events more quickly than might otherwise be optimal or desirable, potentially resulting in a lower overall return to investors and/or an adverse impact on their portfolio companies. In contrast, we are an exchange-traded corporation of perpetual duration. We believe that our flexibility to make investments with a long-term view and without the capital return requirements of traditional private investment vehicles provides us with the opportunity to achieve greater long-term returns on invested capital.

# Flexible Transaction Structuring

We believe our management team's broad expertise and years of combined experience enable the Adviser to identify, assess, and structure investments successfully across all levels of a company's capital structure and manage potential risk and return at all stages of the economic cycle. We are not subject to many of the regulatory limitations that govern traditional lending institutions, such as banks. As a result, we are flexible in selecting and structuring investments, adjusting investment criteria and transaction structures and, in some cases, the types of securities in which we invest. We believe that this approach enables the Adviser to craft a financing structure which best fits the investment and growth profile of the underlying business and yields attractive investment opportunities that will continue to generate current income and capital gain potential throughout the economic cycle, including during turbulent periods in the capital markets.

# Ongoing Management of Investments and Portfolio Company Relationships

The Adviser's investment professionals actively oversee each investment by continuously evaluating the portfolio company's performance and, although generally not expected to control such companies or become involved in day-to-day operations, will work collaboratively with the portfolio company's management, either at the portfolio company's request or in connection with any board observer rights, to identify and incorporate best resources and practices that help us achieve our projected investment performance.

### Monitoring

The Adviser's investment professionals monitor the financial performance, trends, and changing risks of each portfolio company on an ongoing basis to determine if each company is performing within expectations and to guide the portfolio

company's management in taking the appropriate courses of action. The Adviser employs various methods of evaluating and monitoring the performance of our investments in portfolio companies, which can include the following:

- · monthly or quarterly analysis of financial and operating performance;
- · frequent assessment of the portfolio company's performance against its business plan and our investment expectations;
- attendance at and/or participation in the portfolio company's board of directors or management meetings:
- assessment of portfolio company management, sponsor, governance, and strategic direction;
- · assessment of the portfolio company's industry and competitive environment; and
- · review and assessment of the portfolio company's operating outlook and financial projections.

### Relationship Management

The Adviser's investment professionals interact with various parties involved with a portfolio company, or investment, by actively engaging with internal and external constituents, including:

- management
- · boards of directors;
- · private equity sponsors;
- · capital partners; and
- · advisers and consultants.

### Managerial Assistance and Service

As a BDC, we make available significant managerial assistance, as defined in the 1940 Act, to our portfolio companies and provide other services (other than such managerial assistance) to such portfolio companies. Neither we, nor the Adviser, currently receive fees in connection with the managerial assistance we make available. At times, the Adviser may also provide other services to our portfolio companies under certain agreements and may receive fees for services other than managerial assistance. Such services may include: (i) assistance obtaining, sourcing or structuring credit facilities, long term loans or additional equity from unaffiliated third parties; (ii) negotiating important contractual financial relationships; (iii) consulting services regarding restructuring of the portfolio company and financial modeling as it relates to raising additional debt and equity capital from unaffiliated third parties; and (iv) taking a primary role in interviewing, vetting and negotiating employment contracts with candidates in connection with adding and retaining key portfolio company management team members. The Adviser non-contractually, unconditionally, and irrevocably credits 100% of any fees received for such services against the base management fee that we would otherwise be required to pay to the Adviser on "—Transactions with Related Parties — Investment Advisory and Management Fee! However, pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreement, a small percentage of certain of such fees is retained by the Adviser in the form of reimbursement, at cost, for tasks completed by personnel of the Adviser, primarily for the valuation of portfolio companies.

Gladstone Securities also provides other services (such as investment banking and due diligence services) to certain of our portfolio companies and receives fees for the provision of such services; see "—Transactions with Related Parties — Other Transactions" below

## Valuation Process

Our Board of Directors has approved investment valuation policies and procedures pursuant to Rule 2a-5 (the "Policy") and, in July 2022, designated the Adviser to serve as the Board of Directors' valuation designee ("Valuation Designee") under the 1940 Acr

The following is a general description of the Policy that the professionals of the Adviser and Administrator, with oversight and direction from our chief valuation officer, an employee of the Administrator that reports directly to our Board of Directors (collectively, the "Valuation Team"), use each quarter to determine the fair value of our investment portfolio. In accordance with the 1940 Act, our Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility for reviewing the good faith fair value determination of our investments for which market quotations are not readily available based on our Policy and for overseeing the Valuation Designee. The Adviser values our investments in accordance with the requirements of the 1940

Act and accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP"). There is no single standard for determining fair value (especially for privately-held businesses), as fair value depends upon the specific facts and circumstances of each individual investment. Each quarter, our Board of Directors reviews the Policy to determine if changes thereto are advisable and whether the Valuation Team has applied the Policy consistently. With respect to the valuation of our investment portfolio, the Valuation Team performs the following steps each quarter:

- · Each investment is initially assessed by the Valuation Team using the Policy, which may include:
  - obtaining fair value quotes or utilizing valuation inputs from third party valuation firms; and
  - using techniques, such as total enterprise value, yield analysis, market quotes and other factors, including but not limited to: the nature and realizable value of the collateral, including external parties' guaranties; any relevant offers or letters of intent to acquire the portfolio company; and the markets in which the portfolio company operates.
- Preliminary valuation conclusions are then discussed amongst the Valuation Team and with our management and documented for review by our Board of Directors. Fair value determinations and supporting material are sent to the Board of Directors in advance of its quarterly meetings.
- The Valuation Committee of the Board of Directors (comprised entirely of independent directors) meets to review the valuation determinations and supporting materials, discusses the information provided by the Valuation Team, determines whether the Valuation Team has followed the Policy and reviews other facts and circumstances, including current valuation risks, conflicts of interest, material valuation matters, appropriateness of valuation methodologies, back-testing results, price challenges/overides, and ongoing monitoring and oversight of pricing services. After the Valuation Committee concludes its meeting, it and the chief valuation officer, representing the Valuation Designee, present the Valuation Committee's findings on the Valuations Designee's determined fair values of such investments in accordance with the Policy.

Fair value measurements of our investments may involve subjective judgment and estimates. Due to the uncertainty inherent in valuing these securities, the determinations of fair value may fluctuate from period to period and may differ materially from the values that could be obtained if a ready market for these securities existed. Our net asset value ("NAV") could be materially affected if the determinations regarding the fair value of our investments are materially different from the values that we ultimately realize upon our disposal of such securities. Our valuation policies, procedures and processes are more fully described in Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in our accompanying Notes to Consolidated

# **Transactions with Related Parties**

# Investment Advisory and Management Agreement

Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report.

In 2006, we entered into the Advisory Agreement, which was most recently amended and restated in January 2025. In accordance with the Advisory Agreement, we pay the Adviser fees as compensation for its services, consisting of a base management fee and an incentive fee. On July 10, 2025, our Board of Directors, including a majority of the directors who are not parties to the Advisory Agreement or interested persons of such party, unanimously approved the renewal of the Advisory Agreement through Aquisory Agreement (1) the nature, extent and quality of services provided by the Advisor to un shareholders, (2) the investment performance of the Company and the Advisor; (3) the costs of the services to be provided and profits to be realized by the Advisor of the Company; (4) the extent to which economies of scale will be realized as the Company and the Affiliated Public Funds grow and whether the fee level under the Advisory Agreement reflects the economies of scale for the Company's investors; (5) the fee structure of the advisory and administrative agreements of comparable funds; (6) indirect profits to the Advisor reated through the Company; and (7) in light of the foregoing considerations, the overall fairness of the advisory fees paid under the Advisory Agreement.

Based on the information reviewed and the considerations detailed above, our Board of Directors, including all of the directors who are not "interested persons" as that term is defined in the 1940 Act, concluded that the investment advisory fee rates and terms are fair and reasonable in relation to the services provided and approved the Advisory Agreement, as being in the best interests of our stockholders.

# Base Management Fee

The base management fee is payable quarterly to the Adviser pursuant to our Advisory Agreement and is assessed at an annual rate of 1.75%, computed on the basis of the value of our average total assets at the end of the two most recently-completed quarters (inclusive of the current quarter), which are total assets, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period. Our Board of Directors may (as it has for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023) accept a non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credit from the Adviser to reduce the annual 1.75% base management fee on syndicated loan participations to 0.5%, to the extent that proceeds resulting from borrowings were used to purchase such syndicated loan participations.

Additionally, pursuant to the requirements of the 1940 Act, the Adviser makes available significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. The Adviser may also provide other services to our portfolio companies under certain agreements and may receive fees for services other than managerial assistance. The Adviser non-contractually, unconditionally, and irrevocably credits 100% of these fees against the base management fee that we would otherwise be required to pay to the Adviser; however, pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreement, a small percentage of certain of such fees is retained by the Adviser in the form of reimbursement, at cost, for tasks completed by personnel of the Adviser, primarily for the valuation of portfolio companies. Loan servicing fees that are payable to the Adviser pursuant to our revolving line of credit with KeyBank National Association ("KeyBank"), as administrative agent, lead arranger and lender (as amended and restated from time to time, our "Credit Facility") are also 100% credited against the base management fee as discussed below, "—Loan Servicing Fee Pursuant to Credit Agreement."

### Incentive Fee

The incentive fee consists of two parts: an income-based incentive fee and a capital gains-based incentive fee. The income-based incentive fee rewards the Adviser if our quarterly net investment income (before giving effect to any incentive fee) exceeds 1.75% of our net assets (2.0% during the period from April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2023), which we define as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any incentive fees payable or contractually due but not payable during the period, at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period (the "hurdle rate"). The income-based incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income is generally payable quarterly to the Adviser and is computed as follows:

- · no incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate;
- 100.0% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.1875% (2.50% from April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023) of our net assets, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period, in any calendar quarter; and
- 20.0% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 2.1875% (2.50% from April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023) of our net assets, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period, in any calendar quarter.

# Quarterly Incentive Fee Based on Net Investment Income

Pre-incentive fee net investment income (expressed as a percentage of the value of net assets)



Percentage of pre-incentive fee net investment income allocated to income-related portion of incentive fee

The second part of the incentive fee is a capital gains-based incentive fee that is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each fiscal year (or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date) and equals 20.0% of our "net realized capital gains" (as defined below) as of the end of the fiscal year. In determining the capital gains-based incentive fee payable to the Advisor, we calculate "net realized capital gains" at the end of each applicable year by subtracting the sum of our cumulative aggregate realized capital gains. For this purpose, cumulative aggregate realized gains, if any, equals the sum of the differences between the net sales price of each investment, when sold, and the original cost of such investment since inception. The entire portfolio's aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, if any, equals the sum of the difference between the valuation of each investment as of the applicable fiscal year, the amount of capital gains have set of each investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original cost of such investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original cost of such investment as of the applicable fiscal year, the amount of capital gains have set of each investment as of the applicable fiscal year, the amount of each gain gains have the end of the capital gains have set of each investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original costs of such investment as of the applicable fiscal year, the amount of capital gains have found to the capital gains have capital gains have found in the end of the amount of capital gains have found in the end of such fiscal year, the net realized capital depreciation, if any, If this number is positive at the end of such fiscal year, then the capital gains-based incentive fee for such year equals 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any capital gains have discovered and the capital gains have discovered and the capital gains have discovered and the capital gains have discovered

In accordance with GAAP, a capital gains-based incentive fee accrual is calculated using the aggregate cumulative realized capital gains and losses and aggregate cumulative unrealized capital appreciation and depreciation. If such amount is positive at the end of a period, then GAAP requires us to record a capital gains-based incentive fee equal to 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of actual capital gains-based incentive fees paid in all prior years. If such amount is negative, then there is no accrual for such period. GAAP requires that the capital gains-based incentive fee would be payable if such unrealized capital appreciation were realized. There can be no assurance that such unrealized capital appreciation will be realized in the future. No GAAP accrual for a capital gains-based incentive fee has been recorded from our inception through September 30, 2025.

Our Board of Directors accepted non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits from the Adviser to reduce the income-based incentive fee to the extent net investment income did not cover 100.0% of distributions to common stockholders for the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, which credits totaled \$2.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. There were no such credits during the year ended September 30, 2023.

## Loan Servicing Fee Pursuant to Credit Agreement

The Adviser also services the loans held by our wholly-owned subsidiary, Gladstone Business Loan, LLC ("Business Loan") (the borrower under our Credit Facility), in return for which the Adviser receives a 1.5% annual fee payable monthly based on the monthly aggregate outstanding balance of loans pledged under our Credit Facility. Since Business Loan is a consolidated subsidiary of ours, and the total base management fee paid to the Adviser pursuant to the Advisory Agreement cannot exceed 1.75% of total assets (less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period) during any given calendar year, we

treat payment of the loan servicing fee pursuant to our Credit Facility as a pre-payment of the base management fee under the Advisory Agreement. Accordingly, these loan servicing fees are 100% non-contractually, unconditionally, and irrevocably credited back to

# Administration Agreement

We reimburse the Administrator pursuant to the Administration Agreement for our allocable portion of the Administrator's expenses incurred while performing services to us, which are primarily rent and salaries and benefits expenses of the Administrator's employees, including our chief financial officer and treasurer, chief compliance officer, chief valuation officer and co-secretary (who also serves as the Administrator's president), and their respective staffs.

Our allocable portion of the Administrator's expenses are generally derived by multiplying the Administrator's total expenses by the approximate percentage of time during the current quarter the Administrator's employees performed services for us in relation to their time spent performing services for all companies serviced by the Administrator. On July 10, 2025, our Board of Directors, including a majority of the directors who are not parties to the Administration Agreement or interested persons of either party, approved the renewal of the Administration Agreement through August 31, 2026.

Mr. Gladstone also serves on the board of managers of our affiliate. Gladstone Securities, a privately-held broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, Gladstone Securities is 100% indirectly owned and controlled by Mr. Gladstone and has provided other services, such as investment banking and due diligence services, to certain of our portfolio companies, for which Gladstone Securities receives a fee. Any such fees paid by portfolio companies to Gladstone Securities do not impact the fees we pay to the Adviser or the non-contractual, unconditional, and irrevocable credits against the base management fee or incentive fee. For additional information refer to Note 4 — Related Party Transactions of our accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations

This is a general summary of certain material U.S. federal income tax considerations applicable to us, to our qualification and taxation as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes under Subchapter M of the Code and to the ownership and disposition of our common stock. This summary does not purport to be a complete description of all of the tax considerations relating thereto. In particular, we have not described certain considerations that may be relevant to certain types of stockholders subject to special treatment under U.S. federal income tax laws. This summary does not discuss any aspect of state, local or foreign tax laws, or the U.S. estate or gift tax, and it does not discuss any tax considerations relevant to holders of our preferred stock or Notes. Stockholders and note holders are urged to consult their tax advisors regarding their particular situations and the possible applicability of federal, state, local, non-U.S. or other tax laws, and any proposed tax law changes.

A "U.S. stockholder" is a beneficial owner of our common stock that is for U.S. federal income tax purposes:

- · an individual who is a citizen or resident of the United States;
- a corporation, or other entity treated as a corporation for U.S. federal income tax purposes, created or organized in or under the laws of the United States or any state thereof of the District of Columbia;
- a trust, if a court within the United States is able to exercise primary supervision over its administration and one or more U.S. persons (as defined in the Code) have the authority to control all of its substantial decisions, or if the trust has a valid election in effect under applicable U.S. Treasury regulations to be treated as a domestic trust for U.S. federal income tax purposes; or
- an estate, the income of which is subject to U.S. federal income taxation regardless of its source.

To qualify for treatment as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, we must generally distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90.0% of our taxable ordinary income plus the excess of our realized net short-term capital gains

over our realized net long-term capital losses ("Investment Company Taxable Income"). We refer to this as the "annual distribution requirement." We must also meet several additional requirements, including:

- . Business Development Company status. At all times during the taxable year, we must maintain our status as a BDC.
- Income source requirements. At least 90.0% of our gross income for each taxable year must be from dividends, interest, payments with respect to securities, loans, gains from sales or other dispositions of securities or other income (including certain deemed inclusions) derived with respect to our business of investing in securities, and net income derived from an interest in a qualified publicly traded partnership.
- Asset diversification requirements. As of the close of each quarter of our taxable year: (1) at least 50% of the value of our assets must consist of cash, cash items, U.S. government securities, the securities of other regulated investment companies and other securities to the extent that (a) we do not hold more than 10% of the outstanding voting securities of an isosure of such other securities of any one issuer do not represent more than 5% of our total assets, and (2) no more than 25% of the value of our total assets may be invested in the securities (or the regulated investment companies) of (i) one issuer, (ii) two or more issuers that are controlled by us and are engaged in the same or similar or related trades or businesses, and (iii) one or more qualified publicly-traded partnerships.

# Failure to Qualify as a RIC

If we were to fail to meet the income, diversification, or distribution tests described above, we could in some cases cure such failure, including by paying a fund-level tax, paying interest, making additional distributions, or disposing of certain assets. If we were ineligible to or otherwise did not cure such failure, or were otherwise unable to qualify for treatment as a RIC, we would be subject to U.S. federal income tax nat all or unable income tax tax and would be subject to an applicable state and local taxes, even if we distributed all of our Investment Company Taxable Income to our stockholders. We would not be able to deduct distributions to our stockholders, own would we be required to make such distributions for U.S. federal income tax purposes. Distributions would be taxable to our stockholders as ordinary dividend income and, subject to certain limitations under the Code, would be eligible for the current maximum rate applicable to qualifying dividend income of individuals and other non-corporate U.S. stockholders to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. Subject of certain limitations under the Code, corporate distributes would be eligible for the dividends received deduction, if vidends received deduction, if vi

### Qualification as a RIC

If we qualify as a RIC and meet the annual distribution requirement, we will not be subject to U.S. federal income tax on the portion of our Investment Company Taxable Income and net capital gain (realized net long term capital gain in excess of realized net short term capital loss) that we timely distribute (or are deemed to timely distribute) to our stockholders. If we fail to distribute in a timely manner an amount at least equal to the sum of (1) 98.0% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (2) 98.2% of our net capital gains for the one-year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year of or November 30 or December 30 or Decembe

If we acquire debt obligations that (i) were originally issued at a discount, (ii) bear interest at rates that are not either fixed rates or certain qualified variable rates, or (iii) are not unconditionally payable at least annually over the life of the obligation, we will be required to include in taxable income each year a portion of the original issue discount ("OID") that accrues over the life of the obligation. Additionally, PIK interest, which is computed at the contractual rate specified in a loan agreement and is added to the principal balance of a loan, is also a non-cash source of income that we are required to include in taxable income each year. Both OID and PIK income will be included in our Investment Company Taxable Income even though we receive no cash corresponding to such amounts. As a result, we may be required to make

additional distributions corresponding to such OID and PIK amounts in order to satisfy the annual distribution requirement and to continue to qualify as a RIC or to avoid the imposition of federal income and excise taxes. In this event, we may be required to sell investments or other assets to meet the RIC distribution requirements. For the year ended September 30, 2025, we recorded \$0.4 million of OID income and the unamortized balance of OID investments as of September 30, 2025 totaled \$0.2 million. As of September 30, 2025, we recorded september 30, 2025.

# Taxation of Our U.S. Stockholders

## Distributions

For any period during which we qualify as a RIC for U.S. federal income tax purposes, distributions to our U.S. stockholders attributable to our Investment Company Taxable Income generally will be taxable as ordinary income to our U.S. stockholders to the extent of our current or accumulated earnings and profits. We first allocate our earnings and profits to distributions to our preferred stockholders, if any, and then to distributions to our common stockholders based on priority in our capital structure. Any distributions in excess of our earnings and profits will first be treated as a return of capital to the extent of the stockholder's adjusted basis in his or her shares of stock and thereafter as capital gain. Distributions of our long-term capital gains, reported by us as such, will be taxable to our stockholders as long-term capital gains regardless of the U.S. stockholder's holding period of the stock and whether the distributions are paid in cash or invested in additional stock. Corporate U.S. stockholders generally are eligible for the 50% dividends received deduction with respect to ordinary income dividends received from us, but only to the extent such amount is attributable to dividends received by us from taxable domestic corporations.

A RIC that has two or more classes of stock generally is required to allocate to each class proportionate amounts of each type of its income (such as ordinary income, capital gains, qualified dividend income and dividends qualifying for the dividends-received deduction) based upon the percentage of total distributions paid to each class for the tax year. Accordingly, for any tax year in which we have common shares and preferred shares, we intend to allocate capital gain distributions, distributions of qualified dividend income, and distributions qualifying for the dividends-received deduction, if any, between our common shares and preferred shares in proportion to the total distributions paid to each class with respect to such tax year.

Any distribution declared by us in October, November or December of any calendar year, payable to our stockholders of record on a specified date in such a month and actually paid during January of the following year, will be treated as if it were paid by us and received by our stockholders on December 31 of the previous year. In addition, we may elect (in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code) to relate a distribution back to the prior taxable year if we (1) declare such distribution prior to the later of the extended due date for filing our return for that taxable year or the 15th day of the ninth month following the close of the taxable year, (2) make the election in that return, and (3) distribute the amount in the 12-month period following the close of the taxable year but not later than the first regular distribution payment of the same type following the declaration. Any such election will not alter the general rule that a stockholder will be treated as receiving a distribution in the taxable year in which the distribution is made, subject to the October, November, December rule described above.

If a common stockholder participates in our "opt in" dividend reinvestment plan, then the common stockholder will have their cash dividends and distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stock, rather than receiving cash dividends and distributions. Any distributions reinvested under the plan will be taxable to the common stockholder to the same extent, and with the same character, as if the common stockholder had received the distribution in cash. The common stockholder will have an adjusted basis in the additional common shares purchased through the plan equal to the dollar amount that would have been received if the U.S. stockholder had received the dividend or distribution in cash, unless we were to issue new shares that are trading at or above net asset value, in which case, the U.S. stockholder's basis in the new shares would generally be equal to their fair market value. The additional common shares will have a new holding period commencing on the day following the day on which the shares are credited to the common stockholder's account. The plan agent purchases shares in the open market in connection with the obligations under the plan.

## Sale of Our Shares

A U.S. stockholder generally will recognize taxable gain or loss if the U.S. stockholder sells or otherwise disposes of the shares of our common stock. Any gain arising from such sale or disposition generally will be treated as long-term capital gain or loss if the U.S. stockholder has held the shares for more than one year. Otherwise, it will be classified as short-term

capital gain or loss. However, any capital loss arising from the sale or disposition of shares of our stock held for six months or less will be treated as long-term capital loss to the extent of the amount of capital gain dividends received, or undistributed capital gain deemed received, with respect to such shares. All or a portion of any loss realized upon a taxable disposition of shares will be disallowed under the Code's "wash sale" rule if other substantially identical shares are purchased within 30 days before or after the disposition. In such a case, the basis of the newly purchased shares will be adjusted to reflect the disalowed loss. Under the tax laws in effect as of the date of this filling, individual U.S. stockholders are subject to a maximum federal income tax rate of 20% on their net capital gain (i.e. the excess of realized net long-term capital gain over realized net short-term capital gain over realized net short-term capital gain the same rates applied to their ordinary income. Capital losses are subject to limitations on use for both corporate stockholders. Certain U.S. stockholders who are individuals, separally are individuals of the sattes or trusts generally are also subject to a 3.8% Medicare tax on, among other things, dividends on and capital gain from the sale or other disposition of shares of our stock.

# Backup Withholding and Other Required Withholding

We may be required to withhold U.S. federal income tax (i.e. backup withholding) from all taxable distributions to any non-corporate U.S. stockholder (i) who fails to furnish us with a correct taxpayer identification number or a certificate that such stockholder is exempt from backup withholding, or (ii) with respect to whom the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS") notifies us that such stockholder has failed to properly report certain interest and dividend income to the IRS and to respond to notices to that effect. An individual's taxpayer identification number is generally his or her social security number. Any amount withheld under backup withholding is allowed as a credit against the U.S. stockholder's federal income tax liability, provided that proper information is timely provided to the IRS.

Sections 1471-1474 of the Code and the U.S. Treasury and IRS guidance issued thereunder (collectively, "FATCA") generally require that we obtain information sufficient to identify the status of each shareholder under FATCA or under an applicable intergovernmental agreement (an "IGA") between the United States and a foreign government. If a shareholder fails to provide the requested information or otherwise fails to comply with FATCA or an IGA, we may be required to withhold under FATCA at rate of 30% with respect to that shareholder no ordinary dividends it pays. The IRS and the Department of Treasury have issued proposed regulations providing that these withholding rules will not apply to the gross proceeds of share redemptions or capital gain dividends we pay. If a payment is subject to FATCA withholding, we are required to withhold even if such payment would otherwise be exempt from withholding under the rules applicable to foreign shareholders described above (e.g., interest-related dividends), la addition, subject to certain exceptions, this legislation also imposes a 30% withholding on payments to foreign entitites that are not financial institutions unless the foreign entity certifies that it does not have a greater than 10% U.S. owner or provides the withholding agent with identifying information on each greater than 10% U.S. owner. Depending on the status of the intermediaries through which they hold their shares, non-U.S. stockholders could be subject to this 30% withholding tax with respect to distributions on their shares, and proceeds from the sale of their shares. Under certain circumstances, a non-U.S. stockholder might be eligible for refunds or credits of such taxes.

# Information Reporting

We will send to each of our U.S. stockholders, after the end of each calendar year, a notice providing, on a per share and per distribution basis, the amounts includible in the U.S. stockholder's taxable income for such year as ordinary income and as long-term capital gain, if any. In addition, the U.S. federal tax status of each year's distributions will generally be reported to the IRS (including the amount of dividends, if any, eligible for the preferential rates applicable to long-term capital gains).

# Regulation as a BDC

We are a closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be regulated as a BDC under Section 54 of the 1940 Act. As such, we are subject to regulation under the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act contains prohibitions and restrictions relating to transactions between BDCs and their affiliates, principal underwriters and affiliates of those affiliates or underwriters and requires that a majority of the directors be persons other than "interested persons," as defined in the 1940 Act. In addition, the 1940 Act provides that we may not change the nature of our business so as to cease to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC unless approved by a "vote of a majority of outstanding voting securities," as defined in the 1940 Act.

In general, a BDC must have been organized and have its principal place of business in the U.S. and must be operated for the purpose of making investments in qualifying assets, as described in Sections 55(a)(1) through (a)(3) of the 1940 Act.

### Qualifying Asset

Under the 1940 Act, a BDC may not acquire any asset other than assets of the type listed in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act, which are referred to as qualifying assets, unless, at the time the acquisition is made, qualifying assets, other than certain interests in furniture, equipment, real estate, or leasehold improvements ("Operating Assets") represent at least 70.0% of total assets, exclusive of Operating Assets. The types of qualifying assets in which we may invest under the 1940 Act include the following:

- (1) Securities purchased in transactions not involving any public offering from the issuer of such securities, which issuer is an eligible portfolio company. An eligible portfolio company is generally defined in the 1940 Act as any issuer which:
  - (a) is organized under the laws of, and has its principal place of business in, any state or states in the U.S.;
  - (b) is not an investment company (other than a small business investment company wholly owned by the BDC or otherwise excluded from the definition of investment company); and
  - (c) satisfies one of the following:
    - (i) it does not have any class of securities with respect to which a broker or dealer may extend margin credit;
    - (ii) it is controlled by the BDC and for which an affiliate of the BDC serves as a director;
    - (iii) it has total assets of not more than \$4.0 million and capital and surplus of not less than \$2 million;
    - (iv) it does not have any class of securities listed on a national securities exchange; or
  - (v) it has a class of securities listed on a national securities exchange, with an aggregate market value of outstanding voting and non-voting equity of less than \$250.0 million.
- (2) Securities received in exchange for or distributed on or with respect to securities described in (1) above, or pursuant to the exercise of options, warrants or rights relating to such securities.
- (3) Cash, cash items, government securities or high quality debt securities maturing in one year or less from the time of investment.

As of September 30, 2025, 99.1% of our assets were qualifying assets.

# Asset Coverage

Pursuant to Section 61(a)(3) of the 1940 Act, we are permitted to issue multiple classes of "senior securities representing indebtedness." However, pursuant to Section 18(c) of the 1940 Act, we are permitted to issue only one class of "senior securities that is stock." In either case, we may only issue such senior securities if such class of senior securities, after such issuance, has an asset coverage, as defined in Section 18(h) of the 1940 Act, of at least 150%.

In addition, our ability to pay dividends or distributions (other than dividends payable in our common stock) to holders of any class of our capital stock would be restricted if our "senior securities representing indebtedness" fail to have an asset coverage of at least 150% (measured at the time of declaration of such distribution and accounting for such distribution). The 1940 Act does not apply this limitation to privately arranged debt that is not intended to be publicly distributed, unless this limitation is specifically negotiated by the lender. In addition, our ability to pay dividends or distributions (other than dividends payable in our common stock) to our common stockholders would be restricted if our "senior securities that are stock" fail to have an asset coverage of at least 150% (measured at the time of declaration of such distribution and accounting for such distribution). If the value of our assets declines, we might be unable to satisfy these asset coverage requirements. To satisfy the 150% asset coverage requirement in the event that we are seeking to pay a distribution, we might either have to (i) liquidate a portion of our portfolio to repay a portion of our indebtedness or (ii) issue common stock. This may occur at a time when a sale of a portfolio asset may be disadvantageous, or when we have limited access to capital markets on agreeable terms. In addition, any amounts that we use to service our indebtedness or for offering costs will not be available for distributions to our stockholders. If we are unable to regain the requisite asset coverage through these methods, we may be forced to suspend the payment of such dividends or distributions.

# Significant Managerial Assistance

A BDC generally must make available significant managerial assistance to issuers of certain of its portfolio securities that the BDC counts as a qualifying asset for the 70.0% test described above. Making available significant managerial assistance means, among other things, any arrangement whereby the BDC, through its directors, officers or employees, offers to provide, and, if accepted, does so provide, significant guidance and counsel concerning the management, operations or business objectives and policies of a portfolio company. Significant managerial assistance also includes the exercise of a controlling influence over the management and policies of the portfolio company. However, with respect to certain, but not all such securities, where the BDC purchases such securities in conjunction with one or more other persons acting together, one of the other persons in the group may make available such managerial assistance, or the BDC may exercise such control jointly.

# Summary Risk Factors

Below is a summary of the principal risk factors associated with an investment in our securities. In addition to the below, you should carefully consider the information included in "Risk Factors" beginning on page 21 of this Annual Report together with all of the other information included in this Annual Report and the other reports and documents filed or furnished by us with the SEC for a more detailed discussion of the principal risks as well as certain other risks that you should carefully consider before deciding to invest in our securities.

- Market conditions could negatively impact our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.
- Volatility in the capital markets may make it more difficult to raise capital and may adversely affect the valuations of our investments.
- · Tariffs may adversely affect us or our portfolio companies.
- We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly and annual results based on the impact of inflation in the U.S.
- Market interest rates may have an effect on the value of our securities.
- · Changes in interest rates may negatively impact our investments and have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.
- The lack of liquidity of our privately held investments may adversely affect our business.
- · Our investments in lower middle market companies are extremely risky and could cause you to lose all or a part of your investment.
- · We often invest in transactions involving acquisitions, buyouts and recapitalizations of companies, which will subject us to the risks associated with change in control transactions.
- · Our portfolio is concentrated in a limited number of companies and industries, which subjects us to an increased risk of significant loss if any one of these companies does not repay us or if the industries experience downturns.
- Any inability to renew, extend or replace our Credit Facility on terms favorable to us, or at all, could adversely impact our liquidity and ability to fund new investments or maintain distributions to our stockholders.
- We are subject to restrictions that may discourage a change of control. Certain provisions contained in our articles of incorporation and Maryland law may prohibit or restrict a change of control and adversely impact the price of our common stock.
- · There are significant potential conflicts of interest, including with the Adviser, which could impact our investment returns.
- Our success depends on the Adviser's ability to attract and retain qualified personnel in a competitive environment.
- Our incentive fee may induce the Adviser to make certain investments, including speculative investments.
- . We may be obligated to pay the Adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.
- The Adviser is not obligated to provide a credit of the base management fee or incentive fee, which could negatively impact our earnings and our ability to maintain our current level of distributions to our stockholders.
- There is a risk that you may not receive distributions or that distributions may not grow over time.
- · Investing in our securities may involve an above average degree of risk.

- . Common shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to the NAV per share.
- · The indentures under which our unsecured notes were issued contain limited protection for holders of such notes.
- Cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents may adversely affect our business by causing a disruption to our operations, or the operations of businesses in which we invest, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information and/or damage to our business relationships, all of which could negatively impact our business, financial condition and operating results.

## Code of Ethics

We, and all of the Gladstone Companies, have adopted a code of ethics and business conduct applicable to all of the officers, directors and personnel of such companies that complies with the guidelines set forth in Item 406 of Regulation S-K and Rule 17j-1 of the 1940 Act. As required by the 1940 Act, this code establishes procedures for personal investments, restricts certain transactions by such personnel and requires the reporting of certain transactions and holdings by such personnel. This code of ethics and business conduct is publicly available on the Investors section of our website under "Governance – Governance – Governance portions are website under "officer and personnel and personn

## Compliance Policies and Procedures

We and the Adviser have adopted and implemented written policies and procedures reasonably designed to prevent violation of the federal securities laws, and our Board of Directors is required to review these compliance policies and procedures annually to assess their adequacy and the effectiveness of their implementation. We have designated a chief compliance officer, John Dellafiora, Jr., who also serves as chief compliance officer for all of the Gladstone Companies.

# Staffing

We do not currently have any employees and do not expect to have any employees in the foreseeable future. Currently, services necessary for our business are provided by individuals who are employees of the Adviser and the Administrator pursuant to the terms of the Advisory Agreement and the Administrator Administrator administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and a service of the Adviser and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or unatters (and the Administrator or unatters) and the Administrator or

Number of Individuals	Functional Area
12	Executive management
24	Accounting, administration, compliance, human resources, legal and treasury
37	Investment management, portfolio management and due diligence

The Adviser and the Administrator aim to attract and retain capable advisory and administrative personnel, respectively, by offering competitive base salaries and bonus structure and by providing employees with appropriate opportunities for professional growth.

# **Available Information**

We file with or furnish to the SEC copies of our annual report on Form 10-K, quarterly reports on Form 10-Q, current reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements and other information meeting the information requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), and make such reports and any amendments thereto available free of charge through the Investors section of our website at www.GladstoneCapital.com as soon as reasonably practicable after such materials are electronically filed with or furnished to the SEC. Information contained on our website is not incorporated by reference into this Annual Report. The SEC also maintains a website that contains reports, proxy and information statements, and other information regarding issuers that file electronically with the SEC at www.sec.gov.

# ITEM 1A. RISK FACTORS

You should carefully consider these risk factors, together with all of the other information included in this Annual Report and the other reports and documents filed by us with the SEC. The risks set out below are not the only risks we face. Additional risks and uncertainties not presently known to us, or not presently deemed material by us, may also impairs our operations and performance. If any of the following events occur, our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows could be materially and adversely affected. If that happens, the trading price of our securities and the NAV of our common stock could decline, and you may lose all or part of your investment. The risk factors described below are the principal risk factors associated with an investment in our securities as well as those factors generally associated with an investment company with investment policies, capital structure or trading markets similar to ours.

### Risks Related to the Econom

Market conditions could negatively impact our business, results of operations, cash flows and financial condition.

The market in which we operate is affected by a number of factors that are largely beyond our control but can nonetheless have a potentially significant, negative impact on us. These factors include:

- · changes in interest rates and credit spreads and the effects of inflation on us and our portfolio companies;
- · the availability of credit, including the price, terms, and conditions under which it can be obtained;
- the quality, pricing, and availability of suitable investments and credit losses with respect to our investments;
- · the ability to obtain accurate market-based valuations;
- · investment values relative to the value of the underlying assets;
- default rates on the loans underlying our investments and the amount of related losses;
- · prepayment rates, delinquency rates and the timing and amount of servicer advances;
- competition:
- · the actual and perceived state of the economy and capital markets generally;
- amendments or repeals of legislation, or changes in regulations or regulatory interpretations thereof, and transitions of government, including uncertainty regarding any of the foregoing;
- . the national and global political environment, including government shutdowns, war, armed conflicts, foreign relations and trading policies;
- · the impact of potential changes to the Code; and
- · the attractiveness of other types of investments relative to investments in lower middle market companies generally.

Changes in these factors are difficult to predict, and a change in one factor could affect other factors, which could result in adverse effects to our business, results of operations, financial condition, and cash flows.

 $Volatility\ in\ the\ capital\ markets\ could\ make\ it\ more\ difficult\ to\ raise\ capital\ and\ may\ adversely\ affect\ the\ valuations\ of\ our\ investments.$ 

Given the volatility and dislocation that the capital markets have experienced from time to time, many BDCs have faced, and may in the future face, a challenging environment in which to raise capital. We may in the future have difficulty accessing debt and equity capital, and a severe disruption in U.S. or global financial markets or deterioration in credit and financing conditions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. In addition, significant changes in the capital markets have had, and may in the future have, a negative effect on the valuations of our investments and on the potential for liquidity events involving our investments. An inability to raise capital, and any required sale of our investments for liquidity purposes or failure of our portfolio companies to realize liquidity events, could have a material adverse impact on our business, financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows.

Tariffs may adversely affect us or our portfolio companies.

Existing or new tariffs imposed on foreign goods imported by the U.S. or on U.S. goods imported by foreign countries could subject us or our portfolio companies to additional risks. Among other effects, tariffs could increase the cost of production for certain of our portfolio companies or reduce demand for their products, which could affect their results of operations. We cannot predict whether, or to what extent, any tariff or other trade protections may affect us or our portfolio companies.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly and annual results based on the impact of inflation in the U.S.

Certain of our portfolio companies are in industries that have been and, in the future, may be impacted by inflation, such as consumer goods and services and manufacturing. Our portfolio companies may not be able to pass on to customers increases in their costs of operations which could greatly affect their operating results, impacting their ability to repay our loans. In addition, any projected future decreases in our portfolio companies' operating results due to inflation could adversely impact the fair value of those investments could result in future realized losses and therefore reduce our net assets resulting from operations.

# Risks Related to Interest Rates

Market interest rates may have an effect on the value of our securities.

One of the factors that influences the price of our securities is the distribution yield on our securities (as a percentage of the price of our securities) relative to market interest rates. An increase in market interest rates may lead prospective purchasers of our securities to expect a higher distribution yield. In addition, higher interest rates have increased our borrowing costs. As a result, higher market interest rates could cause the market price of our securities to decrease.

Changes in interest rates may negatively impact our investments and have an adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows.

Generally, interest rate fluctuations and changes in credit spreads on floating rate loans may have a negative impact on our investments and investment opportunities and, accordingly, may have a material adverse effect on our rate of return on invested capital, our net investment income, our NAV and the market price of our securities. As interest rates increase, generally, the cost of borrowing under our Credit Facility increases, which may affect our ability to make new investments on favorable terms or at al. A substantial portion of our debt investments have variable interest rates increase, generally, the cost of borrowing under our Credit Facility increases, which may affect our ability to make new investments on a vorable terms or at al. A substantial portion of our debt investments have variable interest rates that restey periodically and are generally based on SOFR. If interest rates increase, the operating performance of certain of our portfolio companies may be affected by increasing debt service obligations and, therefore, may affect our results of operations. In addition, to the extent that increases in interest rates make it difficult or impossible to make payments on outstanding indebtedness to us or other financial sponsors or refinance debt that is maturing in the near term, some of our portfolio companies may be unable to repay such debt at maturity and may be forced to sell assets, undergo a recapitalization or seek bankruptcy protection. Elevated interest rates could also cause borrowers to shift each from other productive uses to the payment of interest, which may have a material adverse effect on their business and operations and operati

Conversely, reduced interest rates, including recent rate decreases, will result in a decrease in our total investment income unless offset by interest rate floors or an increase in the spread of our debt investments with variable interest rates. In addition, our net investment income could decrease if there is no reduction or credit to the base management or incentive fees that we pay to the Adviser or if we are unable to refinance our fixed rate debt obligations or issue new fixed rate debt at lower rates. In addition, when interest rates decline, borrowers may refinance their loans at lower interest rates, which could shorten the average life of the loans and reduce the associated returns on the investment, as well as require the Adviser and its investment professionals to incur management time and expense to re-deploy such proceeds, including on terms that may not be as favorable as our existing loans.

 $A\ change\ in\ interest\ rates\ may\ adversely\ affect\ our\ profitability\ and\ any\ hedging\ strategy\ we\ adopt\ may\ expose\ us\ to\ additional\ risks.$ 

We use a combination of equity and long-term and short-term borrowings to finance our investment activities. As a result, a portion of our income depends upon the spread between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we loan these funds. An increase or decrease in interest rates could reduce the spread between the rate at which we hoverow, and thus, adversely affect our profitability if we have not appropriately hedged against such event. Alternatively, interest rate hedging arrangements may limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to the hedged portfolio.

As of September 30, 2025, based on the total principal balance of debt investments outstanding, our portfolio consisted of approximately 86.9% of loans at variable rates with floors and approximately 13.1% at fixed rates.

As of September 30, 2025, we did not have any hedging arrangements, such as interest rate hedges, in place. While hedging arrangements may insulate us against adverse fluctuations in interest rates, they may also limit our ability to participate in the benefits of lower interest rates with respect to the hedged portfolio. Adverse developments resulting from changes in interest rates or any future hedging transactions could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition and results of operations. Our ability to receive payments pursuant to a hedging arrangement is linked to the ability of the counter-party to that hedging arrangement to make the required payments. To the extent that the counter-party to the hedging protection of the arrangement is unable to pay pursuant to the terms of the agreement, we may lose the hedging protection of the arrangement.

Also, the fair value of certain of our debt investments is based, in part, on the current market yields or interest rates of similar securities. A change in interest rates could have a significant impact on our determination of the fair value of these debt investments. In addition, a change in interest rates could also have an impact on the fair value of any hedging arrangements then in effect that could result in the recording of unrealized appreciation or depreciation in future periods. Therefore, adverse developments resulting from changes in interest rates could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations, and cash flows. Refer to "Quantitative and Qualitative Discourses About Market Risk" for additional information on interest rate fluctuations.

# Risks Related to Our Investments

We operate in a highly competitive market for investment opportunities.

There is competitive pressure in the BDC and investment company marketplace for first and second lien secured debt, which can result in reduced yields on investment. A large number of entities compete with us and make the types of investments that we seek to make in lower middle market companies. We compete with public and private buyout funds, public and private buyout funds, public and private buyout funds, public and private credit funds and other BDCs, commercial and investment banks, commercial financing companies, and, to the extent that they provide an alternative for financing, hedge funds. Many of our competitors may bas bustantially larger and have considerably greater financial, tenthical and marketting resources than we do. For example, some competitors may have a lower cost of funds and access to funding sources that are not available to us. In addition, some of our competitors may have higher risk tolerances or different risk assessments, which would allow them to consider a wider variety of investments and establish more relationships than us. Furthermore, many of our competitors are not subject to the regulatory restrictions that the 1940 Act imposes on us as a BDC. The competitive pressures we face could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial consistent with our investment opportunities from time to time and we can offer no assurance that we will be able to identify and make investments that are consistent with our investment opportunities. We do not seek to compete based on the interest rates we offer, and we believe that some of our competitors' pricing, terms, and structure. We wantly the watch our competitors in firence transmit on increased risk of credit loss.

Our investments in lower middle market companies are extremely risky and could cause you to lose all or a part of your investment.

Investments in lower middle market companies are subject to a number of significant risks including the following:

Lower middle market companies are likely to have greater exposure to economic downturns than larger businesses. Our portfolio companies may have fewer resources than larger businesses, and thus any economic downturns or recessions are more likely to have a material adverse effect on them. When the economy contracts,

the financial results of lower middle market business, like those in which we invest, could experience deterioration or limited growth from current levels, which could ultimately lead to difficulty in meeting their debt service requirements and an increase in defaults. Consequently, for any portfolio company that is adversely impacted by an economic downturn or recession, its ability to repay our loan or engage in a liquidity event, such as a sale, recapitalization or initial public offering would be diminished.

- Lower middle market companies may have limited financial resources and may not be able to repay the loans we make to them. Our strategy includes providing financing to portfolio companies that typically do not have readily available access to financing. While we believe that this provides an attractive opportunity for us to generate profits, this may make it difficult for the portfolio companies to repay their loans to us upon maturity. A borrower's ability to repay its loan may be adversely affected by numerous factors, including the failure to meet its business plan, a downturn in its industry, or negative economic conditions, including those created by the current market environment. Deterioration in a borrower's financial condition and prospects usually will be accompanied by deterioration in the value of any collateral and a reduction in the likelihood of us realizing on any guaranties we may have obtained from the borrower's management. As of September 30, 2025, our loans to B+T Group Acquisition, Inc., Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc., and WB Xcel Holdings, LLC were on non-accrual status with a cost basis of \$2.8 million, or 3.6% of the cost basis of all debt investments in our portfolio, and a fair value of \$13.0 million, or 1.7% of the fair value of all debt investments in our portfolio. For any loans that are placed on non-accrual status, we cannot assure you that our efforts to improve profitability and cash flows of these companies will prove successful. In some of our portfolio companies we expect to be subordinated to a senior lender, and our interest in any collateral would, accordingly, likely be subordinate to another lender's security interest.
- Lower middle market companies typically have narrower product lines and smaller market shares than large businesses. Because our target portfolio companies are lower middle market businesses, they tend to be more vulnerable to competitors' actions, supply chain issues and market conditions, as well as general economic downturns. In addition, our portfolio companies often face intense competition, including competition from companies with greater financial resources, more extensive development, manufacturing, marketing, and other capabilities and a larger number of qualified managerial, or technical personnel.
- There is generally little or no publicly available information about these businesses. Because we seek to invest in privately owned businesses, there is generally little or no publicly available operating and financial information about our potential portfolio companies. As a result, we rely on our officers, the Adviser and its employees, Gladstone certain consultants to perform due diligence investigations of these portfolio companies, their operations, and their prospects. We may not learn all of the material information we need to know regarding these businesses through our investigations to make a well-informed investment decision.
- Lower middle market companies generally have less predictable operating results. We expect that our portfolio companies may have significant variations in their operating results, may from time to time be exposed to litigation, may be engaged in rapidly changing businesses with products subject to a substantial risk of obsolescence, may require substantial additional capital to support their operations, to finance expansion or to maintain their competitive position, may otherwise have a weak financial position, or may be adversely affected by changes in the business cycle. Our portfolio companies may not meet net income, cash flow, and other coverage tests typically imposed by their senior lenders. A borrower's failure to satisfy financial or operating covenants imposed by senior lenders could lead to defaults and, potentially, foreclosure on its senior credit facility, which could additionally trigger cross-defaults in other agreements. If this were to occur, it is possible that the borrower's ability to repay any of our loams would be jeopardized.
- Lower middle market companies are more likely to be dependent on one or two persons. Typically, the success of a lower middle market business also depends on the management talents and efforts of one or two persons or a small group of persons. The death, disability, or resignation of one or more of these persons could have a material adverse impact on our certain of our portfolio companies and, in turn, on us.
- Lower middle market companies may have limited operating histories. While we focus on stable companies with proven track records, we may make loans to new companies that meet our other investment criteria. Portfolio companies with limited operating histories will be exposed to all of the operating risks that new businesses face and may be particularly susceptible to, among other risks, market downturns, competitive pressures and the departure of key executive officers.
- Debt securities of lower middle market companies typically are not rated by a credit rating agency. Typically, a lower middle market private business cannot or will not expend the resources to have its debt securities rated by a credit rating agency. We expect that most, if not all, of the debt securities we acquire will be unrated. Investors

should assume that these loans would be at rates below "investment grade" quality. Investments rated below investment grade are often referred to as high yield securities or junk bonds and may be considered high risk as compared to investment-grade debt instruments.

- Lower middle market companies may be highly leveraged. Some of our portfolio companies are highly leveraged, which could have adverse consequences to these companies and to us as an investor. These companies may be subject to restrictive financial and operating covenants and the leverage could impair these companies' ability to finance their future operations and capital needs. As a result, these companies' flexibility to respond to changing business and economic conditions and to take advantage of business opportunities may be limited. Further, a leveraged company's income and net assets will tend to increase or decrease at a greater tate than if borrowed money were not used.
- Lower middle market companies may operate in regulated industries or provide services to governments. Some of our portfolio companies may operate in regulated industries and/or provide services to federal, state or local governments, or operate in industries that provide services to regulated industries or federal, state or local governments, any of which could lead to delayed payments for services or subject the company to changing payment and reimbursement rates or other terms.

Because the majority of the loans we make and equity securities we receive when we make loans are not publicly traded, there is uncertainty regarding the value of our privately held securities.

The majority of our portfolio investments are, and we expect will continue to be, in the form of securities that are not publicly traded. The fair value of securities and other investments that are not publicly traded may not be readily determinable. In valuing our investment portfolio, several techniques are used, including, a total enterprise value approach, a yield analysis, market quotes, and independent third party assessments. A third party valuation firm provides estimates of fair value on our proprietary debt investments. Another third party valuation firm is used to provide valuation inputs for our significant equity investments, including earnings multiple ranges, as well as other information. In addition to these techniques, other face acconsidered when determining fair value of our investments, including: the nature and realizable value of the collateral, including external parties' guaranties' any relevant offers or letters of intent to acquire the portfolio company; and the markets in which the portfolio company operates.

Fair value measurements of our investments may involve subjective judgments and estimates and due to the inherent uncertainty of determining these fair values, the determination of fair value may fluctuate from period to period. Additionally, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investment may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities, and any investments that include OID or PIK interest may have unreliable valuations because their continuing accruals require ongoing judgments about the collectability of their deferred payments and the value of their underlying collateral. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we could realize significantly less than the value at which it is recorded.

Our NAV would be adversely affected if fair values at which we record of our investments are higher than the values that we ultimately realize upon the disposal of such securities.

The valuation process for certain of our portfolio holdings creates a conflict of interest.

A substantial portion of our portfolio investments are securities for which market quotations are not readily available. In connection with the determination of the fair value of these securities, our Valuation Team prepares portfolio company valuations based upon the most recent portfolio company financial statements available and projected financial results of each portfolio company. The participation of the Adviser's investment professionals in our valuation process, and Mr. Gladstone's pecuniary interest in the Adviser may result in a conflict of interest, as the management fees that we pay our Adviser are based on average gross assets, less uninvested cash or cash equivalents from borrowings, and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period.

The lack of liquidity of our privately held investments may adversely affect our business.

We generally make investments in private companies whose securities are not traded in any public market. Substantially all of the investments we presently hold are, and the investments we expect to acquire in the future will be, subject to legal and other restrictions on resale and will otherwise be less liquid than publicly traded securities. The illiquidity of our investments may make it difficult for us to quickly obtain cash equal to the value at which we record our investments if the

need arises. This could cause us to miss important investment opportunities to the extent we do not have other sources of capital available. In addition, if we are required to liquidate all or a portion of our portfolio quickly, we may record substantial realized losses upon liquidation. We may also face other restrictions on our ability to liquidate an investment in a portfolio company to the extent that we, the Adviser, the Administrator, or our respective officers, employees or affiliates have material non-public information regarding such portfolio company.

Due to the uncertainty inherent in valuing these securities, the Adviser's determinations of fair value may differ materially from the values that could be obtained if a ready market for these securities existed. Our NAV could be materially affected if the Adviser's determinations regarding the fair value of our investments are materially different from the values that we ultimately realize upon our disposal of such securities.

When we are a debt or minority equity investor in a portfolio company, which we expect will generally be the case, we may not be in a position to control the entity, and its management may make decisions that could decrease the value of our investment.

Most of our investments are, and we anticipate that most of our investments will continue to be, either debt or minority equity investments in our portfolio companies. Therefore, we generally will not be involved in the day-to-day operations and decision making of our portfolio companies, even though we may have board observation rights and our debt agreement may contain certain restrictive covenants. As a result, we are and will remain subject to the risk that a portfolio company may make business decisions with which we disagree, and the shareholders and management of such company may take risks or otherwise act in ways that do not serve our best interests. As a result, a portfolio company may make decisions that could decrease the value of our debt investments.

We often invest in transactions involving acquisitions, buyouts and recapitalizations of companies, which will subject us to the risks associated with change in control transactions.

Our strategy, in part, includes making debt and minority equity investments in companies in connection with acquisitions, buyouts, and recapitalizations, which subjects us to the risks associated with change in control transactions. Change in control transactions often present a number of uncertainties. Companies undergoing change in control transactions often face challenges retaining key employees and maintaining relationships with customers and suppliers. While we hope to avoid many of these difficulties by participating in transactions where the management team is retained and by conducting thorough due diligence in advance of our decision to invest, if our portfolio companies experience one or more of these problems, we may not realize the value that we expect in connection with our investments, which sould likely harm our operating results, financial condition, and eash flows.

Our portfolio companies may incur debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, our investments in such companies and/or we could be subject to lender liability claims.

We invest primarily in debt securities issued by our portfolio companies. In some cases portfolio companies will be permitted to have other debt that ranks equally with, or senior to, the debt securities in which we invest. By their terms, such debt instruments may provide that the holders thereof are entitled to receive payment of interest and principal on or before the dates on which we are entitled to receive payments in respect of the debt securities in which we invest. Also, in the event of insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization, or bankruptcy of a portfolio company, holders of debt instruments ranking senior to our investment in that portfolio company would typically be entitled to receive payment in full before we receive any distribution in respect of our investment. Furthermore, in the case of debt ranking equally with debt securities in which we invest, we would have to share on an equal basis any distributions with other creditors holding such debt in the event of an insolvency, liquidation, dissolution, reorganization, or bankruptcy of a portfolio company.

In addition, even though we have structured some of our investments as senior loans, if one of our portfolio companies were to go bankrupt, depending on the facts and circumstances, including the extent to which we actually provided managerial assistance to that portfolio company, a bankruptcy court might re-characterize our debt investments and subordinate all, or a portion, of our claims to that of other creditors. After repaying such senior creditors, such portfolio company may not have any remaining assets to use to repay its obligation to us. We may also be subject to lender liability claims for actions taken by us with respect to a borrower's business, in instances in which we exercised control over the borrower or as a result of actions taken in rendering significant managerial assistance.

Prepayments of our investments by our portfolio companies could adversely impact our results of operations and reduce our return on equity.

In addition to risks associated with delays in investing our capital, we are also subject to the risk that investments we make in our portfolio companies may be repaid prior to maturity. For the year ended September 30, 2025, we received unscheduled repayments of investments totaling \$252.7 million. We will generally first use any proceeds from prepayments to repay any borrowings outstanding on our Credit Facility. In the event that funds remain after repayment of our outstanding borrowings, then we will generally reinvest these proceeds in government securities, pending their future investment in new debt and/or equity securities. These government securities will typically have substantially lower yields than the debt securities being prepaid and we could experience significant delays in reinvesting these amounts. In addition, once the proceeds have been reinvested in new portfolio companies, the yields on such new investments may also be lower than the yields on the debt securities being prepaid as a vecul, our results of operations could be materially adversely affected if one or more of our portfolio companies elect to prepay amounts owed to us. Additionally, prepayments could negatively impact our return on equity, which could result in a decline in the market price of our common stock.

Our portfolio is concentrated in a limited number of companies and industries, which subjects us to an increased risk of significant loss if any one of these companies does not repay us or if the industries experience downturns.

As of September 30, 2025, we had investments in 55 portfolio companies, of which our five largest investments comprised approximately \$196.5 million, or 22.9% of our total investment portfolio, at fair value. A consequence of a concentration in a limited number of investments is that the aggregate returns we realize may be substantially adversely affected by the unfavorable performance of a small number of such investments or a substantial write-down of any one investment. Beyond our regulatory and income tax diversification requirements as well as Credit Facility requirements, we do not have fixed guidelines for industry concentration and our investments could potentially be concentrated in relatively few industries. In addition, while we do not intend to invest 25.0% or more of our total assets in a particular industry or group of industries at the time of investment, it is possible that as the values of our portfolio companies change, one industry or a group of industries may comprise in excess of 25.0% of the value of our total assets. As of September 30, 2025, our largest industry concentrations of our total investments at fair value were in healthcare, education, and childcare companies, representing 31.8%; diversified/conglomerate manufacturing companies, representing 23.6%; and diversified/conglomerate service companies, representing 17.7%. Therefore, we are susceptible to the economic circumstances in these industries, and a downturn in one or more of these industries could have a material adverse effect on our results of operations and financial condition.

Investments in securities of foreign portfolio companies, if any, may involve significant risks in addition to the risks inherent in U.S. investments.

We may make investments in securities of foreign companies. Investing in foreign companies may expose us to additional risks not typically associated with investing in U.S. companies. These risks include changes in exchange control regulations, political and social instability, expropriation, imposition of foreign taxes, less liquid markets and less available information than is generally the case in the United States, higher transaction costs, less government supervision of exchanges, brokers and issuers, less developed bankruptcy laws, difficulty in enforcing contractual obligations, lack of uniform accounting and auditing standards and greater price volatility.

In addition, any investments that we make that are denominated in a foreign currency will be subject to the risk that the value of a particular currency will change in relation to one or more other currencies. Among the factors that may affect currency values are trade balances, the level of short-term interest rates, differences in relative values of similar assets in different currencies, long-term opportunities for investment and capital gains, and political developments. We may employ hedging techniques to minimize these risks, but we cannot assure you that we will, in fact, hedge currency risk, or, that if we do, such strategies with strategies will be effective.

We invest in equity securities, which involves a substantial degree of risk.

We invest in common and other equity securities of portfolio companies. The returns on common stock have historically been significantly more volatile than fixed income securities. The value of such equity securities, which oftentimes are not publicly traded or liquid, will rise and fall in response to the activities of the company that issued the securities, general market conditions, and/or specific economic or political conditions. The equity securities that we acquire may fail to appreciate or may decline in value.

Because preferred stock represents an equity ownership interest in a company and is typically subordinated to bonds and other debt instruments in a company's capital structure, in terms of priority to corporate income, they are generally subject

to greater credit risk than those debt instruments. Accordingly, their value usually will react more strongly than bonds and other debt instruments to actual or perceived changes in a company's financial condition or prospects or to fluctuations in the equity markets. Preferred stockholders generally have no voting rights are limited to certain extraordinary transactions or events. Unlike interest payments on debt securities, preferred stock dividends are payable only if declared by the issuer's board of directors. Preferred stock also may be subject to optional or mandatory redemption provisions.

The disposition of our investments may result in contingent liabilities.

Currently, all of our investments involve private securities. In connection with the disposition of an investment in private securities, we may be required to make representations about the business and financial affairs of the underlying portfolio company typical of those made in connection with the sale of a business. We may also be required to indemnify the purchasers of such investment to the extent that any such representations turn out to be inaccurate or with respect to certain potential liabilities. These arrangements may result in contingent liabilities that ultimately yield funding obligations that must be satisfied through our return of certain distributions previously made to us.

Portfolio company litigation or other litigation or claims against us or our personnel could result in additional costs and the diversion of management time and resources.

In the course of investing in and providing significant managerial assistance to certain of our portfolio companies, certain persons employed by the Adviser may serve as directors on the boards of such companies. To the extent that litigation arises out of our investments in these companies or otherwise, even if without merit, we or such employees may be named as defendants in such litigation, which could result in additional costs, including defense costs, and the diversion of management time and resources. We may be unable to accurately estimate our exposure to litigation risk if we record balance sheet reserves for probable loss contingencies. As a result, any reserves we establish to cover any settlements or judgments may not be sufficient to cover our actual financial exposure, which may have a material impact on our results of operations, financial condition, or cash flows.

While we believe we would have valid defenses to potential claims brought due to our investment in any portfolio company, and will defend any such claims vigorously, we may nevertheless expend significant amounts of money in defense costs and expenses. Further, if we enter into settlements or suffer an adverse outcome in any litigation, we could be required to pay significant amounts. In addition, if any of our portfolio companies become subject to direct or indirect claims or other obligations, such as defense costs or damages in litigation or settlement, our investment in such companies could diminish in value and we could suffer indirect losses. Further, these matters could cause us to expend significant management time and effort in connection with assessment and defense of any claims.

Any unrealized depreciation we experience on our investment portfolio may be an indication of future realized losses, which could reduce our income available for distribution.

As a BDC we are required to carry our investments at market value or, if no market value is ascertainable, at fair value. We will record decreases in the market values or fair values of our investments as unrealized depreciation. Since our inception, we have, at times, incurred a cumulative net unrealized depreciation of our portfolio. Any unrealized depreciation in our investment portfolio could result in realized losses in the future and ultimately in reductions of our income available for distribution to stockholders in future periods.

# Risks Related to Our External Financing

In addition to regulatory limitations on our ability to raise capital, our Credit Facility contains various covenants which, if not complied with, could accelerate our repayment obligations under the facility, thereby materially and adversely affecting our liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions.

We will have a continuing need for capital to finance our investments. As of September 30, 2025, we had \$0 in borrowings, at cost, outstanding under our Credit Facility, which provides for maximum borrowings of \$320.0 million, with a revolving period end date of October 31, 2027 (the "Revolving Period End Date"). Our Credit Facility permits us to fund additional loans and investments as long as we are within the conditions set forth in the credit agreement. Our Credit Facility contains covenants that require our wholly-owned subsidiary, Business Loan, to maintain its status as a separate legal entity, prohibit certain significant corporate transactions (such as mergers, consolidations, liquidations or dissolutions) and restrict material changes to our credit and collection policies without lenders' consent. The Credit Facility also limits distributions to our stockholders on a fiscal year basis to the sum of our net investment income, net capital gains and amounts deemed to

have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code. We are also subject to certain limitations on the type of loan investments we can make, including restrictions on geographic concentrations, sector concentrations, loan size, interest rate type, payment frequency and status, average life and lien property. Our Credit Facility further requires us to comply with other financial and operational acovenants, which obligate us to, among other things, maintain certain financial ratios, including asset and interest coverage, and a minimum number of 25 obligors in the borrowing base. Additionally, we are required to maintain (i) a minimum net worth (defined in our Credit Facility to include any outstanding mandatorily redemable preferred stock) of \$500.0 million plus \$50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt raised after June 23, 2025 less 50% of any equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$581.0 million as of September 30, 2025, (ii) asset coverage with respect to "senior securities representing indebtedness" of at least 150% (or such percentage as may be set forth in Section 18 of the 1940 Act, as modified by Section 61 of the 1940 Act), and (iii) our status as a BDC under the 1940 Act and as a RIC under the Code. Continued compliance with the covenants in our Credit Facility depends on many factors, some of which are beyond our control.

Any unrealized depreciation in our portfolio may increase in future periods and threaten our ability to comply with the minimum net worth covenant and other covenants under our Credit Facility. Our failure to satisfy these covenants could result in foreclosure by our lenders, which would accelerate our repayment obligations under the facility and thereby have a material adverse effect on our business, liquidity, financial condition, results of operations and ability to pay distributions to our stockholders.

Any inability to renew, extend or replace our Credit Facility on terms favorable to us, or at all, could adversely impact our liquidity and ability to fund new investments or maintain distributions to our stockholders.

If our Credit Facility is not renewed or extended by the Revolving Period End Date, all principal and interest will be due and payable on or before October 31, 2029. Subject to certain terms and conditions, our Credit Facility may be expanded to a total of \$400.0 million pursuant to an accordion feature. However, if additional lenders are unwilling to join the facility on its terms, we will be unable to expand the facility and thus will continue to have limited availability to finance new investments under our Credit Facility. There can be no guarantee that we will be able to renew, extend or replace our Credit Facility by the Revolving Period End Date on terms that are favorable to us, if at all. Our ability to expand our Credit Facility, and to obtain replacement financing at or before the Revolving Period End Date, will be constrained by then-current economic conditions affecting the credit markets. In the event that we are not able to expand our Credit Facility, or to renew, extend or refinance our Credit Facility by the Revolving Period End Date, this could have a material adverse effect on our liquidity and ability to fund new investments, our ability to make distributions to our stockholders and our ability to qualify as a RIC under the Code.

If we are unable to secure replacement financing, we may be forced to sell certain assets on disadvantageous terms, which may result in realized losses, and such realized losses could materially exceed the amount of any unrealized depreciation on these assets as of our most recent balance sheet date, which would have a material adverse effect on our results of operations. In addition to selling assets, or as an alternative, we may issue equity in order to repay amounts outstanding under our Credit Facility. Depending on the trading prices of our common stock, such an equity offering could have a substantial dilutive impact on ure existing stockholders' interest in our earnings, assets and voting interest in like are not able to renew extend or refinance our Credit Facility prior to its maturity, it could result in significantly higher interest rates and related charges and may impose significant restrictions on the use of borrowed funds to fund investments or maintain distributions to stockholders.

Our business plan is dependent upon external financing, which is constrained by the limitations of the 1940 Act.

There can be no assurance that we will be able to raise additional capital through issuing equity or debt in the near future. However, our business requires a substantial amount of cash to operate and grow. We may acquire such additional capital from the following sources:

• Senior Securities. We may issue "senior securities representing indebtedness" (such as borrowings under our Credit Facility and our notes payable) and "senior securities that are stock" (such as preferred stock) up to the maximum amount permitted by the 1940 Act. The 1940 Act currently permits us, as a BDC, to issue such senior securities in amounts such that our asset coverage, as defined in Section 18(h) of the 1940 Act, is at least 150% on such senior security immediately after each issuance of such senior security. As a result of issuing senior securities (in whatever form), we will be exposed to the risks associated with leverage. Although borrowing money for investments increases the potential for gain, it also increases the risk of a loss. A decrease in the value of our investments will have a greater impact on the value of our common stock to the extent that we have borrowed

money to make investments. There is a possibility that the costs of borrowing could exceed the income we receive on the investments we make with such borrowed funds. In addition, our ability to pay distributions, issue senior securities or repurchase shares of our common stock would be restricted if the asset coverage on each of our senior securities is not at least 150%. If the aggregate value of our assets declines, we might be unable to satisfy that 150% requirement. To satisfy the 150% asset coverage requirement in the event that we are seeking to pay a distribution, we might either have to (i) liquidate a portion of our loan portfolio to repay a portion of our indebtedness or (ii) issue common stock. This may occur at a time when a sale of a portfolio asset may be disadvantageous, or when we have limited access to capital markets on agreeable terms. In addition, any amounts that we use to service our indebtedness, pay dividends on our preferred stock, or for offering expenses will not be available for distributions to common stock and the load of the stock of the

• Common and Convertible Preferred Stock. Because we are constrained in our ability to issue debt or senior securities for the reasons given above, we may at times be dependent on the issuance of equity as a financing source. If we raise additional funds by issuing more common stock, the percentage ownership of our common stockholders at the time of the issuance would decrease and our existing common stockholders may experience dilution. In addition, under the 1940 Act, we will generally not be able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price below NAV per common share to purchasers, other than to our existing common stockholders through a rights offering, without first obtaining the approval of our stockholders and our independent directors. If we were to sell shares of our common stock below our then-current NAV per common share, such sales would result in an immediate dilution to the NAV per common share. This dilution would occur as a result of the sale of common shares at a price below the then-current NAV per share of our common stock and a proportionately greater decrease in a common stockholder's interest in our earnings and assets and voting percentage than the increase in our assets resulting from such issuance. For example, if we issue and sell an additional 10.0% of our common stock at a 5.0% discount to NAV, a common stockholder who does not participate in that offering for its proportionate interest will suffer NAV dilution of up to 0.5% or \$5 per \$1,000 of NAV. This imposes constraints on our ability to raise capital when our common stock.

We financed certain of our investments with borrowed money and capital from the issuance of senior securities, which will magnify the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested and may increase the risk of investing in us.

The use of leverage, including through the issuance of senior securities that are debt or stock, magnifies the potential for gain or loss on amounts invested, and, if we incur additional leverage, this potential will be further magnified. As of September 30, 2025, we incurred leverage through the Credit Facility, the Series A Preferred Stock, the 5.125% Notes due 2026 (the "2026 Notes"), the 2027 Notes, the 7.75% Notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes"), and the 2030 Convertible Notes. From time to time, we intend to incur additional leverage to the extent permitted under the 1940 Act. The use of leverage is generally considered a speculative investment technique and increases the risks associated with investing in our securities. In the future, we may borrow from, and issue senior securities, to banks and other lenders. Holders of these senior securities will have fixed dollar claims on our assets that are superior to the claims of our common stockholders, and we would expect such holders to seek recovery against our assets in the event of a default

The following table illustrates the effect of leverage on returns from an investment in our common stock assuming various annual returns on our portfolio, net of expenses. The calculations in the table below are hypothetical and actual returns may be higher or lower than those appearing in the table below.

	Assumed Return on Our Portfolio (Net of Expenses)						
	(10.0)%	(5.0)%	0.0 %	5.0 %	10.0 %		
Corresponding return to common stockholder(A)	(23.83)%	(14.42)%	(5.00)%	4.41 %	13.83 %		

(A) The hypothetical return to common stockholders is calculated by multiplying our total assets as of September 30, 2025 by the assumed rates of return and subtracting all interest on our debt to be paid during the 12 months following September 30, 2025, and then dividing the resulting difference by our total net assets attributable to common stock as of September 30, 2025. Based on \$907.6 million in total assets, \$0 drawn on our Credit Facility (at cost), \$150.0

million in our 2026 Notes payable (at cost), \$50.0 million in our 2027 Notes payable (at cost), \$57.0 million in our 2028 Notes payable (at cost), \$149.5 million in our 2030 Convertible Notes payable (at cost), \$21.6 million in our Series A Preferred Stock (at cost), and \$482.0 million in per assets, each as of September 30, 2025

Based on an aggregate outstanding indebtedness of \$428.1 million at cost as of September 30, 2025 and the effective annual cash interest rate of 5.6% as of that date, our investment portfolio at fair value would have had to produce an annual return of at least 2.8% to cover annual interest payments on the outstanding debt.

# Risks Related to Our Regulation and Structure

We will be subject to corporate-level tax if we are unable to satisfy Code requirements for RIC qualification.

To maintain our qualification as a RIC, we must meet income source, asset diversification, and annual distribution requirements. The annual distribution requirement is satisfied if we distribute at least 90.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income to our stockholders on an annual basis. Because we use leverage, we are subject to certain asset coverage ratio requirements under the 1940 Act and could, under certain circumstances, be restricted from making distributions necessary to qualify as a RIC. Warrants we receive with respect to debt investments generally create OID, which we must recognize as ordinary income. Both OID and PIK interest will increase the amounts we are required to distribute to maintain our RIC status. Because such OIDs and PIK interest will not produce distributable cash for us at the same time as we are required to make distributions, we will need to use cash from other sources to satisfy such distribution requirements. For the year ended September 30, 2025, we recognized \$0.4 million of OID income and the unamortized balance of OID investments which had a PIK interest component and we recorded PIK interest income of \$5.0 million during the year ended September 30, 2025. We collected \$7.2 million in PIK interest in cash for the year ended September 30, 2025. Additionally, we must meet asset diversification and income source requirements at the end of each calendar quarter. If we fail to qualify as a RIC as of a calendar quarter or annually for any reason and become fully subject to U.S. federal corporate income tax, the resulting corporate taxes could substantially reduce our net assets, the amount of income available for distribution, and the actual amount distributed. Such a failure would have a material adverse effect on us and our common stock.

Some of our debt investments may include success fees that would generate payments to us if the business is ultimately sold. Because the satisfaction of these success fees, and the ultimate payment of these fees, is uncertain, we generally only recognize them as income when the payment is received. Success fee amounts are characterized as ordinary income for tax purposes and, as a result, we are required to distribute such amounts to our stockholders in order to maintain RIC status.

If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could fail to qualify as a BDC or be precluded from investing according to our current business strategy.

As a BDC, we may not acquire any assets other than qualifying assets unless, at the time of and after giving effect to such acquisition, at least 70% of our total assets, exclusive of Operating Assets, are qualifying assets, as defined in Section 55(a) of the 1940 Act.

We believe that most of the investments that we may acquire in the future will constitute qualifying assets. However, we may be precluded from investing in what we believe to be attractive investments if such investments are not qualifying assets for purposes of the 1940 Act. If we do not invest a sufficient portion of our assets in qualifying assets, we could violate the 1940 Act provisions applicable to BDCs. As a result of such violation, specific rules under the 1940 Act could prevent us, for example, from making follow-on investments in existing portfolio companies (which could result in the dilution of our position) or could require us to dispose of investments at disadvantageous times in order to come into compliance with the 1940 Act. If we need to dispose of such investments quickly, it could be difficult to dispose of such investments on favorable terms. We may not be able to find a buyer for such investments and, even if we do find a buyer, we may have to sell the investments at a substantial loss. Any such outcomes would have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

If we do not maintain our status as a BDC, we would be subject to regulation as a registered closed-end investment company under the 1940 Act. As a registered closed-end investment company, we would be subject to substantially more regulatory restrictions under the 1940 Act, which would significantly decrease our operating flexibility. In addition, any

such failure to maintain our status as a BDC could cause an event of default under out outstanding indebtedness, which could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition or results of operations.

We are subject to restrictions that may discourage a change of control. Certain provisions contained in our articles of incorporation and Maryland law may prohibit or restrict a change of control and adversely impact the price of our common stock

Our Board of Directors is divided into three classes, with the term of the directors in each class expiring every third year. At each annual meeting of stockholders, the successors to the class of directors whose term expires at such meeting will be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election. After election, a director may only be removed by our stockholders for cause. Election of directors for staggered terms with limited rights to remove directors makes it more difficult for a hostile bidder to acquire control of us. The existence of this provision may negatively impact the price of our securities and may discourage third-party bids to acquire our securities. This provision may reduce any premiums paid to stockholders in a change in control transaction.

Certain provisions of Maryland law applicable to us prohibit business combinations with

- · any person who beneficially owns 10.0% or more of the voting power of our stock (an "interested stockholder");
- · an affiliate of ours who at any time within the two-year period prior to the date in question was an interested stockholder; or
- · an affiliate of an interested stockholder.

These prohibitions last for five years after the most recent date on which the interested stockholder became an interested stockholder. Thereafter, any business combination with the interested stockholder must be recommended by our Board of Directors and approved by the affirmative vote of at least 80.0% of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of our common stock and preferred stock, voting together as a single class, and two-thirds of the votes entitled to be cast by holders of our common stock other than shares held by the interested stockholder. These requirements could have the effect of inhibiting a change in control even if a change in control were in our stockholders' interest. These provisions of Maryland law do not apply, however, to business combinations that are approved or exempted by our Board of Directors prior to the time that someone becomes an interested stockholder.

Our articles of incorporation permit our Board of Directors to issue up to 50.0 million shares of capital stock. In addition, our Board of Directors, without any action by our stockholders, may amend our articles of incorporation from time to time to increase or decrease the aggregate number of shares or the number of shares of any class or series of stock that we have authority to issue. Our Board of Directors may classify or reclassify any unissued common stock or preferred stock and establish the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption of any such stock. Thus, our Board of Directors could authorize the issuance of preferred stock with terms and conditions that could have a priority as to distributions and amounts payable upon liquidation over the rights of the holders of our common stock. Preferred stock could also have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change in control of us, including an extraordinary transaction (such as a merger, tender offer or sale of all or substantially all of our assets) that might provide a premium price for holders of our common stock.

We may not be permitted to declare a dividend or make any distribution to stockholders or repurchase shares until such time as we satisfy the asset coverage tests under the provisions of the 1940 Act that apply to BDCs.

Regulations governing our operation as a BDC and RIC will affect our ability to raise, and the way in which we raise, additional capital or borrow for investment purposes, which may have a negative effect on our growth. As a result of the annual distribution requirement to qualify as a RIC, we may need to periodically access the capital markets to raise cash to fund new investments. We may issue "senior securities representing indebtedness," including borrowing money from banks or other financial institutions or "senior securities that are stock," such as preferred stock, only in amounts such that our asset coverage on each senior security, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 150% after each such incurrence or issuance. Further, we may not be permitted to declare a dividend or make any distribution to our outstanding stockholders or repurchase shares until such time as we satisfy these tests. Our ability to issue different types of securities is also limited. Compliance with these requirements may unfavorably limit our investment opportunities and reduce our ability in comparison to other companies to profit from favorable spreads between the rates at which we can borrow and the rates at which we can lend. As a BDC, therefore, we may issue equity at a rate more frequent than our privately owned competitors, which may lead to greater stockholder dilution. We have incurred leverage to generate capital to make additional investments. If the value of our assets declines, we may be unable to satisfy the asset coverage test under the

1940 Act, which could prohibit us from paying distributions and could prevent us from qualifying as a RIC. If we cannot satisfy the asset coverage test, we may be required to sell a portion of our investments and, depending on the nature of our debt financing, repay a portion of our indebtedness at a time when such sales and repayments may be disadvantageous. Such events, if they were to occur, could have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

### Risks Related to Our External Management

We are dependent upon our key management personnel and the key management personnel and the key management personnel of the Adviser, for our future success.

We have no employees. Our chief executive officer, chief financial officer and treasurer, and the employees of the Adviser do not spend all of their time managing our activities and our investment portfolio. We are particularly dependent upon David Gladstone and Robert L. Marcotte for their experience, skills and networks. Our executive officers and the employees of the Adviser allocate some, and in some cases a material portion, of their time to businesses and activities that are not related to our business. We have no separate facilities and are completely reliant on the Adviser, which has significant discretion as to the implementation and execution of our business strategies and risk management practices. We are subject to the risk of discontinuation of the Adviser's operations or termination of the Advisory Agreement and the risk that, upon such event, no suitable replacement will be found. We believe that our success depends to a significant extent upon the Adviser and that discontinuation of its operations or the loss of its key management personnel could have a material adverse effect on our ability to achieve our investment objectives.

Our success depends on the Adviser's ability to attract and retain qualified personnel in a competitive environment.

The Adviser experiences competition in attracting and retaining qualified personnel, particularly investment professionals and senior executives, and we may be unable to maintain or grow our business if we cannot attract and retain personnel. The Adviser's ability to attract and retain personnel with the requisite credentials, experience and skills depends on several factors including its ability to offer competitive wages, benefits and professional growth opportunities. The Adviser competes with investment funds (such as private equity funds and mezzanine funds) and traditional financial services companies for qualified personnel, many of which have greater resources than us. Searches for qualified personnel may divert management's time from the operation of our business. Strain on the existing personnel resources of the Adviser, in the event that it is unable to attract experienced investment professionals and senior executives, and we may be unable to maintain or grow our business if we cannot attract and retain such personnel. The Adviser is ability to affer competitive wages, benefits and professional growth opportunities. The Adviser competes with investment funds (such as private equity funds and mezzanine funds) and traditional financial services competes with investment funds (such as private equity funds and mezzanine funds) and traditional financial services competed and traditional financial services competed with the requisite competed and traditional financial services and traditional financial services and traditional financial services are services.

The Adviser can resign on 60 days 'notice, and we may not be able to find a suitable replacement within that time, resulting in a disruption in our operations that could adversely affect our financial condition, business and results of operations.

The Adviser has the right to resign under the Advisory Agreement at any time upon not less than 60 days' written notice, whether we have found a replacement or not. If the Adviser resigns, we may not be able to find a new investment adviser or hire internal management with similar expertise and ability to provide the same or equivalent services on acceptable terms within 60 days, or at all. If we are unable to do so quickly, our operations are likely to experience a disruption, our financial condition, business and results of operations as well as our ability to pay distributions are likely to be adversely affected and the market price of our common stock may decline. In addition, the coordination of our internal management and investment activities is likely to suffer if we are unable to identify and reach an agreement with a single institution or group of executives having the expertise possessed by the Adviser and its affiliates. Even if we are able to retain comparable management, whether internal or external, the integration of such management and their lack of familiarity with our investment objective may result in additional costs and time delays that may adversely affect our business, financial condition, results of operations and cash flows.

The Adviser's liability is limited under the Advisory Agreement, and we are required to indemnify our investment adviser against certain liabilities, which may lead the Adviser to act in a riskier manner on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

The Adviser has not assumed any responsibility to us other than to render the services described in the Advisory Agreement, and it will not be responsible for any action of our Board of Directors in declining to follow the Adviser's advice or recommendations. Pursuant to the Advisory Agreement, the Adviser and list officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser will not be liable to us for their acts under the Advisory Agreement, absent willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance

of their duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their duties and obligations under the Advisory Agreement. We have agreed to indemnify, defend and protect the Adviser and its officers, managers, partners, agents, employees, controlling persons, members and any other person or entity affiliated with the Adviser with respect to all damages, liabilities, costs and expenses arising out of or otherwise based upon the performance of any of the Adviser's duties or obligations under the Advisory Agreement or otherwise as an investment adviser for us, and not arising out of willful misfeasance, bad faith or gross negligence in the performance of their duties or by reason of the reckless disregard of their duties and obligations under the Advisory Agreement. These protections may lead the Advisor to act in a riskier manner when acting on our behalf than it would when acting for its own account.

Our incentive fee may induce the Adviser to make certain investments, including speculative investments.

The incentive fee structure that has been implemented under the Advisory Agreement may cause the Adviser to invest in high-risk investments or take other risks. In addition to its management fee, the Adviser is entitled under the Advisory Agreement to receive incentive compensation based in part upon our achievement of specified levels of income. In evaluating investments and other management strategies, the opportunity to earn incentive compensation based on net investment income may lead the Adviser to place undue emphasis on the maximization of net investment income at the expense of other criteria, such as preservation of capital, maintaining sufficient liquidity, or management of credit risk or market risk, in order to achieve higher incentive compensation. Investments with higher yield potential are generally riskier or more speculative. This could result in increased risk to the value of our investment portfolio.

In addition, the Adviser will receive a capital gains incentive fee based, in part, upon net capital gains realized on our investments. Unlike the portion of the incentive fee based on income, there is no hurdle rate applicable to the incentive fee based on capital gains. As a result, the Adviser may seek to invest more capital in investments that are likely to result in capital gains as compared to income producing securities. This practice could result in us investing in more speculative securities than would otherwise be the ease, which could result in higher investment losses, particularly during economic downturns.

We may be obligated to pay the Adviser incentive compensation even if we incur a loss.

The Advisory Agreement entitles the Adviser to incentive compensation for each fiscal quarter in an amount equal to a percentage of the excess of our investment income for that quarter (before deducting incentive compensation, net operating losses and certain other items) above a threshold return for that quarter. When calculating our incentive compensation, our pre-incentive compensation come excludes realized and unrealized capital losses that we may incur in the fiscal quarter, even if such capital losses result in a net loss on our statement of operations for that quarter. Thus, we may be required to pay the Adviser incentive compensation for a fiscal quarter even if there is a decline in the value of our protfolio or we incur a net loss for that quarter.

We may be required to pay the Adviser incentive compensation on income accrued, but not yet received in cash.

That part of the incentive fee payable by us that relates to our net investment income is computed and paid on income that may include interest that has been accrued but not yet received in cash, such as debt instruments with PIK interest or OID. If a portfolio company defaults on a loan, it is possible that such accrued interest previously used in the calculation of the incentive fee will become uncollectible. Consequently, we may make incentive fee payments on income accruals that we may not collect in the future and with respect to which we do not have a clawback right against the Adviser. Our OID investments totaled \$49.0 million as of September 30, 2025, at cost. For the year ended September 30, 2025, we recognized \$0.4 million of OID income and the unamortized balance of OID investments as of September 30, 2025 totaled \$0.2 million. As of September 30, 2025, we had nine investments which had a PIK interest component and we recorded PIK interest income of \$5.0 million during the year ended September 30, 2025. We collected \$7.2 million in PIK interest in cash for the year ended September 30, 2025.

The Adviser's failure to identify and invest in securities that meet our investment criteria or perform its responsibilities under the Advisory Agreement would likely adversely affect our ability for future growth.

Our ability to achieve our investment objectives will depend on our ability to grow, which in turn will depend on the Adviser's ability to identify and invest in securities that meet our investment criteria. Accomplishing this result on a cost-effective basis will be largely a function of the Adviser's structuring of the investment process, its ability to provide competent and efficient services to us, and our access to financing on acceptable terms. The Adviser's senior management team has substantial responsibilities under the Advisory deret or grow, the Adviser's handle and the Adviser's acceptable terms.

supervise, and manage new employees successfully. Any failure to manage our future growth effectively would likely have a material adverse effect on our business, financial condition, and results of operations

 $There \ are \ significant \ potential \ conflicts \ of \ interest, \ including \ with \ the \ Adviser, \ which \ could \ impact \ our \ investment \ returns.$ 

Our executive officers and directors, and the officers and directors of the Adviser, serve or may serve as officers, directors, or principals of entities that operate in the same or a related line of business as we do or of investment funds managed by our affiliates. Accordingly, they may have obligations to investors in those entities, the fulfillment of which might not be in our or our stockholders' best interests. For example, Mr. Gladstone, our chairman and chief executive officer, is the hoard and chief executive officer of each of the Gladstone Companies. In addition, Mr. Marcotte is an executive vice president of the Adviser. While portfolio managers and the officers and other employees of the Adviser dove as much time to the management of us as appropriate to enable the Adviser to perform its duties in accordance with the Advisory Agreement, the portfolio managers and other of the Adviser's officers may have conflicts in allocating their time and services among us, on the one hand, and other investment vehicles managed by the Adviser, on the other hand. These activities could be viewed as creating a conflict of interest insofar as the time and effort of the portfolio managers and the officers and employees of the Adviser will not be devoted exclusively to our business but will instead be allocated between our business and the management of these other investment vehicles. Moreover, the Adviser may establish or sponsor other investment vehicles which from time to time may have potentially overlapping investment objectives with ours and accordingly may invest in, whether principally or secondarily, asset classes we target. While the Adviser generally has broad authority to make investments on behalf of the investment vehicles that it advises, the Adviser has adopted investment allocation of the Adviser potential conflicts and intends to direct investment opportunities to us or the fulfiliated public Fund with the investment strategy that most closely fits the investment opportunity. Nevertheless, meanagem

- Our affiliate, Gladstone Commercial, may, under certain circumstances, lease property to portfolio companies that we do not control. We may pursue such transactions only if (i) the portfolio company is not controlled by us or any of our affiliates, (ii) the portfolio company satisfies the tenant underwriting criteria of Gladstone Commercial, and (iii) the transaction is approved by a majority of our independent directors and a majority of the independent directors of Gladstone Commercial. We expect that any such negotiations between Gladstone Commercial and our portfolio companies would result in lease terms consistent with the terms that the portfolio companies would be likely to receive were they not portfolio companies of ours.
- · We may invest simultaneously with our affiliates Gladstone Investment and/or Gladstone Alternative in senior loans in the broadly syndicated market whereby neither we nor any affiliate has the ability to dictate the terms of the loans.
- Pursuant to the Co-Investment Order, under certain circumstances, we may co-invest with Gladstone Investment, Gladstone Alternative and any future BDC or closed-end management investment company that is advised by the Adviser (or sub-advised by the Adviser if it controls the fund), or any combination of the foregoing, subject to the conditions included therein.

Certain of our officers, who are also officers of the Adviser, may from time to time serve as directors of certain of our portfolio companies. If an officer serves in such capacity with one of our portfolio companies, such officer will owe fiduciary duties to stockholders of the portfolio company, which duties may from time to time conflict with the interests of our stockholders.

In the course of our investing activities, we will pay base management and incentive fees to the Adviser and will reimburse the Administrator for certain expenses it incurs. As a result, investors in our common stock will invest on a "gross" basis and receive distributions on a "net" basis after expenses, resulting in, among other things, a lower rate of return than one might achieve through our investors themselves making direct investments. As a result, of this arrangement, there may be times when the management team of the Adviser has interests that differ from those of our stockholders, giving rise to a conflict. In addition, as a BDC, we make available significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies and received fees in connection with managerial assistance, the Adviser and Gladstone Securities have, at various times, provided other services to certain of our portfolio companies and received fees for these other services.

The Adviser is not obligated to provide a credit of the base management fee or incentive fee, which could negatively impact our earnings and our ability to maintain our current level of distributions to our stockholders.

The Advisory Agreement provides for a base management fee based on our total assets and an incentive fee which consists of two parts: an income-based incentive fee and a capital gains-based incentive fee. Our Board of Directors has historically accepted and may accept in the future quarterly or annual non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits to reduce the annual base management fee. Further, our Board of Directors has accepted on a quarterly basis non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits from the Adviser to reduce the income-based incentive fee to the extent net investment income did not cover 100.0% of distributions to common stockholders. Any waived fees may not be recouped by the Adviser in the future. However, the Adviser is not required to issue these or other credits of fees under the Advisery Agreement, and to the extent our investment portfolio grows in the future, we expect these management and incentive fees will increase. If the Adviser does not issue these credits in future quarters, it could negatively impact our earnings and may compromise our ability to maintain our current level of distributions to our stockholders, which could have a material adverse impact on our stock price.

Our business model is dependent upon developing and sustaining strong referral relationships with investment bankers, business brokers and other intermediaries and any change in our referral relationships may impact our business plan.

We are dependent upon informal relationships with investment bankers, business brokers and traditional lending institutions to provide us with deal flow. If we fail to maintain our relationship with such funds or institutions, or if we fail to establish strong referral relationships with other funds, we will not be able to grow our portfolio of investments and fully execute our business plan.

Our base management fee may induce the Adviser to incur leverage.

The fact that our base management fee is payable based upon our total assets, which would include any investments made with proceeds of borrowings, may encourage the Adviser to use leverage to make additional investments. Under certain circumstances, the use of increased leverage may increase the likelihood of default, which would disfavor holders of our securities. Given the subjective nature of the investment decisions made by the Adviser on our behalf, we will not be able to monitor this potential conflict of interest.

## Risks Related to an Investment in Our Securities

There is a risk that you may not receive distributions or that distributions may not grow over time.

We intend to distribute at least 90.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income to our stockholders by paying monthly distributions. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results that will allow us to make a specified level of cash distributions or year-to-year increases in cash distributions. Furthermore, we expect to retain some or all net realized long-term capital gains by first offsetting them with realized capital losses, and secondly through a deemed distribution to supplement our equity capital and support the growth of our portfolio, although our Board of Directors may determine in certain cases to distribute these gains to our common stockholders. In addition, our Credit Facility restricts the amount of distributions we are permitted to make. We cannot assure you that we will achieve investment results or maintain a tax status that will allow or require any specified level of cash distributions.

Investing in our securities may involve an above average degree of risk.

The investments we make in accordance with our investment objectives may result in a higher amount of risk than alternative investment options and a higher risk of volatility or loss of principal. Our investments in portfolio companies may be highly speculative, and therefore, an investment in our securities may not be suitable for someone with lower risk tolerance.

Distributions to our stockholders have included and may in the future include a return of capital.

Quarterly, our Board of Directors declares monthly distributions based on then-current estimates of taxable income for each fiscal year, which may differ, and in the past have differed, from actual results. Because our distributions are based on estimates of taxable income that may differ from actual results, future distributions payable to our stockholders may also include a return of capital. Moreover, to the extent that we distribute amounts that exceed our current and accumulated earnings and profits, these distributions constitute a return of capital represents a return of a stockholder's original investment in

shares of our common stock and should not be confused with a distribution from earnings and profits. Although return of capital distributions may not be taxable, such distributions may increase an investor's tax liability for capital gains upon the sale of shares of our common stock by reducing the investor's tax basis in its shares of our common stock. Such returns of capital reduce our asset base and also adversely impact our ability to raise debt capital as a result of the leverage restrictions under the 1940 Act, which could have material adverse impact on our ability to make new investments.

Common shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to NAV.

Shares of closed-end investment companies frequently trade at a discount to NAV per common share. Since our inception, our common stock has at times traded above NAV, and at times below NAV per share. This characteristic of shares of closed-end investment companies is separate and distinct from the risk that our NAV per share will decline. As with any stock, the price of our common stock will fluctuate with market conditions and other factors. If shares are sold, the price received may be more or less than the original investment. Whether investors will realize gains or losses upon the sale of shares of our common stock will not depend directly upon our NAV, but will depend upon the market price of the shares at the time of sale. Since the market price of our common stock will be affected by such factors as the relative demand for and supply of the shares in the market, general market and economic conditions and other factors beyond our control, we cannot predict whether the shares will trade at, below, or above our NAV.

Under the 1940 Act, we are generally not able to issue additional shares of our common stock at a price below NAV per share to purchasers other than our existing stockholders through a rights offering without first obtaining the approval of our common stockholders and our independent directors. Additionally, when our common stock is trading below its NAV per share, our dividend yield may exceed the weighted average returns that we would expect to realize on new investments that would be made with the proceeds from the sale of such stock, making it unlikely that we would determine to issue additional shares in such circumstances. Thus, for as long as our common stock may trade below NAV, we will be subject to significant constraints on our ability to raise capital through the issuance of common stock. Additionally, an extended period of time in which we are unable to raise capital may restrict our ability to increase or maintain our distributions.

## Risks Related to the 2027 Notes and 2030 Convertible Notes (collectively, the "Notes")

The Notes are unsecured and therefore are effectively subordinated to any secured indebtedness we have incurred or may incur in the future and rank pari passu with, or equal to, all outstanding and future unsecured indebtedness issued by us and our general liabilities (total liabilities, less debt).

The Notes are not secured by any of our assets or any of the assets of our subsidiaries. As a result, the Notes are subordinated to any secured indebtedness we or our subsidiaries have currently incurred and may incur in the future (or any indebtedness that is initially unsecured to which we subsequently grant security) to the extent of the value of the assets securing such indebtedness. In any liquidation, dissolution, bankruptcy or other similar proceeding, the holders of any of our existing or future secured indebtedness and the secured indebtedness of our subsidiaries may assert rights against the assets pledged to secure that indebtedness in order to receive full payment of their indebtedness before the assets may be used to pay other creditors, including the holders of the Notes. In addition, the Notes rank pari passu with, or equal to, all outstanding and future unsecured, unsubordinated indebtedness issued by us and our general liabilities, less debt).

The Notes are structurally subordinated to the indebtedness and other liabilities of our subsidiaries.

The Notes are obligations exclusively of the Company and not of any of our subsidiaries. None of our subsidiaries is a guarantor of the Notes and the Notes are not required to be guaranteed by any subsidiaries we may acquire or create in the future. Except to the extent we are a creditor with recognized claims against our subsidiaries, all claims of creditors of our subsidiaries will have priority over our equity interests in such subsidiaries (and therefore the claims of our creditors, including holders of the Notes) with respect to the assets of seticitively subsordinated to any security interests in the assets of any such subsidiary and indebtedness or other liabilities of any such subsidiary senior to our claims. Consequently, the Notes are structurally subordinated to all indebtedness and other liabilities of any outstanding under the Credit Facility. Borrowings under the Credit Facility, Borrowings under the Credit Facility are the obligation of Business Loan, and are structurally senior to the Notes.

 $The \ indentures \ under \ which \ the \ Notes \ were \ is sued \ contain \ limited \ protection \ for \ holders \ of \ the \ Notes.$ 

The indentures under which the Notes were issued offer limited protection to holders of the Notes. The terms of the indentures do not restrict our or any of our subsidiaries' ability to engage in, or otherwise be a party to, a variety of corporate transactions, circumstances or events that could have an adverse impact on your investment in the Notes. In particular, the terms of the indenture and the Notes do not place any restrictions on our or our subsidiaries' ability to:

- issue securities or otherwise incur additional indebtedness or other obligations, including (1) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be equal in right of payment to the Notes, (2) any indebtedness or other obligations that would be secured and therefore rank effectively senior in right of payment to the Notes to the extent of the value of the assets securing such debt, (3) indebtedness that is guaranteed by one or more of our subsidiaries and which therefore is structurally senior to the Notes and (4) securities, indebtedness or obligations issued or incurred by our subsidiaries that would be senior to our equity interests in our subsidiaries and therefore rank structurally senior to the Notes with respect to the assets of our subsidiaries, in each case, other than an incurrence of indebtedness or other obligation that would cause a violation of Section 18(a)(1)(A) as modified by Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, whether or not we continue to be subject to such provisions of the 1940 Act, which generally prohibit us from incurring additional debt or referred securities, unless our asset coverage, as defined in the 1940 Act, equals at least 150% after such incurrence or issuance;
- with respect to the 2027 Notes, pay dividends on, or purchase or redeem or make any payments in respect of, capital stock or other securities ranking junior in right of payment to the Notes, including preferred stock and any subordinated indebtedness, other than, dividends, purchases, redemptions or payments that would cause our asset coverage to fall below the threshold specified in Section 18(a)(1)(B) as modified by Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act or any successor provisions, giving effect to any no-action relief granted by the SEC to another BDC and upon which we may reasonably rely (or to us if we determine to seek such similar SEC no-action or other relief) permitting the BDC to declare any cash dividend or distribution notwithstanding the prohibition contained in Section 18(a)(1)(B) as modified by Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act in order to maintain the BDC's status as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code;
- · sell assets (other than certain limited restrictions on our ability to consolidate, merge or sell all or substantially all of our assets);
- · enter into transactions with affiliates;
- create liens (including liens on the shares of our subsidiaries) or enter into sale and leaseback transactions;
- make investments: o
- · create restrictions on the payment of dividends or other amounts to us from our subsidiaries

Under the terms of the indentures governing the Notes, the holders of the 2027 Notes and 2030 Convertible Notes may require us to repurchase 100% of such notes upon the occurrence of a "Change of Control Repurchase Event," which would occur upon certain changes of control that result in a downgrade in such notes below investment grade or "fundamental change", respectively.

Furthermore, the terms of the indenture and the Notes do not protect holders of the Notes in the event that we experience changes (including significant adverse changes) in our financial condition, results of operations or credit ratings, if any, as they do not require that we or our subsidiaries adhere to any financial tests or ratios or specified levels of net worth, revenues, income, cash flow, or liquidity.

Our ability to recapitalize, incur additional debt (including additional debt that matures prior to the maturity of the Notes), and take a number of other actions that are not limited by the terms of the Notes may have important consequences for you as a holder of the Notes, including making it more difficult for us to satisfy our obligations with respect to the Notes or negatively affecting the trading value of the Notes.

Other debt we issue or incur in the future could contain more protections for its holders than the indenture and the Notes, including additional covenants and events of default. The issuance or incurrence of any such debt with incremental protections could affect the market for, trading levels and prices of the Notes.

We cannot assure you an active trading market for the Notes will develop or be maintained.

We have not listed, and do not intend to list in the future, the 2027 Notes and the 2030 Convertible Notes on any securities exchange or for quotation of the Notes on any automated dealer quotation system. Accordingly, we cannot assure you that a liquid trading market will develop and/or be maintained for any of the Notes, that a holder will be able to sell its Notes at a particular time or that the price received when a holder sells its Notes will be favorable. To the extent an active trading market does not develop or is not maintained, the liquidity and trading price for the Notes may be harmed. Accordingly, the holder of a fine financial risk of an investment in the Notes for an indefinite period of time.

If we default on our obligations to pay our other indebtedness, we may not be able to make payments on the Notes

Any default under the agreements governing our indebtedness, including a default under the Credit Facility or other indebtedness to which we may be a party, that is not waived by the required lenders or holders, and the remedies sought by the holders of such indebtedness could make us unable to pay principal and interest on the Notes and substantially decrease the market value of such notes. If we are unable to generate sufficient cash flow and are otherwise unable to obtain infunds necessary to meet required payments of principal and interest on our indebtedness, or if we otherwise fail to comply with the various covenants, including financial and operating covenants, in the instruments governing our indebtedness, we could be in default under the terms of the agreements governing such indebtedness. In the event of such indebtedness could elect to decrave all the funds borrowed thereunder to be due and payable, together with accrued and unpaid interest, the lenders under the Credit Facility or other debt we may incur in the future could elect to terminate their commitments, cease making further loans and institute foreclosure proceedings against our assets, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. If our operating performance declines, we may in the future to avoid being in default. If we are unable to implement one or more of these alternatives, we may not be able to meet our payment obligations under the Notes or our other debt. If we breach our covenants under the Credit Facility or other debt and seek a waiver, we may not be able to obtain a waiver from the required lenders on holders could exercise their rights as described above, and we could be forced into bankruptcy or liquidation. If we are unable to repay debt, lenders having secured obligations, including the lenders under the Credit Facility or other debt. Because the Credit Facility has, and any future credit facilities will likely have, customary cross-default provisions, if the indebtedness under the Notes or the Credit Facility or

We may choose to redeem the Notes when prevailing interest rates are relatively low.

The 2027 Notes may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company's option prior to maturity at par plus a "make-whole" premium, if applicable. We may not redeem the 2030 Convertible Notes prior to October 6, 2028. We may redeem for cash all or any portion of the 2030 Convertible Notes (subject to the "partial redemption limitation"), at our option, on a redemption date on or after October 6, 2028 and on or before the 45th scheduled trading day immediately prior to the maturity date if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period (including the last trading day of such period) ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date on which we provide notice of redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2030 Convertible Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date. If prevailing rates are lower at the time of redemption, and we redeem the Notes, you likely would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds in a comparable security at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed.

We may not be able to repurchase the 2027 Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event.

We may not be able to repurchase the 2027 Notes upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event (as defined in the indenture governing such Notes) because we may not have sufficient funds. We would not be able to borrow under our Credit Facility to finance such a repurchase of the 2027 Notes, and we expect that any future credit facility would have similar limitations. Upon a Change of Control Repurchase Event, holders of the 2027 Notes may require us to repurchase for eash some or all of such Notes at a repurchase price equal to 100% of the aggregate principal amount of the Notes being repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but not including, the repurchase that. The terms of our Credit Facility also provide that certain change of control events will constitute an event of default thereunder entitling the lenders to accelerate any indebtedness outstanding under our Credit Facility also

failure to purchase such tendered Notes upon the occurrence of such Change of Control Repurchase Event would cause an event of default under the indenture governing the Notes and a cross-default under the agreements governing the Credit Facility, which may result in the acceleration of such indebtedness requiring us to repay that indebtedness immediately. If the holders of the 2027 Notes exercise their right to require us to require us to repurchase Event, the financial effect of this repurchase could cause a default under our current and future debt instruments, and we may not have governed accelerated indebtedness.

A downgrade, suspension or withdrawal of the credit rating assigned by a rating agency to us or the Notes or change in the debt markets could cause the liquidity or market value of the Notes to decline significantly.

Any credit rating assigned to us or the Notes represents an assessment by the assigning rating agency of our ability to pay our debts when due. Consequently, real or anticipated changes in our credit ratings will generally affect the market value of the Notes. These credit ratings may not reflect the potential impact of risks relating to the structure or marketing of the Notes. Credit ratings are paid for by the issuer and are not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold any security, and may be revised or withdrawn at any time by the issuing organization in its sole discretion

An increase in market interest rates could result in a decrease in the value of the Notes.

In general, as market interest rates rise, notes bearing interest at a fixed rate generally decline in value because the premium, if any, over market interest rates will decline. Consequently, if you purchase the Notes and market interest rates increase, the market value of your Notes may decline. We cannot predict the future level of market interest rates.

## Additional Risks Related to our 2030 Convertible Notes

We may not have the ability to raise the funds necessary to settle conversions of the 2030 Convertible Notes in cash or to repurchase the 2030 Convertible Notes upon a fundamental change, and our future debt may contain limitations on our ability to pay cash upon conversion or repurchase of the 2030 Convertible Notes.

Holders of the 2030 Convertible Notes will have the right to require us to repurchase all or any portion of their 2030 Convertible Notes upon the occurrence of a fundamental change at a fundamental change repurchase price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2030 Convertible Notes to be repurchased, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the fundamental change repurchase date. In addition, upon conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes, unless we elect to deliver solely shares of our common stock to estitle such conversion (other than paying cash in lieu of delivering any fractional share), we will be required to make cash payments in respect of the 2030 Convertible Notes being converted. However, we may not have enough available cash or be able to obtain financing at the time we are required to make repurchases of 2030 Convertible Notes surrendered therefor or pay cash with respect to 2030 Convertible Notes being converted. In addition, our ability to repurchase the 2030 Convertible Notes were purchased by regulatory authority or by agreements governing our future indebtedness. Our failure to repurchase Notes at a time when the repurchase is required by the indenture governing the 2030 Convertible Notes or to pay any cash payable on future conversions of the 2030 Convertible Notes or to pay any cash payable on future conversions of the 2030 Convertible Notes or to pay any cash payable on future conversions of the 2030 Convertible Notes or to pay any cash payable on future conversions of the 2030 Convertible Notes or the fundamental change itself could also lead to a default under agreements governing our future indebtedness. If the repayment of the related indebtedness were to be accelerated after any applicable notice or grace periods, we may not have sufficient funds to repay the indebtedness and repurchase the 2030 Convertible Notes or make cash payments upon conversions thereof.

Recent and future regulatory actions and other events may adversely affect the trading price and liquidity of the 2030 Convertible Notes.

We expect that many investors in, and potential purchasers of, the 2030 Convertible Notes will employ, or seek to employ, a convertible arbitrage strategy with respect to the 2030 Convertible Notes. Investors would typically implement such a strategy by selling short the common stock underlying the 2030 Convertible Notes and dynamically adjusting their short position while continuing to hold the 2030 Convertible Notes. Investors may also implement this type of strategy by entering into swaps on our common stock in lieu of or in addition to short selling the common stock. We cannot assure you that market conditions will permit investors to implement this type of strategy, whether on favorable pricing and other terms or at all, at any time while the 2030 Convertible Notes are outstanding, the trading price and liquidity of the 2030 Convertible Notes may be adversely affected.

The SEC and other regulatory and self-regulatory authorities have implemented various rules and taken certain actions, and may in the future adopt additional rules and take other actions, that may impact those engaging in short selling activity involving equity securities (including our common stock). Such rules and actions include Rule 201 of SEC Regulation SHO, the adoption by the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc. and the national securities exchanges of a "Limit Up-Limit Down" program, the imposition of market-wide circuit breakers that halt trading of securities for certain periods following specific market declines, and the implementation of certain regulatory reforms required by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010. Any governmental or regulatory action that restricts the ability of investors in, or potential purchasers of, the 2030 Convertible Notes to effect short sales of our common stock, borrow our common stock or enter into swaps on our common stock could adversely affect the trading price and the liquidity of the 2030 Convertible Notes.

In addition, the number of shares of our common stock available for lending in connection with short sale transactions and the number of counterparties willing to enter into an equity swap on our common stock with a Note investor may not be sufficient for the implementation of a convertible arbitrage strategy. These and other market events could make implementing a convertible arbitrage strategy prohibitively expensive or infeasible. We cannot assure you that a sufficient number of shares of our common stock will be available to borrow on commercial terms, or at all, to holders of the 2030 Convertible Notes. If purchasers of the 2030 Convertible arbitrage strategy are unable to do so on commercial terms, or at all, then the trading price of, and the liquidity of the market for, the 2030 Convertible Notes may significantly decline.

Volatility in the market price and trading volume of our common stock could adversely impact the trading price of the 2030 Convertible Notes.

The stock market in recent years has experienced significant price and volume fluctuations that have often been unrelated to the operating performance of companies. The market price of our common stock could fluctuate significantly for many reasons, including in response to the risks described in this Annual Report or the documents we have incorporated by reference in this Annual Report or for reasons unrelated to our operations, such as reports by industry analysts, investor perceptions or negative announcements by our customers, competitors or suppliers regarding their own performance, as well as industry conditions and general financial, economic and political instability. A decrease in the market price of our common stock would likely adversely impact the trading price of the 2030 Convertible Notes. The market price of our common stock ould also be affected by possible sales of our common stock by investors who view the 2030 Convertible Notes as a more attractive means of equity participation in us and by hedging or arbitrage trading activity that we expect to develop involving our common stock. This trading activity could, in turn, affect the trading price of the 2030 Convertible Notes.

Conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes may dilute the ownership interest of our stockholders or may otherwise depress the price of our common stock.

The conversion of some or all of the 2030 Convertible Notes may dilute the ownership interests of our stockholders. Upon conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes, we have the option to pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of our common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. If we elect to settle our comversion obligation in shares of our common stock or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, any sales in the public market of our common stock issuable upon such conversion could adversely affect prevailing market prices of our common stock. In addition, the existence of the 2030 Convertible Notes may encourage short selling by market participants because the conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes could be used to satisfy short positions, or anticipated conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes into shares of our common stock could depress the price of our common stock.

The accounting method for the 2030 Convertible Notes could adversely affect our reported financial condition and results.

The accounting method for reflecting the 2030 Convertible Notes on our balance sheet, accruing interest expense for the 2030 Convertible Notes and reflecting the underlying shares of our common stock in our reported diluted earnings per share may adversely affect our reported earnings and financial condition.

In accordance with Financial Accounting Standards Board's Accounting Standards Update 2020-06 ("ASU 2020-06"), the 2030 Convertible Notes are reflected as a liability on our balance sheets, with the initial carrying amount equal to the principal amount of the 2030 Convertible Notes, net of issuance costs. The issuance costs are treated as a debt discount for accounting purposes, which will be amortized into interest expense over the term of the 2030 Convertible Notes. As a result of this amortization, the expense that we recognize for the 2030 Convertible Notes for accounting purposes will be greater than the cash interest payments we pay on the 2030 Convertible Notes, which results in lower reported income.

In addition, we expect that the shares of common stock underlying the 2030 Convertible Notes will be reflected in our diluted earnings per share using the "if converted" method, in accordance with ASU 2020-06.

Under that method, diluted earnings per share are generally calculated assuming that all the 2030 Convertible Notes were converted solely into shares of common stock at the beginning of the reporting period, unless the result would be anti-dilutive. The application of the if-converted method may reduce our reported diluted earnings per share.

In addition, in the future, we may, in our sole discretion, irrevocable election, if the conversion value of the 2030 Convertible Notes in cash up to the principal amount being converted. Following such an irrevocable election, if the conversion value of the 2030 Convertible Notes exceeds their principal amount for a reporting period, then we will calculate our diluted earnings per share by assuming that all of the 2030 Convertible Notes were converted at the beginning of the reporting period and that we issued shares of our common stock to settle the excess, unless the result would be anti-dilutive.

Future sales of our common stock or equity-linked securities in the public market could lower the market price for our common stock and adversely impact the trading price of the 2030 Convertible Notes.

In the future, we may sell additional shares of our common stock or equity-linked securities to raise capital. In addition, a substantial number of shares of our common stock is reserved for issuance upon the exercise of conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes. We cannot predict the size of future issuances or the effect, if any, that they may have on the market price for our common stock. The issuance and sale of substantial amounts of common stock or equity-linked securities, or the perception that such issuances and sales may occur, could adversely affect the trading price of the 2030 Convertible Notes and the market price of our common stock and impair our ability to raise capital through the sale of additional equity or equity-linked securities.

Holders of 2030 Convertible Notes are not entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock, but they will be subject to all changes made with respect to our common stock to the extent our conversion obligation includes shares of our common stock.

Holders of 2030 Convertible Notes are not entitled to any rights with respect to our common stock (including, without limitation, voting rights and rights to receive any dividends or other distributions on our common stock) prior to the conversion date relating to such 2030 Convertible Notes (if we have elected to settle the relevant conversion by delivering solely shares of our common stock (other than paying cash in lieu of delivering any fractional share)) or the last trading day of the relevant observation operiod (if we deleted to pay and deliver, as the case may be, a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in respect of the relevant conversion), but holders of 2030 Convertible Notes will be subject to all changes affecting our common stock. For example, if an amendment is proposed to our charter or bylaws requiring stockholder approval and the record date for determining the stockholders of record entitled to vote on the amendment occurs prior to the conversion date related to a holder's conversion of its 2030 Convertible Notes (if we have elected to settle the relevant conversion) by delivering solely shares of our common stock (other than paying cash in lieu of delivering any fractional share)) or the last trading day of the relevant observation period (if we elect to pay and deliver, as the case may be, a combination of cash and shares of our common stock in respect of the relevant conversion), such holder will not be entitled to vote on the amendment, although such holder will nevertheless be subject to any changes affecting our common stock.

Upon conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes, you may receive less valuable consideration than expected because the value of our common stock may decline after you exercise your conversion right but before we settle our conversion obligation.

Under the 2030 Convertible Notes, a converting holder will be exposed to fluctuations in the value of our common stock during the period from the date such holder surrenders 2030 Convertible Notes for conversion until the date we settle our conversion obligation.

Upon conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes, we have the option to pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of our common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock. If we elect to satisfy our conversion obligation in cash or a combination of cash and shares of our common stock, the amount of consideration that you will receive upon conversion of your 2030 Convertible Notes will be determined by reference to the volume-weighted average price of our common stock for each trading day in a 40 trading day observation period. If the price of our common stock during such period, the amount and/or vulue of consideration you receive will be adversely affected. In addition, if the market price of our common stock at the end of such period is below the average volume-weighted average price of our common stock during such period, the value of any shares of our common stock that you will receive in satisfaction of our conversion obligation will be less than the value used to determine the number of shares that you will receive.

If we elect to satisfy our conversion obligation solely in shares of our common stock upon conversion of the 2030 Convertible Notes, we will be required to deliver the shares of our common stock, together with cash for any fractional share, on the second business day following the relevant conversion date. Accordingly, if the price of our common stock decreases during this period, the value of the shares that you receive will be adversely affected and would be less than the conversion value of the 2030 Convertible Notes on the conversion date.

The increase in the conversion rate for 2030 Convertible Notes converted in connection with a make-whole fundamental change or a notice of redemption may not adequately compensate you for any lost value of your 2030 Convertible Notes as a result of such transaction or redemption.

If a make-whole fundamental change occurs prior to the maturity date or if we deliver a notice of redemption, we will, under certain circumstances, increase the conversion rate by a number of additional shares of our common stock for 2030 Convertible Notes converted in connection with such make-whole fundamental change or notice of redemption. The increase, if any, in the conversion rate for 2030 Convertible Notes converted in connection with a make-whole fundamental change or a notice of redemption may not addition, if the "stock price" is greater than \$32.50 per share or less than \$23.65 per share

The conversion rate of the 2030 Convertible Notes may not be adjusted for all dilutive events.

The conversion rate of the 2030 Convertible Notes is subject to adjustment for certain events, including, but not limited to, the issuance of certain stock dividends on our common stock, the issuance of certain rights or warrants, subdivisions, combinations, distributions of capital stock, indebtedness, or assets, cash dividends (excluding regular monthly dividends in an amount that do not exceed \$0.165 per share) and certain issuer tender or exchange offers. However, the conversion rate will not be adjusted for other events, such as a third-party tender or exchange offer or an issuance of common stock for cash, that may adversely affect the trading price of the 2030 Convertible Notes or our common stock. An event that adversely affects the value of the 2030 Convertible Notes may occur, and that event may not result in an adjustment to the conversion rate.

Some significant restructuring transactions may not constitute a fundamental change, in which case we would not be obligated to offer to repurchase the 2030 Convertible Notes.

Upon the occurrence of a fundamental change, you have the right to require us to repurchase all or any portion of your 2030 Convertible Notes. However, the fundamental change provisions will not afford protection to holders of 2030 Convertible Notes in the event of other transactions that could adversely affect the 2030 Convertible Notes. For example, transactions such as leveraged recapitalizations, refinancings, restructurings, or acquisitions initiated by us may not constitute a fundamental change requiring us to offer to repurchase the 2030 Convertible Notes. In the event of any such transaction, the holders would not have the right to require us to repurchase 2030 Convertible Notes, even though each of these transactions could increase the amount of our indebtedness, or otherwise adversely affect our capital structure or any credit ratings, thereby adversely affecting the holders of 2030 Convertible Notes.

Certain provisions in the indenture governing the 2030 Convertible Notes may delay or prevent an otherwise beneficial takeover attempt of us.

Certain provisions in the indenture governing the 2030 Convertible Notes may make it more difficult or expensive for a third party to acquire us. For example, the indenture governing the 2030 Convertible Notes will require us, except as described in this Annual Report, to repurchase the 2030 Convertible Notes for cash upon the occurrence of a fundamental change and, in certain circumstances, to increase the conversion rate for a holder that converts its 2030 Convertible Notes in connection with a make-whole fundamental change. A takeover of us may trigger the requirement that we repurchase the 2030 Convertible Notes and/or increase the conversion rate, which could make it costlier for a potential acquirer to engage in such takeover. Such additional costs may have the effect of delaying or preventing a takeover of us that would otherwise be beneficial to investors.

You may be subject to tax if we make or fail to make certain adjustments to the conversion rate of the 2030 Convertible Notes even though you do not receive a corresponding cash distribution.

The conversion rate of the 2030 Convertible Notes is subject to adjustment in certain circumstances, including the payment of cash dividends (excluding regular monthly cash dividends in an amount that does not exceed \$0.165 per share). If the conversion rate is adjusted as a result of a distribution that is taxable to our common stockholders, such as a cash dividend, you may be deemed to have received a dividend subject to U.S. federal income tax without the receipt of any cash. In addition, a failure to adjust (or to adjust on the conversion rate after an event that increases your proportionate interest in us could be treated as a deemed taxable dividend to you. If a make-whole fundamental change occurs prior to the maturity date or if we deliver a notice of redemption, under some circumstances, we will increase the conversion rate for 2030 Convertible Notes converted in connection with the make-whole fundamental change or notice of redemption, as the case may be. Such increase also may be treated as a distribution subject to U.S. federal income tax as a dividend. If you are a non-U.S. Holder, any deemed dividend would be subject to U.S. federal withholding tax at a 30% rate, or such lower rate as may be specified by an applicable treaty, which may be set off against subsequent payments on the 2030 Convertible Notes or any common stock received upon conversion thereof or from any proceeds of any subsequent sale, exchange or other disposition of such 2030 Convertible Notes (including the retirement of such 2030 Convertible Notes) or such common stock by such non-U.S. Holder or other funds or assets of such non-U.S. Holder.

## Risks Related to our Preferred Stock

There is no public market for the Series A Preferred Stock as we do not intend to apply for listing on a national securities exchange unless the Share Repurchase Program is terminated.

There is currently no public market for our Series A Preferred Stock and we do not intend to apply to list the Series A Preferred Stock on a national securities exchange or to include the Series A Preferred Stock for listing on any national securities market. Unless shares of the Series A Preferred Stock are listed on a national securities exchange, holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock may be unable to sell them at all or, if they are able to, only at substantial discounts from the liquidation preference of such shares. Even if the Series A Preferred Stock is listed on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange following the termination of any share repurchase program, there is a risk that such shares may be thinly traded, and the market for such shares may be relatively illiquid compared to the market for other types of securities, with the spread between the bid and asked prices considerably greater than the spreads of other securities with comparable terms and features. Also, since the Series A Preferred Stock does not have a stated maturity date, you may be forced to hold your Series A Preferred Stock with no assurance as to ever receiving the liquidation preference of such shares.

Dividend payments on the Series A Preferred Stock are not guaranteed.

Although dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock are cumulative, our Board of Directors must approve the actual payment of the dividends. Our Board of Directors can elect at any time or from time to time, and for an indefinite duration, not to pay any or all accrued dividends. Our Board of Directors could elect to suspend dividends for any reason, and may be prohibited from approving dividends in the following instances:

- noor historical or projected cash flows:
- the need to make payments on our indebtedness;
- · concluding that payment of dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock would cause us to breach the terms of any indebtedness or other instrument or agreement; or
- determining that the payment of dividends would violate applicable law regarding unlawful distributions to stockholders.

The Series A Preferred Stock will bear a risk of redemption by us.

Except in limited circumstances, including those related to us maintaining the asset coverage required by Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, we, at our option, may not redeem shares of the Series A Preferred Stock prior to the earlier of (1) the one-year anniversary of the earlier of (a) December 31, 2026 (unless earlier terminated or extended by our Board of Directors) or (b) the date on which all 6,000,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock are sold (the "Series A Termination Date") and (2) January 1, 2027. However, after such date, we may redeem the shares of Series A Preferred Stock any time after such date and may do so at a time that is unfavorable to holders of the Series A Preferred Stock. We may have an incentive to voluntarily redeem the Series A Preferred Stock or debt securities at a dividend or interest rate that is lower than the dividend rate on the Series A Preferred Stock.

Your option to request that your shares of Series A Preferred Stock be repurchased is subject to a 5% quarterly limitation, the continuation of the share repurchase program and our availability of funds, and may also be limited by law.

We will only repurchase, in each quarter, up to 5% of our then outstanding Series A Preferred Stock (by number of shares outstanding), calculated as of the end of the previous calendar quarter. As a result, depending on the amount of repurchase requests, a stockholder's repurchase request may not be fulfilled in the amount requested. In addition, our Board of Directors may terminate or suspend the share repurchase program at any time for any reason in its sole and absolute discretion. Therefore, our obligation to repurchase shares at the request of a holder of Series A Preferred Stock is limited to the extent our Board of Directors suspends or terminates the optional repurchase right for any reason, including after delivery of a stockholder repurchase request but prior to the corresponding stockholder repurchase date. Our obligation to repurchase shares at the option of a holder of Series A Preferred Stock is also limited to the extent that our Board of Directors determines, in its sole and absolute discretion, that we do not have sufficient funds available to fund any such repurchase or we are restricted by applicable law from making such repurchase. If you deliver a request to repurchase your shares of Series A Preferred Stock, but our Board of Directors determines we do not have sufficient funds available to fund such repurchase (even if there is sufficient funding as determined under applicable law), only a portion, if any, of your shares of Series A Preferred Stock may be repurchased.

Our ability to pay dividends on and/or repurchase shares of Series A Preferred Stock may be limited by Maryland law, the 1940 Act and the terms of our debt facilities as well as future agreements we may enter.

Under Maryland law, a corporation may pay dividends on and repurchase stock as long as, after giving effect to the dividend payment or repurchase, the corporation is able to pay its debts as they become due in the usual course of business (the equity solvency test), or, except in limited circumstances, the corporation's total assets exceed the sum of its total liabilities plus, unless its charter permits otherwise, the amount that would be needed, if the corporation were to be dissolved at the time of the dividend payment or repurchase, to satisfy the preferential rights upon dissolution of stockholders whose preferential rights on dissolution of stockholders whose preferential rights on dissolution of such solution are superior to those receiving the dividend or whose stock is being repurchased (the balance sheet solvency test). If we are insolvent at any time when a repurchase of shares of Series A Preferred Stock is desired or required to be made, we may not be able to effect such repurchase, the terms of our debt facilities may restrict our ability to repurchase shares of Series A Preferred Stock for cash during an event of default, and we expect to enter agreements in the future that may similarly restrict our ability to repurchase in cash in such instances.

In addition, under the 1940 Act, we may not (1) declare any dividend with respect to any shares of preferred stock if, at the time of such declaration (and after giving effect thereto), our asset coverage with respect to any of our borrowings that are senior securities representing indebtedness (as defined in the 1940 Act) would be less than 150% (or such other percentage as may in the future be specified in or under the 1940 Act as the minimum asset coverage for senior securities representing indebtedness of a BDC as a condition of declaring dividends on its preferred stock) or (2) declare any other distribution on the preferred stock if at the time of the declaration or redemption (and after giving effect thereto), our asset coverage with respect to such borrowings that are senior securities representing indebtedness would be less than 150% (or such other percentage as may in the future be specified in or under the 1940 Act as the minimum asset coverage for senior securities representing indebtedness of a BDC as a condition of declaring distributions, purchases or redemptions of its shares).

The cash distributions you receive may be less frequent or lower in amount than you expect.

Our Board of Directors intends to pay distributions on the Series A Preferred Stock monthly in arrears on or about the fifth day of each month for dividends accrued the previous month (or such later date as our Board of Directors may designate) in an amount equal to \$1.5625 per share per year. However, our Board of Directors has ultimate discretion to determine the amount and timing of these distributions, In making this determination, our Board of Directors will consider all relevant factors, including the amount of eash available for distribution, capital expenditure and reserve requirements and general operational requirements. We cannot assure you that we will consistently be able to generate sufficient available cash flow to fund distributions on the Series A Preferred Stock at the stated dividend rate nor can we assure you that sufficient cash will be available to make distributions to you. We cannot predict the amount of distributions you may receive and we may be unable to pay distributions over time. Our inability to acquire additional investments or operate profitably may have a negative effect on our ability to generate sufficient cash flow from operations to pay distributions on the Series A Preferred Stock.

If you elect to participate in the Share Repurchase Program, the cash payment that you receive as a result of your optional repurchase request may be a substantial discount to the price that you paid for the shares of Series A Preferred Stock.

The cash payment that stockholders who request to have their shares of Series A Preferred Stock repurchased will receive will be at a substantial discount if such request is made within three years of the purchase date. Repurchases under the share repurchase program for the Series A Preferred Stock will be at a price per share equal to the liquidation preference of the Series A Preferred Stock plus accrued and unpaid dividends, except that shares that have been outstanding for less than one year will be subject to an early repurchase discount of 10% (or at a price of \$22.50 per share), shares that have been outstanding for at least two years but less than three years will be subject to an early repurchase discount of 6% (or at a price of \$23.50 per share), and shares that have been outstanding for at least two years but less than three years will be subject to an early repurchased such request could cause you to lose a substantial portion of your investment.

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will be subject to inflation risk.

Inflation is the reduction in the purchasing power of money resulting from the increase in the price of goods and services. Inflation risk is the risk that the inflation-adjusted, or "real," value of an investment or the income from that investment will be worth less in the future. As inflation occurs, the real value of the Series A Preferred Stock and dividends payable on such Shares declines.

An investment in the Series A Preferred Stock bears interest rate risk.

The Series A Preferred Stock will pay dividends at a fixed dividend rate. Prices of fixed income investments vary inversely with changes in market yields. The market yields on securities comparable to the Series A Preferred Stock may increase, which could result in a decline in the value or secondary market price of the Series A Preferred Stock.

Holders of the Series A Preferred Stock will bear reinvestment risk.

Given the potential for redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock at our option commencing with the earlier of (1) first anniversary of the Series A Termination Date and (2) January 1, 2027, holders of such Shares may face an increased reinvestment risk, which is the risk that the return on an investment purchased with proceeds from the sale or redemption of the Series A Preferred Stock may be lower than the return previously obtained from the investment in such shares.

# General Risk Factors

Cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents may adversely affect our business by causing a disruption to our operations, or the operations of businesses in which we invest, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information and/or damage to our business relationships, all of which could negatively impact our business, financial condition and operating results.

Maintaining our network security is of critical importance because our systems store highly confidential financial models and portfolio company information. Although we have implemented, and will continue to implement, security measures, our technology platform may be vulnerable to intrusion, computer viruses, ransomware attacks, phishing schemes, or similar disruptive problems caused by cyber-attacks. A cyber incident is considered to be any adverse event that threatens the confidentiality, integrity or availability of our information resources or those of our portfolio companies. These incidents may be intentional event and could involve gaining unauthorized access to our information systems or those of our portfolio companies for purposes of misappropriating assets, stealing confidential information, corrupting data or causing operational disruption. The result of these incidents may include disrupted operations, misstated or unreliable financial data, liability for stolen assets or information, costs to repair system damage, increased cybersecurity protection and insurance costs, litigation and damage to our business relationships or those of our portfolio companies. As our and our portfolio companies reliance on technology has increased, so have the risks posed to our information systems, both internal and those provided to us by third-party service providers, and the information systems of our portfolio companies. As our and our portfolio companies and internal controls to help mitigate cybersecurity risks and cyber intrusions, but these measures, as well as our increased awareness of the nature and extent of a risk of a cyber incident, do not guarantee that a cyber incident will not occur and/or that our financial results, operations, stock price or confidential information will not be negatively impacted by such an incident. In addition, any such incident, disruption or other loss of information ould result in legal claims or proceedings, liability under laws that protect the privacy of personal informa

We are dependent on information systems and systems failures could significantly disrupt our business, which may, in turn, negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends.

Our business is dependent on our and third parties' communications and information systems. Any failure or interruption of those systems, including as a result of the termination of an agreement with any third-party service providers, could cause delays or other problems in our activities. Our financial, accounting, data processing, backup or other operating systems and facilities may fail to operate properly or become disabled or damaged as a result of a number of factors including events that are wholly or partially beyond our control and adversely affect our business. There could be:

- · sudden electrical or telecommunications outages;
- · natural disasters such as earthquakes, tornadoes and hurricanes;
- · disease pandemics;
- · events arising from local or larger scale political or social matters, including terrorist acts; and
- cyber-attacks.

These events, in turn, could have a material adverse effect on our operating results and negatively affect the market price of our common stock and our ability to pay dividends to our stockholders.

We are subject to risks associated with artificial intelligence and machine learning technology.

Recent technological advances in artificial intelligence and machine learning technology, or Machine Learning Technology, pose risks to us and our portfolio companies. We and our portfolio companies could be exposed to the risks of Machine Learning Technology if third-party service providers or any counterparties use Machine Learning Technology in their business activities. We and the Adviser are not in a position to control the use of Machine Learning Technology in third-party products or services. Use of Machine Learning Technology could include the input of confidential information in contravention of applicable policies, contractual or other obligations or restrictions, resulting in such confidential information becoming part accessible by other third-party Machine Learning Technology and its applications continue to develop rapidly, and we cannot predict the risks that may arise from such developments.

Machine Learning Technology is generally highly reliant on the collection and analysis of large amounts of data, and it is not possible or practicable to incorporate all relevant data into the model that Machine Learning Technology utilizes to operate. Certain data in such models will inevitably contain a degree of inaccuracy and error and could otherwise be inaccurated and error and erro

Changes in laws or regulations governing our operations, or changes in the interpretation thereof, and any failure by us to comply with laws or regulations governing our operations may adversely affect our business.

We and our portfolio companies are subject to regulation by laws at the local, state and federal levels. These laws and regulations, as well as their interpretation, may be changed from time to time. Accordingly, any change in these laws or regulations, or their interpretation, or any failure by us or our portfolio companies to comply with these laws or regulations may adversely affect our business. For additional information regarding the regulations to which we are subject, see "Business—Material U.S. Federal Income Tax Considerations" and "Business—Regulation as a BDC."

We and/or our portfolio companies may be subject to risks related to global climate change.

Climate change is widely considered to be a significant threat to the global economy. Our business operations and our portfolio companies may face risks associated with climate change, including risks related to the impact of climate-related legislation and regulation (both domestically and internationally), risks related to climate-related business trends (such as the process of transitioning to a lower-carbon economy), and risks stemming from the physical impacts of climate change, such as the increasing frequency or severity of extreme weather events and rising sea levels and temperatures.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly and annual operating results.

We may experience fluctuations in our quarterly and annual operating results due to a number of factors, including, among others, variations in our investment income, the interest rates payable on the debt securities we acquire, the default rates on such securities, variations in and the timing of the recognition of realized and unrealized gains or losses, the level of our expenses, the degree to which we encounter competition in our markets, and general economic conditions, including the impacts of public health emergencies elevated interest rates. The majority of our portfolio companies are in industries that are directly impacted by inflation, such as manufacturing and consumer goods and services. Our portfolio companies are in industries that are directly impacted by inflation, such as manufacturing and consumer goods and services. Our portfolio companies may not be able to pass on to customers increases in their costs of production which could greatly affect their operating results, impacting their ability to repay our loans. In addition, any projected future decreases in our portfolio companies' operating results due to inflation could adversely impact the fair value of those investments. Any decreases in the fair value of our investments could result in future realized and unrealized losses and therefore reduce our net assets resulting from operations. As a result of these factors, results for any period should not be relied upon as being indicative of performance in future periods.

Public health threats may adversely impact the businesses in which we invest and affect our business, operating results and financial condition.

Public health threats, such as pandemics, may disrupt the operations of the businesses in which we invest. Such threats can create economic and political uncertainties and can contribute to global economic instability. In the event of a future public health threat, our portfolio companies may face limitations on their business activities for an unknown period of time, including shutdowns that may be requested or mandated by governmental authorities, or that they may experience disruptions in their supply chains or decreased consumer demand. Certain of our portfolio companies have experienced increases in health and safety expenses, panyfoll costs and other operating expenses and future increases are possible. These adverse economic impacts may decrease the value of the collateral securing our loans in such portfolio companies, as well as the value of our equity investments. In addition, these adverse ein defaults, and/or could diminish the ability of certain of our portfolio companies to engage in liquidity events. These negative impacts on our portfolio companies and their performance may reduce the interest income we receive and/or increase realized and unrealized losses related to our investments, which may, in turn, adversely impact our business, financial condition or results of operations.

## ITEM 1B. UNRESOLVED STAFF COMMENTS

None.

## ITEM 1C. CYBERSECURITY

### Risk Management and Strategy

Our Adviser and Administrator have implemented ongoing processes that are designed to continually identify, assess, manage, monitor and mitigate the dynamic and evolving material risks to us from cybersecurity threats. Our Adviser's and Administrator's resource management, information technology ("IT"), and compliance departments work in conjunction with an independent third-party information technology service provider ("ISP") engaged by our Adviser to manage our information technology strategy. The ISP regularly performs cyber assessments and assist our Adviser and Administrator in monitoring our cyber and information security programs. The ISP proposes recommendations for improvements to our Adviser's Head of Resource Management, Director of IT, and Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO"), which then are considered by other relevant officers of our Adviser and Administrator before implementation.

In addition, regular ongoing cybersecurity threat risk assessments, which also cover third-party business applications, are performed throughout the year and reported to our officers and Board of Directors by our CCO no less than quarterly. Cybersecurity risks are assessed in general as part of the overall enterprise risk management for us, but also specifically between the ISP and our Adviser and Administrator in monitoring and determining not only the risks but also in assessing corresponding processes and procedures to mitigate those risks appropriately

Our ISP constantly monitors information technology risk and cybersecurity threats globally. When risks are detected the Director of IT, Head of Resource Management, and CCO consult with the ISP to assess if the risk is a cybersecurity threat to our information technology systems or data. If a risk to our information systems or data is identified, we, through our

Adviser and Administrator, work in conjunction with the ISP to implement recommended processes, improvements, or safeguards to our systems or processes to address the risks as needed. Relevant examples of such efforts include but are not limited to:

- implementation of industry leading Cloud solutions and business applications which possess integrated cybersecurity safeguards;
- · anti-malware, antivirus and threat detection software:
- · ransomware containment and isolation software:
- enhanced password requirements and multifactor authentication requirements;
- endpoint encryption:
- · intrusion detection and response system conduct file integrity monitoring;
- · email archiving, firewalls, and quarantine capabilities;
- · mobile device management of business applications
- · frequent systems backups with recovery capabilities; and
- · regular vulnerability scans and penetration testing.

Contractually, we require the ISP to annually provide a third-party report on its systems and on the suitability of the design and operating effectiveness of its controls relevant to information and cyber security. In addition to the ongoing dialogue and technology interaction between the director of IT, our Adviser and Administrator and the ISP, any significant findings in these reports are shared with us, including our Board of Directors and other officers, to enhance ongoing monitoring and assessment of our information technology and cybersecurity risk management.

Our Adviser and Administrator also regularly trains employees working on our behalf on the evolving threats and educates them on cybersecurity risks to provide an additional protection barrier through end-user knowledge.

Notwithstanding our risk management and strategy described above, we may not be successful in preventing or mitigating a cybersecurity incident that could have a material adverse effect on us. We are not currently aware of any known cybersecurity risks that may materially impact our operations and we may not be able to determine the likelihood of such risks. See "Risk Factors - Cybersecurity risks and cyber incidents may adversely affect our business by causing a disruption to our operations, or the operations of businesses in which we invest, a compromise or corruption of our confidential information and/or damage to our business relationships, all of which could negatively impact our business, financial condition and operating results." for a discussion of risks related to cybersecurity and cyber incidents.

#### Governance

Our Board of Directors is actively engaged in overseeing our cybersecurity and information security program. Our Board of Directors receives regular reports during board meetings from our CCO on our and our Adviser's and Administrator's efforts concerning information security and addressing information technology and cybersecurity risks, no less than quarterly, and regularly receives updates from third parties on various business risks, which include cybersecurity matters. The reports are distributed to our Board of Directors, and our CCO engages in detailed discussions with the independent board members during the independent members' session. The reports cover potentially material cybersecurity threats facing us, as well as key risks and mitigation efforts undertaken by us and our Adviser and Administrator. As significant threats or events are identified by management or the ISP between regular reporting periods, our CCO will inform our Board of Directors immediately and keep it informed as to the developments of assessing the risks, mitigating efforts, and potential disclosure. Appropriate members of management and third party providers will be involved as deemed necessary based on the potential impact.

Our Head of Resources Management, who is also a member of our Board of Directors, and our CCO lead our cybersecurity program. Our Head of Resources Management has more than 30 years of overall experience and more than 20 years directly assessing and managing our cyber information technology and human resources systems, and the associated security concerns. Our CCO has more than 30 years of overall experience as a CPA, with more than 15 years managing information technology systems and databases, and more than 15 years supporting our Adviser's and Administrator's resource management department. This includes identifying, assessing, mitigating, and monitoring cyber information security risks. Our Director of IT has over 20 years of experience in IT, with a focus in the implementation of information

security projects to enhance organizations' resilience against emerging threats, and has collaborated closely with security vendors/partners to contain and address cybersecurity incidents. These managers, as well as other management personnel, attend various professional continuing education programs, which include cybersecurity matters. Certain members of our Board of Directors have, or previously held, positions with other companies, including other public companies, that involved managing risks associated with their cyber and information technology systems.

# ITEM 2. PROPERTIES

We do not own any real estate or other physical properties material to our operations. The Adviser is the current leaseholder of all properties in which we operate. We occupy these premises pursuant to the Advisory and Administration Agreements with the Adviser and Administrator, respectively.

# ITEM 3. LEGAL PROCEEDINGS

We are not currently subject to any material legal proceedings, nor, to our knowledge, is any material legal proceeding threatened against us.

# ITEM 4. MINE SAFETY DISCLOSURES

Not applicable.

## PART II

# ITEM 5. MARKET FOR REGISTRANT'S COMMON EQUITY, RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS AND ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

Our common stock is traded on Nasdaq under the symbol "GLAD." The following table reflects, by quarter, the high and low intraday sales prices per share of our common stock on the Nasdaq, the high and low intraday sales prices as a percentage of NAV per share and quarterly distributions declared per common share for each fiscal quarter during the last two completed fiscal years and the current fiscal year through November 14, 2025.

Quarter Ended/		Sales Prices		Premium / (Discount) of High to	Premium (Discount) of Low to	Declared Common Stock
Ended/ Ending <sup>(C)</sup>	NAV <sup>(A)</sup>	High	Low	NAV <sup>(B)</sup>	NAV <sup>(B)</sup>	Distributions
Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2024:						
12/31/2023	\$ 19.22 \$	21.64 \$	18.40	12.6 %	(4.3)% \$	0.495
3/31/2024	19.80	22.48	19.40	13.5	(2.0)	0.495
6/30/2024	20.18	23.34	19.20	15.7	(4.9)	0.495
9/30/2024	21.18	24.73	21.40	16.8	1.0	0.495
Fiscal Year ended September 30, 2025:						
12/31/2024	\$ 21.51 \$	28.62 \$	23.70	33.1 %	10.2 % \$	0.895
3/31/2025	21.41	30.43	26.30	42.1	22.8	0.495
6/30/2025	21.25	27.82	21.96	30.9	3.3	0.495
9/30/2025	21.34	29.50	21.79	38.2	2.1	0.595
Fiscal Year ending September 30, 2026:						
12/31/2025 (through 11/14/2025)	* \$	21.96 \$	18.85	*	* \$	0.450

<sup>(</sup>A) NAV per share is determined as of the last day in the relevant quarter and therefore may not reflect the NAV per share on the date of the high and low intraday sales prices. The NAVs per share shown are based on outstanding shares at the end of each period.

(B) The promiting of incompts of fact his program of the p

As of November 14, 2025, there were 28 record owners of our common stock.

#### Distributions

We generally intend to distribute in the form of cash distributions a minimum of 90.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income, if any, on a quarterly basis to our stockholders in the form of monthly distributions. We generally intend to retain some or all of our long-term capital gains, if any, but generally intend to designate the retained amount as a deemed distribution, after giving effect to any prior year realized losses that are carried forward, to supplement our equity capital and support the growth of our portfolio. However, in certain cases, our Board of Directors may choose to distribute our net realized long-term capital gains, if any, by paying a one-time special distribution. Additionally, our Credit Facility contains a covenant that limits distributions to our stockholders on an annual basis to the sum of our net investment income, net capital gains and amounts deemed to have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code.

The premiums (discounts) set forth in these columns represent the high or low, as applicable, intraday sale prices per share for the relevant quarter minus the NAV per share as of the end of such quarter, and therefore may not reflect the premium (discount) to NAV per share on the date of the high and low intraday sales prices.

Per share data has been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the 1-for-2 reverse stock split (the "Reverse Stock Split") effected on April 4, 2024 (effective April 5, 2024 for trading purposes) for all activity prior to that date, as described in See Note 2—

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report.

<sup>\*</sup> Not yet available, as the NAV per share as of the end of this quarter has not yet been determined.

# Recent Sales of Unregistered Securities

We did not sell any unregistered shares of stock during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025.

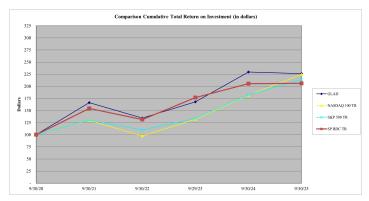
# **Purchases of Equity Securities**

We did not repurchase any shares of our stock during the fourth quarter ended September 30, 2025.

## Stock Performance Graph

The following graph shows the total stockholder return on an investment of \$100 in cash on September 30, 2020 for (i) our common stock, (ii) the Nasdaq's 100 total return index ("Nasdaq 100 TR"), (iii) the Standard & Poor's 500 total return index (the "S&P 500 TR") and (iv) the Standard and Poor's BDC index ("S&P BDC"). The graph and other information furnished under the heading "Stock Performance Graph" shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that we specifically incorporate it by reference and shall not be deemed to be "soliciting material" or to be "filed" with the SEC or subject to Regulation 14A or 14C under, or to the liabilities of Section 18 of, the Exchange Act.

The returns on each investment assume reinvestment of dividends. This stock performance graph and the related textual information are not necessarily indicative of future performance. Per share data has been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the Reverse Stock Split effected on April 4, 2024 for activity prior to that date.



	GLAD	100 TR	500 TR	S&P BDC Index
9/30/2020	\$ 100.00	\$ 100.00	\$ 100.00	\$ 100.00
9/30/2021	166.38	129.58	130.01	154.34
9/30/2022	134.54	97.54	109.89	131.45
9/29/2023	167.99	131.98	133.65	176.69
9/30/2024	229.56	181.45	182.23	205.43
9/30/2025	226.20	224.87	214.30	206.12

CAD

# Fees and Expenses

The following table is intended to assist you in understanding the costs and expenses that an investor in the Company will bear directly or indirectly. We caution you that some of the percentages indicated in the table below are estimates and may vary. Except where the context suggests otherwise, whenever this Annual Report contains a reference to fees or expenses paid by "us" or the "Company," or that "we" will pay fees or expenses, stockholders will indirectly bear such fees or expenses. The following annualized percentages were calculated based on actual expenses incurred in the quarter ended September 30, 2025 and average net assets for the quarter ended September 30, 2025.

## Stockholder Transaction Expenses:

—%
— %
Up to a \$25.00 Transaction Fee
— %
2.97 %
1.90 %
2.31 %
5.33 %
0.27 %
1.19 %
13.97 %

- The amounts set forth in this table do not reflect the impact of any sales load, sales commission or other offering expenses borne by the Company and its stockholders. If applicable, the prospectus or prospectus supplement relating to an offering of our common stock will disclose the offering price and the estimated offering expenses and total stockholder transaction expenses borne by the Company and its common stockholders as a percentage of the offering price. In the event that shares of our common stock are sold to or through underwriters, the applicable prospectus supplement will also disclose the applicable sales load.

  The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan, if any, are included in stock record expenses, a component of "other expenses." If a participant elects by written notice to the plan agent prior to termination of his or her account to have the plan agent sell part or
- The expenses of the dividend reinvestment plan, if any, are included in stock record expenses, a component of "other expenses." If a participant elects by written notice to the plan agent prior to termination of his or her account to have the plan agent sell part or all of the shares held by the plan agent in the participant's account and remit the proceeds to the participant, the plan agent is authorized to deduct a transaction fee, plus per share brokerage commissions, from the proceeds. The participants in the dividend reinvestment plan will bear a pro rata share of brokerage commissions incurred with respect to open market purchases, if any. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Dividends to Stockholders—Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for information on the dividend reinvestment plan.
- (3) The percentages presented in this table are gross of credits to any fees.
- In accordance with our Advisory Agreement, our annual base management fee is 1.75% (0.4375% quarterly) of our average gross assets, which are defined as total assets of the Company, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings, and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases. In accordance with the requirements of the SEC, the table above shows the Company's management fee as a percentage of average net assets attributable to common shareholders. For purposes of the table, the gross base management fee has been converted to 2.97% of the average net assets as of September 30, 2025 by dividing the total dollar amount of the management fee as percentage of average net assets. The base management fee for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 before application of any credits was \$3.6 million. From time to time, the Adviser has non-contractually, unconditionally and irrevocably agreed to reduce the 1.75% base management fee on syndicated loan participations to 0.5%, to the extent that proceeds resulting from borrowings were used to purchase such syndicated loan participations. For the quarter ended September 30, 2025, this credit to the base management fee was \$5 thousand.

Under the Advisory Agreement, the Adviser has provided and continues to provide managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. It may also provide services other than managerial assistance to our portfolio companies and receive fees therefor. Such services may include: (i) assistance obtaining, sourcing or structuring credit facilities, long term loans or additional equity from unaffiliated third parties; (ii) negotiating important contractual financial

relationships; (iii) consulting services regarding restructuring of the portfolio company and financial modeling as it relates to raising additional debt and equity capital from unaffiliated third parties; and (iv) primary role in interviewing, vetting and negotiating employment contracts with candidates in connection with adding and retaining key portfolio company management team members. Generally, at the end of each quarter, 100.0% of the fees for such services are non-contractually, unconditionally and irrevocably credited against the base management fee that we would otherwise be required to pay to the Adviser; however, a small percentage of certain of such fees, primarily for valuation of the portfolio company, is retained by the Adviser in the form of reimbursement at cost for certain tasks completed by personnel of the Adviser. For the quarter ended September 30, 2025, the base management fee credit was \$1.7 million. See "Item 1. Business — Transactions with Related Parties — Investment Advisory and Management Aereement" for additional information.

- The Adviser services, administers and collects on the loans held by Business Loan in return for which the Adviser receives a 1.5% annual loan servicing fee payable monthly by Business Loan based on the monthly aggregate balance of loans held by Business Loan in accordance with the Credit Facility. For the quarter ended September 30, 2025, the total loan servicing fee was \$2.3 million. The entire loan servicing fee paid to the Adviser by Business Loan is generally non-contractually, unconditionally and irrevocably credited against the base management fee otherwise payable to the Adviser since Business Loan is a consolidated subsidiary of the Company, and overall, the base management fee (including any loan servicing fee) cannot exceed 1.75% of total assets (including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equitants resulting from borrowings) during any given fiscal year pursuant to the Advisory Agreement. See "Item 1. Business—Transactions with Related Parties—Loan Servicing Fee Pursuant to Credit Facility" and footnote 4 above for additional information.
- In accordance with our Advisory Agreement, the incentive fee consists of two parts: an income-based fee and a capital gains-based fee. The income-based fee is payable quarterly in arrears, and equals 20.0% of the excess, if any, of our pre-incentive fee net investment income that exceeds a 1.75% quarterly (7.0% annualized) hurdle rate of our net assets, subject to a "catch-up" provision measured as of the end of each calendar quarter. The "catch-up" provision requires us to pay 100.0% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 125.0% of the quarterly hurdle rate (or 2.1875%) in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized). The catch-up provision is meant to provide the Adviser with 20.0% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income exceeds 125.0% of the quarterly hurdle rate in any calendar quarter (8.75% annualized). The catch-up provision is meant to provide the incentive fee is computed and paid on income that may include interest that is accrued but not yet received in cash. Our pre-incentive fee net investment income used to calculate this part of the income-based incentive fee is also included in the amount of our gross assets used to calculate the 1.75% base management fee (see footnote 4 above). The capital gains-based incentive fee equals 20.0% of our net realized capital gains since our inception, less any prior payments, and is payable at the end of each fiscal year. We have not recorded any capital gains-based incentive fee from our inception through September 30, 2025. The income-based incentive fee for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 was \$2.8 million.

From time to time, the Adviser has non-contractually, unconditionally and irrevocably agreed to waive a portion of the incentive fees, to the extent net investment income did not cover 100.0% of the distributions to common stockholders during the period. The incentive fee credit for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 was \$3 thousand. There can be no guarantee that the Adviser will continue to credit any portion of the fees under the Advisory Agreement in the future.

Examples of how the incentive fee would be calculated are as follows:

- Assuming pre-incentive fee net investment income of 0.55%, there would be no income-based incentive fee because such income would not exceed the hurdle rate of 1.75%.
- · Assuming pre-incentive fee net investment income of 2.00%, the income-based incentive fee would be as follows:
  - = 100% x (2.00% 1.75%) = 0.25%
  - = 0.25%
- Assuming pre-incentive fee net investment income of 2.30%, the income-based incentive fee would be as follows:
  - = (100% x ("catch up": 2.1875% 1.75%)) + (20% x (2.30% 2.1875%))
  - = (100% x 0.4375%) + (20% x 0.1125%)
  - = 0.4375%+ 0.0225%
  - = 0.46%

- . Assuming net realized capital gains of 6% and realized capital losses and unrealized capital depreciation of 1%, the capital gains-based incentive fee would be as follows:

  - = 20% x 5%
  - = 1%

For a more detailed discussion of the calculation of the two-part incentive fee, see "Item 1. Business — Transactions with Related Parties — Investment Advisory and Management Agreement."

- (7) Includes amortization of deferred financing costs. As of September 30, 2025, we had \$0 in borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility and \$397.9 million in notes payable, net. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Revolving Line of Credit" for additional information regarding the Credit Facility and "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Notes Payable" for additional information regarding our notes payable.
- Includes amounts paid to preferred stockholders.
- Includes our overhead expenses, including payments under the Administration Agreement based on our projected allocable portion of overhead and other expenses estimated to be incurred by the Administrator in performing its obligations under the Administration Agreement for the current fiscal year. See "Item 1. Business—Transactions with Related Parties—Administration Agreement" for additional information.
- (iii) Total annualized gross expenses, based on actual amounts incurred for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 (seept as set forth in footnote 1, footnote 5, and footnote 6 above are applied to the base management fee, the loan servicing fee, and the incentive fee, total annualized grosses, based on actual amounts incurred for the quarter ended September 30, 2025 (seept as set forth in footnote 10), would be \$67.2 million. After all non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits described in footnote 4, footnote 5, and footnote 6 above are applied to the base management fee, the loan servicing fee, and the incentive fee, total annualized expenses, based on actual amounts incurred for the quarter ended September 30, 2025, would be \$51.2 million or 10.65% as a percentage of net assets.

The following examples demonstrate the projected dollar amount of total cumulative expenses that would be incurred over various periods with respect to a hypothetical investment in our common stock. In calculating the following expense amounts, we have assumed we would have no additional leverage and that our quarterly operating expenses would remain at the levels set forth in the table above and are gross of credits to any fees. The amounts set forth below do not reflect the impact of sales load or offering expenses to be borne by the Company or its stockholders. In the prospectus supplement relating to an offering of securities pursuant to the applicable prospectus, the examples below will be restated to reflect the impact of the estimated offering expenses borne by the Company and its stockholders and, if applicable, the impact of the applicable sales load. The examples below and the expenses in the table above should not be considered a representation of our future expenses, and actual expenses (including the cost of debt, incentive fees, if any, and other expenses) may be greater or less than those shown. While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%.

	1	Year	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
You would pay the following expenses on a \$1,000 investment:	·				
assuming a 5% annual return consisting entirely of ordinary income (1)(2)	\$	122 \$	341 \$	529 \$	893
assuming a 5% annual return consisting entirely of capital gains (2)(3)	\$	131 \$	363 \$	558 \$	923

(1) While the example assumes, as required by the SEC, a 5% annual return, our performance will vary and may result in a return greater or less than 5%. Additionally, we have assumed that the entire amount of such 5% annual return would constitute ordinary income as we have not historically realized positive capital gains (computed net of all realized capital losses) on our investments. Because the assumed 5% annual return is significantly below the hurdle rate of 7% that we must achieve under the Advisory Agreement to trigger the payment of an income-based incentive fee, we have assumed, for purposes of this example, that no income-based incentive fee would be payable if we realized a 5% annual return on our investments. While the example assumes reinvestment of all dividends and distributions at NAV, participants in our dividend reinvestment plan will receive a number of shares of our common stock, determined by dividing the total dollar

amount of the dividend payable to a participant by the average cost of shares of our common stock purchased in the open market in the period beginning on or before the payment date of the distribution and ending when the plan agent has expended for such purchases all of the cash that would have been otherwise payable to participants. See "Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources—Distributions and Dividends to Stockholders—Dividend Reinvestment Plan" for additional information regarding our dividend reinvestment plan.

(3) For purposes of this example, we have assumed that the entire amount of such 5% annual return would constitute capital gains and that no accumulated capital losses or unrealized depreciation exist that would have to be overcome first before a capital gains based incentive fee is payable.

# Senior Securities

Information about our senior securities is shown in the following table. The information as of and for each of the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, 2023, 2022, and 2021, is derived from our consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP, our independent registered public accounting firm, as stated in their report which is included herein.

Class and Year		Total Amount Outstanding <sup>(1)</sup>		Asset Coverage per Unit <sup>(2)</sup>		Involuntary Liquidating Preference per Unit <sup>(3)</sup>	Average Market Value per Unit <sup>(4)</sup>
Revolving Credit Facilities	-				_		
September 30, 2025	\$	_	\$	2,198	\$	_	N/A
September 30, 2024		70,600,000		2,436		_	N/A
September 30, 2023		47,800,000		2,311		_	N/A
September 30, 2022		141,800,000		1,904		_	N/A
September 30, 2021		50,500,000		2,307		_	N/A
September 30, 2020		128,000,000		2,026		_	N/A
September 30, 2019		66,900,000		3,369		_	N/A
September 30, 2018		110,000,000		3,590		_	N/A
September 30, 2017		93,000,000		3,882		_	N/A
September 30, 2016		71,300,000		4,623		_	N/A
Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock (5)				, and the second second			
September 30, 2016	S	61,000,000	S	2,495	S	25.00	\$ 25.55
Series 2024 Term Preferred Stock (6)	·	,,,,,,		,	-		
September 30, 2019	\$	51,750,000	\$	2,385	\$	25.00	\$ 24.99
September 30, 2018		51,750,000		2,444		25.00	25.63
September 30, 2017		51,750,000		2,496		25.00	25.09
6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock		,,,,,,,		,			
September 30, 2025	S	21,636,300	S	2,088	S	25.00	N/A
September 30, 2024	·	8,748,275		2,373		25.00	N/A
September 30, 2023		_		2,311		25.00	N/A
6.125% Notes due 2023 <sup>(7)</sup>				,			
September 30, 2020	S	57,500,000	S	2,026	S	_	\$ 25.28
September 30, 2019		57,500,000		3,369		_	26.18
5.375% Notes due 2024 (8)							
September 30, 2021	S	38.812.500	S	2,307	S	_	\$ 25.33
September 30, 2020		38,812,500		2,026		_	24.49
5.125% Notes due 2026				,			
September 30, 2025	\$	150,000,000	\$	2,198	\$	_	N/A
September 30, 2024		150,000,000		2,436		_	N/A
September 30, 2023		150,000,000		2,311		_	N/A
September 30, 2022		150,000,000		1,904		_	N/A
September 30, 2021		150,000,000		2,307		_	N/A
3.75% Notes due 2027				,			
September 30, 2025	S	50,000,000	S	2,198	S	_	N/A
September 30, 2024		50,000,000		2,436		_	N/A
September 30, 2023		50,000,000		2,311		_	N/A
September 30, 2022		50,000,000		1,904		_	N/A
7.75% Notes due 2028		, ,		-,,,,,,			
September 30, 2025	S	57,000,000	\$	2,198	\$	25.00	\$ 25.13
September 30, 2024		57,000,000		2,436		25.00	25.55
September 30, 2023		57,000,000		2,311		25.00	25.06
5.875% Convertible Notes due 2030		,,		_,,,,,			
September 30, 2025	S	149,500,000	\$	2,198		_	N/A

- (1) Total amount of each class of senior securities outstanding at the end of the period presented.
- Asset coverage ratio for a class of our "senior securities representing indebtedness" means the ratio of the value of our total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to the aggregate amount of "senior securities representing indebtedness" and asset coverage ratio for a class of our "senior securities that are stock" means the ratio of the value of our total assets, less all liabilities and indebtedness not represented by senior securities, to the aggregate amount of "senior securities representing indebtedness" plus the aggregate involuntary liquidation preference of a class of "senior security that is stock." Asset coverage per unit is the asset coverage ratio expressed in terms of dollar amounts per one thousand dollars of indebtedness.
- The amount to which such class of senior security would be entitled upon the involuntary liquidation of the issuer in preference to any security junior to it.

  Only applicable to our Term Preferred Stock, 6.125% notes due 2023 (the "2023 Notes"), 5.375% notes due 2024 ("the 2024 Notes"), and 7.75% notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes") because the other senior securities are not registered for public trading. Average market value per unit is the average of the closing prices of the securities on the Nasdaq during the last 10 trading days of the period. Average market value per unit for our Series 2024 Term Preferred Stock for September 30, 2017 is the average of the closing
- prices of the shares on the Nasdaq during the last seven trading days of the period as the stock began trading on September 21, 2017.

  In May 2014, we issued 2,440,000 shares of 6.75% Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock (the "Series 2021 Term Preferred Stock outstanding at September 30, 2017.
- In September 2017, we issued 2,070,000 shares of 6.0% Series 2024 Term Preferred Stock through a public offering and subsequent exercise of an overallotment option. In October 2019, we voluntarily redeemed all outstanding shares of our Series 2024 Term
- In November 2018, we completed a public debt offering of \$57.5 million aggregate principal amount of the 2023 Notes, inclusive of the overallotment option. In January 2021, we voluntarily redeemed all of the 2023 Notes. In October 2019, we completed a public debt offering of \$38.8 million aggregate principal amount of the 2024 Notes, inclusive of the overallotment option. In November 2021, we voluntarily redeemed all of the 2024 Notes.

## ITEM 6. RESERVED

## ITEM 7. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following analysis of our financial condition and results of operations should be read in conjunction with our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and the notes thereto contained elsewhere in this Annual Report. Historical financial condition and results of operations and percentage relationships among any amounts in the financial statements are not necessarily indicative of financial condition, results of operations or percentage relationships for any future periods. Except per share amounts, dollar amounts in the tables included herein are in thousands unless otherwise indicated.

## OVERVIEW

# General

We were incorporated under the Maryland General Corporation Law on May 30, 2001. We operate as an externally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company, and have elected to be treated as a BDC under the 1940 Act. In addition, for federal income tax purposes we have elected to be treated as a RIC under the Code. To continue to qualify as a RIC for federal income tax purposes and obtain favorable RIC tax treatment, we must meet certain requirements, including certain minimum distribution

We were established for the purpose of investing in debt and equity securities of established private businesses operating in the U.S. Our investment objectives are to: (1) achieve and grow current income by investing in debt securities of established lower middle market companies in the U.S. that we believe will provide stable earnings and cash flow to pay expenses, make principal and interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness and make distributions to stockholders that grow over time; and (2) provide our stockholders with long-term capital appreciation in the value of our assets by investing in equity securities, in connection with our debt investments, that we believe can grow over time to permit us to sell our equity investments for capital gains. To achieve our investment objectives, our primary investment strategy is to invest in several categories of debt and equity securities, with each investment generally ranging from \$8 million to \$40

million, although investment size may vary, depending upon our total assets or available capital at the time of investment. We expect that our investment portfolio over time will consist of approximately 90.0% debt investments and 10.0% equity investments, at cost. As of September 30, 2025, our investment portfolio was made up of approximately 90.9% debt investments and 9.1% equity investments, at cost.

We focus on investing in lower middle market companies (which we generally define as companies with annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization of \$3 million to \$25 million) in the U.S. that meet certain criteria, including the following: the sustainability of the business' free cash flow and its ability to grow it over time, adequate assets for loan collateral, experienced management teams with a significant ownership interest in the borrower, reasonable capitalization of the borrower, including an ample equity contribution or cushion based on prevailing enterprise valuation multiples and, to a lesser extent, the potential to realize appreciation and gain liquidity in our equity position, if any. We lend to borrowers that any. We lend to borrowers that may, We lend to borrowers that may, We lend to borrowers that capital or to finance acquisitions or recapitalize or refinance their existing debt facilities. We seek to avoid investing in high-risk, early-stage enterprises. Our targeted portfolio companies are generally considered too small for the larger capital marketplace.

We invest by ourselves or jointly with other funds and/or management of the portfolio company, depending on the opportunity. In July 2012, the SEC granted us the Co-Investment Order that expanded our ability to co-invest, under certain circumstances, with certain of our affiliates, including Gladstone Investment, a BDC also managed by the Adviser, Gladstone Alternative, an interval fund also managed by the Adviser, and any future BDC or registered closed-end management investment company that is advised of sub-advised if it controls the fund) by the Adviser, or any combination of the foregoing, subject to the conditions in the Co-Investment Order. In September 2025, the SEC granted us a new Co-Investment Order that contains a more flexible requirement that allocations be "fair and equitable" to us and that the Adviser consider the interests of us in allocations and which minimizes certain board approval requirements from the prior Co-Investment Order has enhanced and will continue to enhance our ability to further our investment objectives and strategies. If we are participating in an investment with one or more co-investors, whether or not an affiliate of ours, our investment is likely to be smaller than if we were investing alone.

## Business

# Portfolio and Investment Activity

In general, our investments in debt securities have a term of no more than seven years, accrue interest at variable rates (generally based on one-month Term SOFR), and, to a lesser extent, at fixed rates. We seek debt instruments that pay interest monthly or, at a minimum, quarterly, may have a success fee or deferred interest provision and are primarily interest only, with all principal and any accrued but unpaid interest due at maturity. Generally, success fees accrue at a set rate and are contractually due upon a change of control of a portfolio company, typically from an exit or sale. Some debt securities have deferred interest whereby some portion of the interest payment is added to the principal balance so that the interest is paid, together with the principal, at maturity. This form of deferred interest is often called PIK interest.

Typically, our equity investments consist of common stock, preferred stock, limited liability company interests, or warrants to purchase the foregoing. Often, these equity investments occur in connection with our original investment, recapitalizing a business, or refinancing existing debt.

From our initial public offering in August 2001 through September 30, 2025, we have made 705 different loans to, or investments in, 292 companies for a total of approximately \$3.2 billion, before giving effect to principal repayments on investments and

During the year ended September 30, 2025, we invested \$310.7 million in 15 new portfolio companies and extended \$86.1 million in investments to existing portfolio companies. In addition, we received a total of \$352.3 million in combined net proceeds and principal repayments from portfolio company exits and principal repayments by existing portfolio companies during the year ended September 30, 2025.

During the year ended September 30, 2025, the following significant transactions occurred:

# Proprietary Investments

- In October 2024, our \$15.0 million debt investment in Perimeter Solutions Group paid off at par. We also received a \$0.5 million prepayment penalty in conjunction with the payoff.
- In October 2024, our investment in Antenna Research Associates, Inc. was sold, which resulted in a net realized gain on our common equity of approximately \$59.3 million and the repayment of our debt investment of \$31.3 million at par. In November 2024, we invested an additional \$28.9 million in Giving Home Healthcare, LLC ("Giving Home"), an existing portfolio company, through secured first lien debt. In June 2025, we invested an additional \$7.0 million in Giving Home through secured first lien debt
- In November 2024, we invested \$10.5 million in Wings 'N More Restaurants, LLC ("Wings") through secured first lien debt. We also extended Wings a \$1.5 million secured first lien line of credit commitment and a \$5.0 million secured first lien delayed draw term loan commitment, both of which were unfunded at close
- In November 2024, our \$22.3 million debt investment in ENET Holdings, LLC paid off at par. In December 2024, we invested \$42.8 million in Vet's Choice Radiology, LLC through secured first lien debt.
- In December 2024, we invested \$28.9 million in Pan-Am Dental, LLC through secured second lien debt and preferred equity. In December 2024, we invested \$15.0 million in Freedom Dental Management, Inc. through secured first lien debt.

- In December 2024, we invested \$5.0 million in Tube Bending Technology, LLC through secured second lien debt.

  In December 2024, we invested \$5.0 million in Gladstone Alternative, one of our affiliated funds, through common equity.

  In December 2024, our investment in Salt and Straw, LLC, paid off which resulted in a realized gain of approximately \$2.5 million on our preferred equity and the repayment of our debt investment of \$10.9 million at par. We also received a \$0.1 million prepayment penalty in conjunction with the payoff. We continue to hold warrants for common equity in Salt and Straw, LLC. In December 2024, we sold our debt investments in DKI Ventures, LLC, which resulted in a net realized loss on our debt of approximately \$4.1 million.

- In January 2025, our \$20.6 million debt investment in Fix-It Group, LLC paid off at par. We also received a \$0.1 million prepayment penalty.

  In January 2025, our \$5.4 million debt investment in Sokol and Company, LLC ("Sokol") paid off at par. Additionally, in February 2025, a portion of our common equity investment in Sokol was sold, representing a return of our equity cost basis of \$1.1 million and a realized gain of \$4.7 million.

  In February 2025, we invested \$18.9 million in Dutch Gold Honey, Inc. through secured second lien debt and common equity.
- In February 2025, we invested \$19.4 million in Viron International, LLC through secured first lien debt and common equity In March 2025, we received a \$6.0 million partial repayment on our debt investment in Viva Railings, LLC.
- In March 2025, we exited our investment in MCG Energy Solutions, LLC, which resulted in a realized gain on our preferred equity investment of approximately \$3.0 million and the repayment of our debt investment of \$20.4 million at par. In April 2025, our \$42.2 million debt investment in Segees, LLC was restructured as part of the bankruptcy process resulting in a new \$12.8 million first lien debt investment and a new \$8.5 million common equity investment in Eegee Acquisition Corporation. In conjunction
- with the restructuring, we recorded a net realized loss of approximately \$4.4 million. In May 2025, we invested \$46.0 million in Altior Healthcare, LLC through secured first lien debt.

- In June 2025, our \$36.1 million debt investment in Cafe Zupas paid off at par. We also received a \$0.4 million prepayment penalty in conjunction with the payoff.

  In June 2025, we invested \$12.6 million in RF Technologies, LLC through secured first lien debt. We also extended RF Technologies, LLC a \$3.5 million secured first lien line of credit commitment.
- In July 2025, we invested \$25.0 million in MASSiv Brands, LLC through secured first lien debt.
- In July 2025, we invested \$15.0 million in Alsay Incorporated through secured second lien debt and preferred equity In July 2025, we invested \$23.7 million in Snif-Snax, LLC through secured first lien debt and preferred equity.

- In July 2025, we invested \$13.0 million in Zero Case Holding Inc. through secured first lien debt and common equity. We also extended this business a \$4.0 million secured first lien line of credit commitment, which was unfunded at close.
- In August 2025, we invested an additional \$16.6 million in OCI, LLC, an existing portfolio company, through secured first lien debt and common equity.

  In August 2025, we invested \$30.0 million in Foodservices Brand Group ("FBG") through secured first lien debt. We also extended FBG a \$10.0 million secured first lien line of credit commitment, which was unfunded at close.
- In September 2025, we recognized a realized loss of \$6.4 million on our equity investment in FES Resources Holdings, LLC. In September 2025, our \$15.4 million debt investment in Ohio Armor Holdings, LLC paid off at par. We continue to hold a common equity investment in Ohio Armor Holdings, LLC.

· In July 2025, our \$3.7 million debt investment in 8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc. paid off at par.

Refer to Note 14—Subsequent Events in the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report for portfolio activity occurring subsequent to September 30, 2025.

## Capital Raising

We have been able to meet our capital needs through extensions of and increases to our line of credit under the Credit Facility and by accessing the capital markets in the form of public equity offerings of common and preferred stock and public and private debt offerings. We have successfully extended the Credit Facility's revolving period multiple times, most recently to October 2027, and currently have a total commitment amount of \$320.0 million. During the year ended September 30, 2025, we sold 362,482 common shares under our at-the-market program for gross proceeds of \$9.6 million. Additionally, we sold 518,321 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for gross proceeds of \$13.0 million during the year ended September 30, 2025. In September 2025, we completed an offering of \$149.5 million aggregate principal amount of 2030 Convertible Notes. Refer to "Liquidity and Capital Resources — Revolving Line of Credit," "Liquidity and Capital Resources — Equity — Common Stock," and "Liquidity and Capital Resources — Notes Payable" for further discussion.

Although we were able to access the capital markets historically and in recent years, market conditions may affect the trading price of our common stock and thus may inhibit our ability to finance new investments through the issuance of common stock in the future. When our common stock trades below NAV per common share, our ability to issue common stock is constrained by provisions of the 1940 Act, which generally prohibits the issuance and sale of our common stock below NAV per common share without first obtaining approval from our stockholders and our independent directors, other than through sales to our then-existing stockholders pursuant to a rights offering. On September 30, 2025, the closing market price of our common stock was \$21.87 per share, a 2.5% per share, a 2.5 premium to our September 30, 2025 NAV per share of \$21.34.

## Regulatory Compliance

Our ability to seek external debt financing, to the extent that it is available under current market conditions, is further subject to the asset coverage limitations of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, which require us to have an asset coverage (as defined in Sections 18 and 61 Act) of at least 150% on our "senior securities representing indebtedness" and our "senior securities that are stock

On April 10, 2018, our Board of Directors, including a "required majority" (as such term is defined in Section 57(o) of the 1940 Act) thereof, approved the modified asset coverage requirements set forth in Section 61(a)(2) of the 1940 Act. As a result, the Company's asset coverage requirements for senior securities changed from 200% to 150%, effective April 10, 2019.

As of September 30, 2025, our asset coverage on our "senior securities representing indebtedness" was 219.8% and our asset coverage on our "senior securities that are stock" was 208.8%.

## Recent Developments

# Debt Redemption

On October 15, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed the 2028 Notes with an aggregate principal amount outstanding of \$57.0 million. On October 31, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed the 2026 Notes with an aggregate principal outstanding of \$150.0 million.

#### Distribution

On October 14, 2025, our Board of Directors declared the following distributions to common and preferred stockholders:

Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution	per Common Share
October 24, 2025	October 31, 2025	\$	0.15
November 17, 2025	November 26, 2025		0.15
December 22, 2025	December 31, 2025	<u> </u>	0.15
	Total for the Quarter	\$	0.45
Record Date	Payment Date	Distribution per	Series A Preferred Stock
Record Date October 27, 2025	Payment Date November 5, 2025	Distribution per	Series A Preferred Stock 0.130208
		Distribution per	
October 27, 2025	November 5, 2025	Distribution per	0.130208

# RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

# Comparison of the Year Ended September 30, 2025 to the Year Ended September 30, 2024

	For the Year Ended Sep		ded September 30,	
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
INVESTMENT INCOME				
Interest income	\$ 87,281	\$ 93,294	\$ (6,013)	(6.4)%
Other income	 1,841	3,327	(1,486)	(44.7)
Total investment income	 89,122	96,621	(7,499)	(7.8)
EXPENSES				
Base management fee	13,910	13,609	301	2.2
Loan servicing fee	8,888	8,862	26	0.3
Incentive fee	10,486	11,410	(924)	(8.1)
Administration fee	2,012	1,970	42	2.1
Interest expense	19,986	21,715	(1,729)	(8.0)
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,293	1,864	429	23.0
Other expenses	 3,202	3,165	37	1.2
Expenses, before credits from Adviser	60,777	62,595	(1,818)	(2.9)
Credit to base management fee - loan servicing fee	(8,888)	(8,862)	(26)	0.3
Credit to fees from Adviser – other	 (7,974)	(3,171)	(4,803)	NM
Total expenses, net of credits	43,915	50,562	(6,647)	(13.1)
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	45,207	46,059	(852)	(1.8)
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)				
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	55,368	2,008	53,360	NM
Net realized gain (loss) on other	274	3,951	(3,677)	(93.1)
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	 (42,739)	42,703	(85,442)	NM
Net gain (loss) from investments and other	12,903	48,662	(35,759)	(73.5)
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS	919	215	704	327.4 %
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 57,191	\$ 94,506	\$ (37,315)	(39.5)%
PER BASIC AND DILUTED COMMON SHARE				
Net investment income <sup>(A)</sup>	\$ 2.02	\$ 2.11	\$ (0.09)	(4.3)%
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations - basic <sup>(A)</sup>	\$ 2.56	\$ 4.34	\$ (1.78)	(41.0)%
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations - diluted <sup>(A)</sup>	\$ 2.55	\$ 4.34	\$ (1.79)	(41.2)%

## NM Not Meaningful

(a) Per share amounts have been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the Reverse Stock Split effected on April 4, 2024. Refer to Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

## Investment Income

Interest income decreased by 6.4% for the year ended September 30, 2025, as compared to the prior year. Generally, the level of interest income from investments is directly related to the principal balance of our interest-bearing investment portfolio outstanding during the period multiplied by the weighted-average yield. The weighted average principal balance of our interest-bearing investment portfolio for the year ended September 30, 2025 was \$681.1 million, compared to \$665.5 million for the year ended September 30, 2025, an increase of \$15.6 million, or 2.3%. The weighted average yield on our interest-bearing investments is based on the current stated interest rate on interest-bearing investments, which decreased to 12.7% for the year ended September 30, 2024, inclusive of any

allowances on interest receivables made during those periods. The decrease in the weighted average yield was driven mainly by decreases in interest rates.

As of September 30, 2025, our loans to B+T Group Acquisition, Inc., Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc., and WB Xcel Holdings, LLC were on non-accrual status with a cost basis of \$28.8 million, or 3.6% of the cost basis of all debt investments in our portfolio, and a fair value of \$11.0 million, or 1.7% of the fair value of all debt investments in our portfolio, and a fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.4% of the cost basis of \$10.0 million, or 1.0 m

Other income decreased by 44.7% during the year ended September 30, 2025, as compared to the prior year period primarily due to a \$0.9 million decrease in dividend income and a \$0.4 million decrease in success fees received year over year.

As of September 30, 2025, no single investment represented greater than 10% of the total investment portfolio at fair value. As of September 30, 2024, our investment in Antenna Research Associates, Inc. represented 11.4% of the total investment portfolio at fair value

## Expenses

Expenses, net of any non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits to fees from the Adviser, decreased \$6.6 million, or 13.1%, for the year ended September 30, 2025 as compared to the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to a \$3.1 million decrease in the net incentive fee, a \$2.4 million decrease in the net base management fee, and a \$1.7 million decrease in interest expense.

Total interest expense decreased by \$1.7 million, or 8.0%, during the year ended September 30, 2025 as compared to the prior year due primarily to a decrease in the weighted average balance outstanding on our Credit Facility, partially offset by an increase in the effective interest rate and the issuance of the 2030 Convertible Notes in September 2025. Interest expense on our Credit Facility decreased by \$2.2 million period over period due primarily to a decrease in the weighted average balance outstanding which was \$40.2 million during the year ended September 30, 2025, as compared to \$70.6 million in the prior year, a decrease of 43.1%. The effective interest rate on our Credit Facility in Each interest in the series of the series of 43.1% and the series of 43.1

The net base management fee earned by the Adviser decreased by \$2.4 million, or 22.2%, during the year ended September 30, 2025, as compared to the prior year, resulting from an increase in credits to the base management fee from the Adviser for new deal origination fees year over year, partially offset by an increase in average total assets subject to the base management fee year over year.

The income-based incentive fee decreased by \$0.9 million, or 8.1%, for the year ended September 30, 2025, as compared to the prior year, primarily due to a decrease in pre-incentive fee net investment income, partially offset by an increase in net assets, which drives the hurdle rate. During the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, our Board of Directors accepted non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits from the Adviser of \$2.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, to reduce the income-based incentive fee to the extent net investment income did not cover 100.0% of distributions to common stockholders.

The base management, loan servicing and incentive fees, and associated non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits, are computed quarterly, as described under "Transactions with the Adviser" in Note 4— Related Party Transactions of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements and are summarized in the following table:

		Year Ended September 30,		
	2025		2024	
verage total assets subject to base management fee(A)(B)	\$	794,857 \$	777,657	
fultiplied by annual base management fee of 1.75%		1.75 %	1.75 %	
ase management fee <sup>(C)</sup>		13,910	13,609	
Portfolio company fee credit		(5,593)	(2,866)	
Syndicated loan fee credit		(37)	(101)	
Net Base Management Fee	<u>\$</u>	8,280 \$	10,642	
oan servicing fee <sup>(C)</sup>	s	8,888 \$	8,862	
Credit to base management fee - loan servicing fee(C)		(8,888)	(8,862)	
t Loan Servicing Fee	<u>s</u>	\$		
ncentive fee <sup>(C)</sup>	\$	10,486 \$	11,410	
Incentive fee credit		(2,344)	(204)	
Net Incentive Fee	\$	8,142 \$	11,206	
ortfolio company fee credit	\$	(5,593) \$	(2,866)	
Syndicated loan fee credit		(37)	(101)	
ncentive fee credit		(2,344)	(204)	
Credit to Fees from Adviser—Other(C)	\$	(7,974) \$	(3,171)	

<sup>(</sup>A) Average total assets subject to the base management fee is defined as total assets, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings, valued at the end of the two most recently completed quarters within the respective years and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period.

(B) Excludes our investment in Gladstone Alternative valued at the end of the applicable periods.

(C) Reflected, on a gross basis, as a line item on our accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations located elsewhere in this Annual Report.

## Net Realized Gain (Loss) on Investments

For the year ended September 30, 2025, we recorded a net realized gain on investments of \$55.4 million, which resulted primarily from a \$59.3 million realized gain recognized on the sale of our investment in Antenna Research Associates, Inc., a \$4.7 million realized gain recognized on the partial sale of our common equity investment in Solol & Company Holdings, LLC, a \$3.0 million realized gain recognized on our investment in MCG Energy Solutions, LLC, and a \$2.5 million realized gain recognized on our investment in MCG Energy Solutions, LLC, and a \$2.5 million realized gain recognized on our investment in Solon & Soft million realized gain recognized on our investment in FES Resources Holdings LLC, a \$4.4 million realized loss recognized on the restructure of our investment in DKI Ventures, LLC.

For the year ended September 30, 2024, we recorded a net realized gain on investments of \$2.0 million, which resulted primarily from a \$1.5 million realized gain recognized on our investment in Giving Home.

# Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation) of Investments

During the year ended September 30, 2025, we recorded net unrealized depreciation of investments in the aggregate amount of \$42.7 million. The net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) across our investments for the year ended September 30, 2025 were as follows:

		Year Ended September 30, 2025					
Portfolio Company		Realized Gain (Loss)	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Reversal of Unrealized Depreciation (Appreciation)	Net Gain (Loss)		
Sokol & Company Holdings, LLC	\$	4,748	\$ 5,433	\$ (4,870)	\$ 5,311		
Arc Drilling Holdings LLC		_	4,440	_	4,440		
Antenna Research Associates, Inc.		59,348	_	(55,140)	4,208		
Encore Dredging Holdings, LLC		_	3,746	_	3,746		
Dutch Gold Honey, Inc.		_	2,617	_	2,617		
Giving Home Health Care, LLC		731	1,731	_	2,462		
Torrent Photonics Holdco LLC		_	1,809	_	1,809		
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC		_	1,497	_	1,497		
NeoGraf Solutions, LLC		_	1,382	_	1,382		
Eegee's LLC		(4,439)	(737)	6,205	1,029		
Altior Healthcare, LLC		_	920	_	920		
Triple H Food Processors, LLC		_	831	_	831		
Canopy Safety Brands, LLC		_	819	_	819		
Pan-Am Dental, LLC		_	505	_	505		
8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc.		_	146	296	442		
B+T Group Acquisition Inc.		_	440	_	440		
Pansophic Learning Ltd.		_	397	_	397		
Vet's Choice Radiology LLC		_	348	_	348		
ENET Holdings, LLC		_	_	316	316		
Salt & Straw, LLC		2,450	139	(2,607)	(18)		
MCG Energy Solutions, LLC		2,954	(4)	(2,976)	(26)		
FES Resources Holdings LLC		(6,350)	(163)	6,350	(163)		
Café Zupas		_	(371)	(153)	(524)		
DKI Ventures, LLC		(4,074)	_	3,422	(652)		
Axios Industrial Group, LLC		_	(802)	_	(802)		
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC		_	(939)	_	(939)		
Quality Environmental Midco, Inc.		_	(991)	_	(991)		
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC		_	(2,921)	_	(2,921)		
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc.		_	(2,949)	_	(2,949)		
Technical Resource Management, LLC		_	(3,509)	_	(3,509)		
Eegee Acquisition Corp.		_	(3,642)	_	(3,642)		
Lonestar EMS, LLC		_	(4,012)	_	(4,012)		
Other, net (<\$500)		=	258	=	258		
Total:	s	55,368	\$ 6,418	\$ (49,157)	\$ 12,629		

The primary driver of net unrealized depreciation of \$42.7 million for the year ended September 30, 2025 was the reversal of unrealized appreciation from the exit of our investment in Antenna Research Associates, Inc., partially offset by the improvement in the financial and operational performance of certain of our portfolio companies.

During the year ended September 30, 2024, we recorded net unrealized appreciation of investments in the aggregate amount of \$42.7 million. The net realized gain (loss) and unrealized appreciation (depreciation) across our investments for the year ended September 30, 2024 were as follows:

		Year Ended Se	otember 30, 2024	
Portfolio Company	Realized Gain (Loss)	Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Reversal of Unrealized Depreciation (Appreciation)	Net Gain (Loss)
Antenna Research Associates, Inc.	<u>s</u> —	\$ 40,987	<u>s</u> —	\$ 40,987
Lonestar EMS, LLC	_	8,284	_	8,284
MCG Energy Solutions, LLC	_	3,555	_	3,555
Salt & Straw, LLC	_	3,041	_	3,041
Giving Home Health Care, LLC	1,465	1,220	_	2,685
Sokol & Company Holdings, LLC		1,520	_	1,520
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC	_	1,239	_	1,239
Café Zupas	_	996	_	996
Quality Environmental Midco, Inc.	_	972	_	972
Ohio Armor Holdings, LLC	_	850	_	850
NeoGraf Solutions, LLC	_	839	_	839
Arc Drilling Holdings LLC	_	784	_	784
8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc.	_	746	_	746
Total Access Elevator, LLC	_	679	_	679
Leadpoint Business Services, LLC	_	636	_	636
Canopy Safety Brands, LLC	_	629	_	629
ENET Holdings, LLC	_	576	_	576
Tailwind Smith Cooper Intermediate Corporation	_	683	(121)	562
OCI, LLC	_	549	· —	549
Trowbridge Chicago, LLC	332	(23)	109	418
SpaceCo Holdings, LLC	_	414	_	414
Axios Industrial Group, LLC	_	367	_	367
ALS Education, LLC	_	317	_	317
Viva Railings, L.L.C.	_	311	_	311
Sea Link International IRB, Inc.	_	252	_	252
DKI Ventures, LLC	_	(668)	_	(668)
Technical Resource Management, LLC	_	(829)	_	(829)
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc.	_	(1,000)	_	(1,000)
Encore Dredging Holdings, LLC	_	(1,097)	_	(1,097)
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC	_	(1,173)		(1,173)
Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc.	_	(2,515)	_	(2,515)
HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc.	_	(2,817)	_	(2,817)
B+T Group Acquisition Inc.	_	(3,586)	_	(3,586)
Eegee's LLC	_	(4,568)	_	(4,568)
FES Resources Holdings LLC	_	(4,670)	_	(4,670)
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC	_	(4,830)	_	(4,830)
Other, net (<\$500)	211	257	(212)	256
Total:	\$ 2,008	\$ 42,927	\$ (224)	\$ 44,711

The primary driver of net unrealized appreciation of \$42.7 million for the year ended September 30, 2024 was improvement in the financial and operational performance of certain of our portfolio companies, partially offset by the decrease in comparable transaction multiples used to estimate the fair value of certain of our other portfolio companies, and the decline in the financial and operational performance of certain of our other portfolio companies.

As of September 30, 2025, the fair value of our investment portfolio was less than its cost basis by approximately \$17.5 million and our entire investment portfolio was valued at 98.0% of cost, as compared to cumulative net unrealized appreciation of \$25.2 million and a valuation of our entire portfolio at 103.3% of cost as of September 30, 2024.

# Comparison of the Year Ended September 30, 2024 to the Year Ended September 30, 2023

The comparison of the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024 to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2024, as filed with the SEC on November 13, 2024, located within Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.

# **Operating Activities**

Our cash flows from operating activities are primarily generated from the interest payments on debt securities that we receive from our portfolio companies, as well as net proceeds received through repayments or sales of our investments. We utilize this cash primarily to fund new investments, make interest payments on our Credit Facility and notes payable, make distributions to our stockholders, pay management and administrative fees to the Adviser and Administrator, and for other operating expenses.

Net cash used in operating activities for the year ended September 30, 2025 was \$5.5 million as compared to net cash provided by operating activities of \$3.2 million for the year ended September 30, 2024. The change was primarily due to an increase in purchases of investments year over year, partially offset by an increase in repayments and net proceeds from sales year over year. Purchases of investments were \$396.8 million during the year ended September 30, 2025 compared to \$177.6 million during the year ended September 30, 2024. Repayments and net proceeds from sales were \$352.6 million during the year ended September 30, 2024.

As of September 30, 2025, we had loans to or equity investments in 55 companies, with an aggregate cost basis of approximately \$876.6 million. As of September 30, 2024, we had loans to or equity investments in 49 companies, with an aggregate cost basis of approximately \$771.0 million

The following table summarizes our total portfolio investment activity during the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Year Ended September 30,		
	2025	2024	
Beginning investment portfolio, at fair value	\$ 796,260	\$ 704,815	
New investments	310,724	53,250	
Disbursements to existing portfolio companies	86,072	124,399	
Scheduled principal repayments	(10,057	(9,288)	
Unscheduled principal repayments	(252,696	(124,183)	
Net proceeds from sales of investments	(89,564	(2,799)	
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	6,418	42,927	
Reversal of prior period net depreciation (appreciation) of investments	(49,157	(224)	
Net realized gain (loss) on investments <sup>(A)</sup>	55,368	2,008	
Increase in investment balance due to PIK interest (B)	4,910	5,525	
Net change in premiums, discounts and amortization	846	(170)	
Ending Investment Portfolio, at Fair Value	\$ 859,124	\$ 796,260	

<sup>(</sup>A) Excludes net realized gain (loss) on other.

(B) PIK interest is a non-cash source of income and is calculated at the contractual rate stated in a loan agreement and added to the principal balance of a loan.

The following table summarizes the contractual principal repayment and maturity of our investment portfolio by fiscal year, assuming no voluntary prepayments, as of September 30, 2025.

Vear Ending September 30,	Amount	t
2026 <sup>(A)</sup>	\$	58,434
2027		157,554
2028		222,265
2029		139,336
2030		209,608
Thereafter		10,000
Total contractual repayments	\$	797,197
Adjustments to cost basis of debt investments		(574)
Investments in equity securities		79,991
Investments held as of September 30, 2025 at cost:	\$	876,614

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes debt investments with contractual principal amounts totaling \$0.5 million for which the maturity date has passed as of September 30, 2025.

### Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended September 30, 2025 was \$35.6 million, which consisted primarily of \$149.5 million in gross proceeds from the issuance of the 2030 Convertible Notes, \$11.5 million in net proceeds from the issuance of preferred stock, and \$9.6 million in gross proceeds from the issuance of common stock, partially offset by \$70.6 million in net repayments on our Credit Facility and \$55.5 million in distributions to common shareholders.

Net cash used in financing activities for the year ended September 30, 2024 was \$2.3 million, which consisted primarily of \$43.1 million in distributions to common shareholders, partially offset by \$22.8 million in net borrowings on our Credit Facility, \$11.0 million in gross proceeds from the issuance of common stock, and \$7.8 million in net proceeds from the issuance of preferred stock.

Net cash provided by financing activities for the year ended September 30, 2023 was \$10.2 million, which consisted primarily of \$87.4 million in gross proceeds from the issuance of common stock and \$57.0 million in gross proceeds from the issuance of the 2028 Notes, partially offset by \$94.0 million in net repayments on our Credit Facility and \$35.4 million in distributions to common shareholders.

### Distributions to Stockholders

# Common Stock Distributions

To qualify to be taxed as a RIC and thus avoid corporate level federal income tax on the income we distribute to our stockholders, we are required to distribute to our stockholders on an annual basis at least 90.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income. Additionally, our Credit Facility has a covenant that generally restricts the amount of distributions to stockholders that we can pay out to be no greater than our aggregate net investment income, net capital gains and amounts elected to have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code.

In accordance with these requirements, during the year ended September 30, 2025, we paid monthly cash distributions of \$0.165 per common share, a supplemental distribution of \$0.40 per common share in December 2024, and a supplemental distribution of \$0.10 per common share in September 2025. These distributions totaled an aggregate of \$55.5 million. In October 2025, our Board of Directors declared a monthly distribution of \$0.15 per common share for each of October, November, and December 2025. Our Board of Directors declared these distributions to our stockholders based on our estimates of our Investment Company Taxable Income for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2026.

For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2025, September 30, 2024, and September 30, 2023, our Investment Company Taxable Income exceeded common stock distributions declared and paid, and, in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code, we elected to treat \$5.5 million, \$6.6 million, and \$5.0 million, respectively, of the first common distributions paid to common stockholders in the subsequent fiscal year as having been paid in the prior year. In addition, for the fiscal year

ended September 30, 2025, net capital gains exceeded common stock distributions declared and paid, and, in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code, we elected to treat \$0.7 million of the first common distributions paid to common stockholders in the subsequent fiscal year as having been paid in the prior year. There were no such amounts for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

#### Professed Stock Dividends

We paid monthly cash dividends of \$0.130208 per share to holders of our Series A Preferred Stock for each month during the year ended September 30, 2025, which totaled an aggregate of \$0.9 million. In October 2025, our Board of Directors declared monthly cash dividends of \$0.130208 per share to holders of our Series A Preferred Stock for each of October, November, and December 2025. Dividend payments to our preferred stockholders are included in preferred stock dividends on our Consolidated Statements of Operations. For federal income tax purposes, the dividends paid by us to preferred stockholders generally constitute ordinary income to the extent of our current and accumulated earnings and profits and is reported after the end of the calendar year based on tax information for the full fiscal year.

## Dividend Reinvestment Plan

Our common stockholders who hold their shares through our transfer agent, Computershare, Inc. ("Computershare"), have the option to participate in a dividend reinvestment plan offered by Computershare, as the plan agent. This is an "opt in" dividend reinvestment plan, meaning that common stockholders may elect to have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stockholders who do make such election will receive their distributions in cash. Common stockholders who receive distributions in the form of stock will be subject to the same federal, state and local tax consequences as stockholders who elect to receive their distributions in cash. The common stockholder will have an adjusted basis in the additional common shares purchased through the plan equal to the amount of the reinvested distribution. The additional shares will have a new holding period commencing on the day following the date on which the shares are credited to the common stockholder's account. Computershare purchases shares in the open market in connection with the obligations under the plan.

### Equity

#### Registration Statement

Our shelf registration statement permits us to issue, through one or more transactions, up to an aggregate of \$700.0 million in securities, consisting of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, debt securities and warrants to purchase common stock or preferred stock. As of September 30, 2025, we had the ability to issue up to \$519.3 million in securities under the registration statement.

#### Common Stock

In August 2024, we entered into an equity distribution agreement with Jefferies LLC and Huntington Securities, Inc, (the "2024 Sales Agreement") under which we have the ability to issue and sell, from time to time, shares of our common stock with an aggregate offering price of up to \$150.0 million in an "at the market offering" (the "2024 ATM Program"). During the year ended September 30, 2025, we sold 362,482 shares of our common stock under the 2024 Sales Agreement, at a weighted-average price of \$26.44 per share and raised \$9.6 million of gross proceeds. Net proceeds, after deducting commissions and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$9.4 million. As of September 30, 2025, we had a remaining capacity to sell up to an additional \$129.4 million of our common stock under the 2024 ATM Program

We anticipate issuing equity securities to obtain additional capital in the future. However, we cannot determine the timing or terms of any future equity issuances or whether we will be able to issue equity on terms favorable to us, or at all. To the extent that our common stock trades at a market price below our NAV per share, we will generally be precluded from raising equity capital through public offerings of our common stock, other than pursuant to stockholder and independent director approval or a rights offering to existing common stockholders.

# Revolving Line of Credit

On May 13, 2021, we, through Business Loan, entered into a sixth amended and restated credit agreement with KeyBank as administrative agent, lead arranger, managing agent and lender, the Adviser, as servicer, and certain other lenders party thereto (the "Credit Facility"). On June 23, 2025, we, through Business Loan, entered into Amendment No. 9 to the Credit Facility.

As of September 30, 2025, our Credit Facility had a total commitment amount of \$320.0 million with an "accordion" feature that permits us to increase the size of the facility to \$400.0 million. The Credit Facility has a revolving period end date of October 31, 2027 and a final maturity date of October 31, 2029 (at which time all principal and interest will be due and payable if the Credit Facility is not extended by the revolving period end date). The interest rate margin is 2.60% during the revolving period and 3.10% thereafter.

Interest is payable monthly during the term of our Credit Facility. Available borrowings are subject to various constraints imposed under our Credit Facility, based on the aggregate loan balance pledged by Business Loan, which varies as loans are added and repaid, regardless of whether such repayments are prepayments or made as contractually required. Our Credit Facility also requires that any interest or principal payments on pledged loans be remitted directly by the borrower into a lockbox account with KeyBank and with The Bank of New York Mellon Trust Company, N.A. as custodian. KeyBank, which also serves as the trustee of the account, generally remits the collected funds to us once a month.

Our Credit Facility contains covenants that require Business Loan to maintain its status as a separate legal entity, prohibit certain significant corporate transactions (such as mergers, consolidations, liquidations or dissolutions), and restrict material changes to our credit and collection policies without the lenders' consents. Our Credit Facility generally limits distributions to our stockholders on a fiscal year basis to the sum of our net investment income, net capital gains and amounts elected to have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code. Business Loan is also subject to certain limitations on the type of loan investments it can apply as collateral towards the borrowing base to receive additional borrowing availability under our Credit Facility, including restrictions on geographic concentrations, sector concentrations, sector concentrations, sector concentrations, sector sections and operational covenants, which obligate Business Loan to, among other things, maintain certain financial ratios, including asset and interest coverage and a minimum number of 25 obligors required in the borrowing base.

Additionally, we are required to maintain (i) a minimum net worth (defined in our Credit Facility to include any outstanding mandatorily redeemable preferred stock) of \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt raised after June 23, 2025 less 50% of any equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$\$81.0 million as of \$\$eptember 30, 2025, (ii) asset coverage with respect to "senior securities representing indebtedness" of at least 150% (or such percentage as may be set forth in Section 18 of the 1940 Act, and (iii) our status as a BDC under the 50de.

As of September 30, 2025, and as defined in our Credit Facility, we had a net worth of \$877.9 million, asset coverage on our "senior securities representing indebtedness" of 219.8% and an active status as a BDC and RIC. In addition, as of September 30, 2025, we had 34 obligors in our Credit Facility's borrowing base and we were in compliance with all of our Credit Facility covenants. Refer to Note 5—Borrowings of the notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional information regarding our Credit Facility.

## Notes Payable

In September 2025, we completed an offering of \$149.5 million aggregate principal amount of 2030 Convertible Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$142.8 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. The 2030 Convertible Notes will mature on October 1, 2030. We may redeem for eash all or any portion of the 2030 Convertible Notes (subject to the "partial redemption limitation"), at our option, on a redemption date or or after October 6, 2028 and on or before the 45th scheduled trading day immediately prior to the maturity date if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period (including the last trading day of such period) ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date on which we provide notice of redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2030 Convertible Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date. The 2030 Convertible Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year beginning April 1, 2026 (which equates to approximately \$8.8 million per year).

In August 2023, we completed an offering of \$57.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2028 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$55.1 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. On October 15, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed 100% of the issued and outstanding 2028 Notes, following which they were delisted from the Nasdaq Global Select Market. The 2028 Notes would have otherwise matured on September 1, 2028.

The 2028 Notes bore interest at a rate of 7.75% per year. Interest was payable quarterly on March 1, June 1, September 1, and December 1 of each year.

In November 2021, we completed an issuance of \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of 3.75% Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes") for net proceeds of approximately \$48.5 million after deducting initial purchasers' costs, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. The 2027 Notes will mature on May 1, 2027 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company's option prior to maturity at par plus a "make-whole" premium, if applicable. The 2027 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year (which equates to approximately \$1.9 million per year).

In December 2020, we completed an offering of \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$97.7 million after additional \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$50.6 million after additional \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$50.6 million after adding premiums and deducting underwriting costs, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. On October 31, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed 100% of the issued and outstanding 2026 Notes. The 2026 Notes would have otherwise matured on January 31, 2026. The 2026 Notes bore interest at a rate of 5.125% per year. Interest was payable semi-annually on January 31 and July 31 of each year.

The indenture relating to the 2027 Notes contains certain covenants, including (i) an inability to incur additional debt or issue additional debt or preferred securities unless the Company's asset coverage meets the threshold specified in the 1940 Act after such borrowing, (ii) an inability to declare any dividend or distribution (except a dividend payable in our stock) on a class of our capital stock or to purchase shares of our capital stock unless the Company's asset coverage meets the threshold specified in the 1940 Act at the time of (and giving effect to) such declaration or purchase, and (iii) if, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, we will provide the holders of the 2027 Notes, as applicable, and the trustee with audited annual consolidated financial statements and unaudited interim consolidated manacial statements.

The indenture relating to the 2030 Convertible Notes similarly contains certain covenants including (i) an inability to incur additional debt or issue additional debt or preferred securities unless the Company's asset coverage meets the threshold specified in the 1940 Act after such borrowing and (ii) that we will fill lie with the trustee any documents or reports that we are required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act within 15 days after the same are required to be filed with the SEC; provided that any documents filed by us with the SEC via the EDGAR system will be deemed to be filed with the trustee.

# Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We generally recognize success fee income when the payment has been received. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, we had off-balance sheet success fee receivables on our accruing debt investments of \$6.0 million and \$5.8 million (or approximately \$0.27 per common share and \$0.26 per common share), respectively, that would be owed to us, generally upon a change of control of the portfolio companies. Consistent with GAAP, we generally have not recognized our success fee receivables and related income in our Consolidated Financial Statements until earned. Due to the contingent nature of our success fees, there are no guarantees that we will be able to collect all of these success fees or know the timing of such collections.

## Contractual Obligations

We have lines of credit, delayed draw term loans, and an uncalled capital commitment with certain of our portfolio companies that have not been fully drawn. Since these commitments have expiration dates and we expect many will never be fully drawn, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. We estimate the fair value of the combined unused lines of credit, the unused delayed draw term loans, and the uncalled capital commitment as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 to be immaterial

The following table shows our contractual obligations as of September 30, 2025, at cost:

				Payments Due by Period		
Contractual Obligations(A)		Less than 1 Year	1-3 Years	3-5 Years	More than 5 Years	Total
Credit Facility <sup>(B)</sup>	\$		<u> </u>	s —	\$	ş —
Notes Payable		150,000	107,000	_	149,500	406,500
Interest expense on debt obligations(C)		20,891	33,634	21,091	_	75,616
Total	S	170,891	\$ 140,634	\$ 21,091	\$ 149,500	\$ 482,116

- (A) Excludes our unused line of credit commitments, unused delayed draw term loans, and uncalled capital commitments to our portfolio companies in an aggregate amount of \$66.4 million, at cost, as of September 30, 2025.
- Principal balance of borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility, based on the maturity date following the current contractual revolver period end date.

  Includes estimated interest payments on our Credit Facility, 2030 Notes, 2028 Notes, 2027 Notes, and 2026 Notes. The amount of interest expense calculated for purposes of this table was based upon rates and balances as of September 30, 2025.

# Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements and related disclosures in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported consolidated amounts of assets and liabilities, including disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses during the period reported. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates under different assumptions or conditions. We have identified our investment valuation policy (which has been approved by our Board of Directors) as our most critical accounting policy, which is described in Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the accompanying notes to our Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report. Additionally, refer to Note 3—Investments in our accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional information regarding fair value measurements and our application of Financial Accounting Standards Board Accounting Standards Codification Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures." We have also identified our revenue recognition policy as a critical accounting policy, which is described in Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in our accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report.

## Credit Monitoring and Risk Rating

The Adviser monitors a wide variety of key credit statistics that provide information regarding our portfolio companies to help us assess credit quality and portfolio performance and, in some instances, used as inputs in our valuation techniques. Generally, we, through the Adviser, participate in periodic board meetings of our portfolio companies in which we hold board seats and also require them to provide annual audited and monthly unaudited financial statements. Using these statements or comparable information and board discussions, the Adviser calculates and evaluates certain credit statistics.

The Adviser risk rates all of our investments in debt securities. The Adviser does not risk rate our equity securities. For syndicated loans that have been rated by an SEC registered Nationally Recognized Statistical Rating Organization ("NRSRO"), the Adviser generally uses the average of two corporate level NRSRO's risk ratings for such security. For all other debt securities, the Adviser uses a proprietary risk rating system. While the Adviser seeks to mirror the NRSRO system, we cannot provide any assurance that the Adviser's risk rating system will provide the same risk rating as an NRSRO would for these securities. The Adviser's risk rating system is used to estimate the probability of default on debt securities and the expected loss if there is a default. The Adviser's risk rating system uses a scale of 0 to >10, with >10 being the lowest probability of default. It is the Adviser's understanding that most debt securities of medium-sized companies do not exceed the grade of BBB on an NRSRO scale, so there would be no debt securities in the middle market that would meet the definition of AAA, AA or A. Therefore, the Adviser's scale begins with the designation >10 as the best risk rating which may be equivalent to a BBB from an NRSRO; however, no assurance can be given that a >10 on the Adviser's scale is equal to a BBB or Baa2 on an NRSRO scale. The Adviser's risk rating system covers both qualitative and quantitative aspects of the business and the securities we hold.

The following table reflects risk ratings for all proprietary loans in our portfolio as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, representing approximately 100.0% and 99.5%, respectively, of the principal balance of all debt investments in our portfolio at the end of each period:

	As of September 30,		
Rating	 2025	2024	
Highest	10.0	10.0	
Average	7.4	7.8	
Weighted Average	8.0	8.1	
Lowest	3.0	3.0	

The following table reflects the risk ratings for all syndicated loans in our portfolio that were rated by an NRSRO as of September 30, 2024, representing approximately 0.5% of the principal balance of all debt investments in our portfolio at the end of the period:

Rating	As of September 30, 2024
Highest	3.0
Average	3.0
Weighted Average	3.0
Lowest	3.0

There were no syndicated loans in our portfolio that were rated by an NRSRO as of September 30, 2025. There were no syndicated loans in our portfolio that were not rated by an NRSRO as of September 30, 2025 and 2024.

## Tax Status

We intend to continue to maintain our qualification as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code for federal income tax purposes and also to limit certain federal excise taxes imposed on RICs. Refer to Note 10—Federal and State Income Taxes in our accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report for additional information regarding our tax status.

# Recent Accounting Pronouncements

Refer to Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies in the notes to our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements included elsewhere in this Annual Report for a description of recent accounting pronouncements.

# ITEM 7A. QUANTITATIVE AND QUALITATIVE DISCLOSURES ABOUT MARKET RISK

Market risk includes risks that arise from changes in interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, commodity prices, equity prices and other market changes that affect market sensitive instruments. The prices of securities held by us may decline in response to certain events, including those directly involving the companies whose securities are owned by us; conditions affecting the general economy; overall market changes, including due to inflation; local, regional or global political, social or economic instability; and interest rate fluctuations.

The primary risk we believe we are exposed to is interest rate risk. Because we borrow money to make investments, our net investment income is dependent upon the difference between the rate at which we borrow funds and the rate at which we invest those funds. As a result, there can be no assurance that a significant change in market interest rates will not have a material adverse effect on our net investment income. We use a combination of debt and equity capital to finance our investing activities. We may use interest rate risk management techniques from time to time to limit our exposure to interest rate fluctuations. Such techniques may include various interest rate hedging activities to the extent permitted by the 1940 Act.

All of our variable-rate debt investments have rates generally associated with the current SOFR rate. As of September 30, 2025, our portfolio of debt investments on a principal basis consisted of the following:

Variable rates	86.9 %
Fixed rates	13.1
Total	100.0 %

Advances under the Credit Facility generally bear interest at 30-day Term SOFR, subject to a floor of 0.35%, plus a margin of 2.60% per annum until October 31, 2027, with the margin then increasing to 3.10% thereafter. The Credit Facility has an unused commitment fee on the daily unused commitment amount ranging from 0.45% to 1.00% per annum, based on utilization. We had no borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility as of September 30, 2025. The interest rates on the 2026 Notes, the 2028 Notes, and 2030 Convertible Notes are fixed for the life of such debt.

To illustrate the potential impact of changes in market interest rates on our net increase in net assets resulting from operations, we have performed the following hypothetical analysis, which assumes that our balance sheet and contractual interest rates remain constant as of September 30, 2025 and no further actions are taken to alter our existing interest rate sensitivity. We had no borrowings outstanding under our Credit Facility as of September 30, 2025.

Basis Point Change <sup>(A)</sup>	Increase (Decrease) in Interest Income		Increase (Decrease) in Interest Expense	Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting from Operations <sup>(B)</sup>
Up 200 basis points	\$	13,787 \$		\$ 13,787
Up 100 basis points		6,860	_	6,860
Up 50 basis points		3,425	_	3,425
Down 50 basis points		(3,425)	_	(3,425)
Down 100 basis points		(6,850)	_	(6,850)
Down 200 basis points	(	13,193)	_	(13,193)

(A) Illustrates the potential impact of changes in market rates as compared to one-month SOFR of 4.13% as of September 30, 2025.
 (B) Excludes the potential impact of changes in incentive fees.

Although management believes that this analysis is indicative of our existing interest rate sensitivity, it does not adjust for potential changes in credit quality, size and composition of our loan portfolio on the balance sheet and other business developments, that could affect net increase in net assets resulting from operations or otherwise impact our results or operations. Accordingly, actual results could differ significantly from those in the hypothetical analysis in the table above.

We may also experience risk associated with investing in securities of companies with foreign operations. Some of our portfolio companies have operations located outside the U.S. These risks include fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates, imposition of foreign taxes, changes in exportation regulations and political and social instability.

# ITEM 8. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY DATA

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# Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

To the Stockholders and Board of Directors of Gladstone Capital Corporation:

Our management is responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rule 13a-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Our internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and include those policies and procedures that: (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that in reasonable detail accurately and fairly reflect our transactions and the dispositions of our assets; (2) provide reasonable assurance that our transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with appropriate authorizations; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use or disposition of our assets that could have a material effect on our financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Therefore, even those systems determined to be effective can provide only reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation.

Under the supervision and with the participation of our management, we assessed the effectiveness of our internal control over financial reporting as of September 30, 2025, using the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (COSO) in Internal Control—Integrated Framework (2013). Based on its assessment, management has concluded that our internal control over financial reporting was effective as of September 30, 2025.

November 17, 2025

# Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Gladstone Capital Corporation

# Opinion on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated statements of assets and liabilities, including the consolidated schedules of investments, of Gladstone Capital Corporation and its subsidiary (the "Company") as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2025, including the related notes and financial statement schedule listed in the index appearing under Item 15(a)(2) (collectively referred to as the "consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, and the results of its operations, changes in its eats and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended September 30, 2025 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

We have also previously audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated statements of assets and liabilities, including the consolidated schedules of investments, of the Company as of September 30, 2023, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years ended September 30, 2022 and 2021 (none of which are presented herein), and we expressed unqualified opinions on those consolidated financial statements. In our opinion, the information set forth in the Senior Securities table of the Company for each of the five years in the period ended September 30, 2025 is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the consolidated financial statements from which it has been derived.

## Basis for Opinion

These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We are a public accounting firm registered with the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States) (PCAOB) and are required to be independent with respect to the Company in accordance with the U.S. federal securities laws and the applicable rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission and the PCAOB.

We conducted our audits of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the standards of the PCAOB. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material missiatement, whether due to error or fraud. The Company is not required to have, nor were we engaged to perform, an audit of its internal control over financial reporting. As part of our audits we are required to obtain an understanding of internal control over financial reporting but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Our audits included performing procedures to assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to error or fraud, and performing procedures that respond to those risks. Such procedures included examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. Our audits also included evaluating the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements. Our procedures included confirmation of securities owned as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 by correspondence with the custodian, agent banks and portfolio company investees. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

# Critical Audit Matters

The critical audit matter communicated below is a matter arising from the current period audit of the consolidated financial statements that was communicated or required to be communicated to the audit committee and that (i) relates to accounts or disclosures that are material to the consolidated financial statements and (ii) involved our especially challenging subjective, or complex judgments. The communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matter below to which it relates to the communication of critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and we are not, by communicating the critical audit matters does not alter in any way our opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

# Valuation of Level 3 Investments

As described in Notes 2 and 3 to the consolidated financial statements, the Company held \$854 million of total level 3 investments at fair value as of September 30, 2025. Management uses significant unobservable inputs in estimating the fair value of its level 3 investments, including (i) with respect to investments valued using a total enterprise value, portfolio company earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") and EBITDA multiples, revenue and revenue multiples, or a discounted eash flow analysis using estimated risk-adjusted discount rates; (ii) with respect to investments valued using market quotations for which a limited market exists, the lower indicative bid price in the bid-to-ask price range.

The principal considerations for our determination that performing procedures relating to the valuation of level 3 investments is a critical audit matter are (i) the significant judgment by management to determine the fair value of these level 3 investments using a total enterprise value or yield analysis due to the use of significant unobservable inputs, which in turn led to a high degree of auditor judgment, subjectivity and effort in performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence related to the EBITDA and EBITDA multiples and revenue and revenue multiples used in a total enterprise value and the modified discount rate used in a yield analysis, and (ii) the audit effort involved the use of professionals with specialized skill and knowledge.

Addressing the matter involved performing procedures and evaluating audit evidence in connection with forming our overall opinion on the consolidated financial statements. These procedures including testing the completeness and accuracy of data provided by management, evaluating the appropriateness of management's valuation methods, and evaluating the reasonableness of the EBITDA and EBITDA multiples or revenue and revenue of the investments, consistency of the undoservable inputs related to the modified discount rate used in a yield analysis and the EBITDA and EBITDA multiples or revenue and revenue multiples for those investments valued using a yield analysis and the EBITDA and EBITDA multiples or revenue and revenue multiples for those investments value using a total enterprise value.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP

Washington, District of Columbia November 17, 2025

We have served as the Company's auditor since 2002.

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
ASSETS		
Investments, at fair value:		
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments (Cost of \$685,195 and \$716,481, respectively)	\$ 696,317	\$ 750,904
Affiliate investments (Cost of \$58,446 and \$16,746, respectively)	53,911	7,438
Control investments (Cost of \$132,973 and \$37,784, respectively)	108,896	37,918
Cash	596	15
Cash equivalents	31,774	2,157
Restricted cash	_	132
Interest receivable, net	5,702	5,923
Due from administrative agent	4,791	2,802
Deferred financing costs, net	1,951	1,053
Other assets, net	3,659	4,126
TOTALASSETS	\$ 907,597	\$ 812,468
LIABILITIES		
Line of credit at fair value (Cost of \$0 and \$70,600, respectively)	s —	\$ 70,600
Notes payable, net of unamortized deferred financing costs and discounts of \$8,644 and \$2,990, respectively	397,856	254,010
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,188	1,230
Interest payable	3,141	2,916
Fees due to Adviser <sup>(A)</sup>	2,921	3,889
Fee due to Administrator <sup>(A)</sup>	610	569
Other liabilities	459	513
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 406,175	\$ 333,727
Commitments and contingencies <sup>(B)</sup>		
Preferred stock, \$0.001 par value per share, <b>6,000,000</b> and 6,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, and <b>865,452</b> and 349,931 shares issued and outstanding, respectively <b>NET ASSETS</b>	\$ 19,387	\$ 7,846
Common stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 44,000,000 and 44,000,000 shares authorized, respectively, and 22,593,069 and 22,230,587 shares issued and outstanding, respectively(C)	\$ 45	\$ 44
Capital in excess of par value	501,628	492,305
Cumulative net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	(17,490)	25,249
Under distributed net investment income	5,198	6,144
Accumulated net realized losses	(7,346)	(52,847)
Total distributable loss	(19,638)	(21,454)
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 482,035	\$ 470,895
NET ASSET VALUE PER COMMON SHARE <sup>(C)</sup>	\$ 21.34	\$ 21.18

<sup>(</sup>A) Refer to Note 4—Related Parry Transactions for additional information.

(B) Refer to Note 11—Commitments and Contingencies for additional information.

(C) Issued and outstanding shares of common stock and net asset value per share have been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the 1-for-2 reverse stock split (the "Reverse Stock Split") effected on April 4, 2024. Refer to Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for additional information.

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE AMOUNTS)

INVESTMENT INCOME		2025	2024	2023
Interest income				
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	s	76,084	\$ 85,698	
Affiliate investments		698		3,799
Control investments		5,047	1,784	2,889
Cash and cash equivalents		462	136	136
Total interest income (excluding PIK interest income)		82,291	87,618	79,480
PIK interest income				
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments		3,885	5,429	2,737
Affiliate investments		_		510
Control investments		1,105	247	303
Total PIK interest income		4,990	5,676	3,550
Total interest income		87,281	93,294	83,030
Dividend income				
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments		290	1,417	830
Affiliate investments		191	_	_
Control investments			<u></u>	691
Total dividend income	·	481	1,417	1,521
Prepayment fee income				
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments		1,054	1,310	200
Affiliate investments				444
Total prepayment fee income	·	1,054	1,310	644
Other income		306	600	1,239
Total investment income		89,122	96,621	86,434
EXPENSES				
Base management fee <sup>(A)</sup>		13,910	13,609	11,998
Loan servicing fee <sup>(A)</sup>		8,888	8,862	8,053
Incentive fee <sup>(A)</sup>		10,486	11,410	10,255
Administration fee <sup>(A)</sup>		2,012	1,970	1,716
Interest expense on line of credit and notes payable		19,986	21,715	20,847
Amortization of deferred financing costs		2,293	1,864	1,529
Professional fees		1,054	948	980
Other general and administrative expenses		2,148	2,217	1,478
Expenses, before credits from Adviser	·	60,777	62,595	56,856
Credit to base management fee - loan servicing fee <sup>(A)</sup>		(8,888)	(8,862)	(8,053)
Credit to fees from Adviser - other <sup>(A)</sup>		(7,974)	(3,171)	(3,389)
Total expenses, net of credits		43,915	50,562	45,414
NET INVESTMENT INCOME		45,207	46,059	41,020
NET REALIZED AND UNREALIZED GAIN (LOSS)				
Net realized gain (loss):				
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments		55,368	1,749	9,661
Control investments			259	2,684
Other		274	3,951	319
Total net realized gain (loss)		55,642	5,959	12,664

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. \$2

Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation):			
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments	(23,301)	42,276	(10,928)
Affiliate investments	4,773	(2,983)	3,996
Control investments	(24,211)	3,410	(4,084)
Total net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)	(42,739)	42,703	(11,016)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss)	 12,903	48,662	1,648
PREFERRED STOCK DIVIDENDS	919	215	_
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS	\$ 57,191 \$	94,506	\$ 42,668
BASIC AND DILUTED PER COMMON SHARE:			
Net investment income - basic <sup>(B)</sup>	\$ 2.02 \$	2.11	\$ 2.20
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations - basic <sup>(B)</sup>	\$ 2.56 \$	4.34	\$ 2.29
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations - diluted <sup>(B)</sup>	\$ 2.55 \$	4.34	\$ 2.29
WEIGHTED AVERAGE SHARES OF COMMON STOCK OUTSTANDING:			
$Basic^{(B)}$	22,357,574	21,781,074	18,657,961
Diluted <sup>(B)</sup>	22,662,197	21,781,074	18,657,961

<sup>(</sup>A) Refer to Note 4—Related Party Transactions for additional information.
(B) Per share amounts and weighted average common shares outstanding have been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the Reverse Stock Split effected on April 4, 2024. Refer to Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for additional information.

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

		Year ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2023
OPERATIONS			
Net investment income	\$ 45,207	\$ 46,059	\$ 41,020
Net realized gain (loss) on investments	55,368	2,008	12,345
Net realized gain (loss) on other	274	3,951	319
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments	(42,739)	42,703	(11,016)
Preferred stock dividends	(919)	(215)	_
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from operations	 57,191	94,506	42,668
DISTRIBUTIONS			
Distributions to common stockholders from net investment income (\$1.98, \$1.98, and \$1.89 per share, respectively)(A)(B)	(44,289)	(43,141)	(35,407)
Distributions to common stockholders from realized gains (\$0.50, \$0.00, and \$0.00 per share, respectively)(A)(B)	(11,191)	_	_
Net decrease in net assets from distributions	 (55,480)	(43,141)	(35,407)
CAPITAL TRANSACTIONS			
Issuance of common stock	9,583	10,998	87,394
Offering costs for issuance of common stock	(154)	(163)	(1,447)
Net increase (decrease) in net assets from capital transactions	9,429	10,835	85,947
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS	 11,140	62,200	93,208
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	470,895	408,695	315,487
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 482,035	\$ 470,895	\$ 408,695

<sup>(</sup>A) Refer to Note 9 – Distributions to Common Stockholders for additional information.

(B) Per share amounts have been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the Reverse Stock Split effected on April 4, 2024. Refer to Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies for additional information.

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

		Year ended September 30,	
	2025	2024	2023
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations	\$ 57,191 \$	94,506 \$	42
Adjustments to reconcile net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations to net eash provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Purchase of investments	(396,796)	(177,649)	(175
Principal repayments on investments	262,753	133,471	107
Proceeds from sale of investments	89,838	6,750	18
Increase in investments due to paid-in-kind interest or other	(4,910)	(5,525)	(3
Net change in premiums, discounts and amortization	(846)	170	
Net realized gain on investments	(55,368)	(2,008)	(12
Net unrealized depreciation (appreciation) of investments	42,739	(42,703)	11
Net realized loss (gain) on other	(274)	(3,951)	
Amortization of deferred financing costs	2,293	1,864	1
Changes in assets and liabilities:			
Decrease (increase) in interest receivable, net	221	177	(3
Decrease (increase) in funds due from administrative agent	(1,989)	134	
Decrease (increase) in other assets, net	457	(1,224)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(42)	224	
Increase (decrease) in interest payable	225	(40)	
Increase (decrease) in fees due to Adviser <sup>(A)</sup>	(968)	17	
Increase (decrease) in fee due to Administrator <sup>(A)</sup>	41	90	
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(54)	(1,063)	1
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(5,489)	3,240	(10
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from line of credit	332,000	221,200	149
Repayments on line of credit	(402,600)	(198,400)	(243
Proceeds from issuance of notes payable	147,258	_	51
Financing costs	(6,603)	(686)	(3
Proceeds from issuance of common stock	9,583	10,998	87
Proceeds from issuance of preferred stock	11,541	7,846	
Offering costs for issuance of common stock	(144)	(154)	0
Distributions paid to common stockholders	(55,480)	(43,141)	(3:
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	35,555	(2,337)	10
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, RESTRICTED CASH, AND RESTRICTED CASH EQUIVALENTS	30,066	903	
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, RESTRICTED CASH, AND RESTRICTED CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,304	1,401	
CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, RESTRICTED CASH, AND RESTRICTED CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	S 32,370 S	2,304 S	
CASH PAID DURING YEAR FOR INTEREST	S 19,761 S	21,755 \$	20
NON-CASH ACTIVITIES(B)			2

(A) Refer to Note 4—Related Party Transactions for additional information.
(B) Non-cash activities relate to estimated tax liabilities and escrows associated with portfolio company exits and the following transactions:

• In October 2022, our investment in Targus Cayman HoldCo Ltd. was sold for net proceeds of approximately \$8.0 million, resulting in a realized gain of approximately \$5.9 million. As part of the proceeds, we received an interest in B. Riley Financial, Inc. 6.75% senior notes in the amount of \$2.4 million.

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.  $85\,$ 

	Principal/ Shares/		
Company and Investment <sup>(A)(B)(K)(Q)</sup>	Units <sup>(I)(J)</sup>	Cost	Fair Value
NON-CONTROL/NON-AFFILIATE INVESTMENTS <sup>(4)</sup> – 144.5%			
Secured First Lien Debt - 107.4%			
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco – 2.2%			
Wings 'N More Restaurants LLC – Line of Credit, \$1,500 available (S + 6.8%, 10.9% Cash, Due 11/2029) <sup>(C)</sup>	s		
Wings 'N More Restaurants LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.8%, 10.9% Cash, Due 11/2029) <sup>(C)</sup>	10,500	10,500	10,710
Wings 'N More Restaurants LLC – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$5,000 available (S + 6.8%, 10.9% Cash, Due 11/2029) <sup>(C)</sup>			
		10,500	10,710
Buildings and Real Estate – 0.5%			
GFRC 360, LLC – Line of Credit, \$95 available (S + 8.0%, 12.1% Cash, Due 9/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	1,355	1,355	1,355
GFRC 360, LLC – Term Debt (S + 8.0%, 12.1% Cash, Due 9/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	1,000	1,000	1,000
		2,355	2,355
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing - 24.9%			
NeoGraf Solutions LLC – Line of Credit, \$4,500 available (S + 7.0%, 11.0% Cash, 0.1% PIK, Due 1/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>	=	_	_
NeoGraf Solutions LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.0%, 11.0% Cash, 0.1% PIK, Due 1/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>	27,456	27,456	27,456
OCI, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.5%, 11.6% Cash, Due 5/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>	32,000	32,000	32,000
Torrent Photonics Holdco LLC – Term Debt (S + 9.5%, 13.6% Cash, Due 4/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>	11,529	11,529	11,645
Torrent Photonics Holdco LLC – Term Debt (S + 9.5%, 13.6% Cash, Due 4/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	500 589	500 589	505
Unirae Holdings, Inc. – Line of Credit, \$1,633 available (S + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 9/2027) <sup>(5)</sup>	589 1.067	589 1.067	589 1.067
Unirac Holdings, Inc. – Delayed Draw Term Loan, S0 available (S + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 9/2027) <sup>C</sup>			
Unirae Holdings, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 9/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>	14,325	14,106	14,325
Viron International Corp. (8) – Term Debt (S + 7.0%, 11.1% Cash, Due 2/2030) (C)	18,383	18,383	18,475
Viva Railings, LLC – Line of Credit, \$4,000 available (S + 6.4%, 10.5% Cash, Due 5/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>			
Viva Railings, LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.4%, 10.5% Cash, Due 5/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>	13,875	13,875	13,875
Diversified/Conglomerate Service - 26.0%		119,505	119,937
	16.771	16.771	16.197
Axios Industrial Group, LLC – Term Debt (S + 11.6%, 0.0% Cash, 15.7% PIK, Due 10/2027) <sup>(C)</sup> Axios Industrial Group, LLC – Term Debt (18.0% PIK, Due 10/2027) <sup>(C)(F)</sup>	2.598	2.598	2.509
Axios industrial tripo, LLC – term Dent (18.0% Pirk, Due 10/20/2/9**/ Leadpoint Business Services, LLC – Term Debt (\$ + 8.5%, 1.2 %) Cash, Due 2/2028/ <sup>C(U)</sup>	2,598 28.117	2,598	2,509
Leadpoint Business Services, LLC — term Devis (15 + 8.7%, LL.0% Cash, Due 2.2028)*****  MASSiv Brands, LLC — Term Debt (10.0% Cash, 5.0% P IK, Due 770.30)*****  MASSiv Brands, LLC — Term Debt (10.0% Cash, 5.0% P IK, Due 770.30)***********************************	26,117	25,117	25,398
	23,313	25,515	23,313
Quality Environmental Midco, Inc. – Line of Credit, \$3,000 available (12.0% Cash, 0.8% PIK, Due 11/2028) <sup>(C)(F)</sup> Quality Environmental Midco, Inc. – Term Debt (12.0% Cash, 0.8% PIK, Due 11/2028) <sup>(C)(F)</sup>	13.008	13.008	13.269
Quanty Environmental Muco, inc. – telm Ized. (12.0% c.sar, 0.8% F18, Duc II) 2026/97679.  RF Technologies, LLC – Line of Credit, \$3,500 available (\$ +6.3%, 10.4% Cash, Duc 6/2030) <sup>(C)</sup>	13,008	13,008	13,269
RF Technologies, LLC — Fam Debt (S + 6.3%, 10.4% Cash, Due 6/2030) <sup>(C)</sup> RF Technologies, LLC — Fam Debt (S + 6.3%, 10.4% Cash, Due 6/2030) <sup>(C)</sup>	12.600	12 600	12.735
Total Access Elevator, LLC — 1erim 19ebt (\$ 7 \times 5.78, 10.4% c.ssn., 10.4% c.ssn.) use \$2.0509^{-1}\$  Total Access Elevator, LLC — Line of Credit, \$3.000 available (\$ 8 \times 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 4/2029)^{(C)}	12,000	12,600	12,/33
Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.29)**  Total Access Elevator, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 6.5%, 10.6 #20.2	6.500	6.500	6.500
Total Access Elevator, LLC – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$0 available \$5 + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 4/2029) <sup>C</sup>	1.600	1.600	1.600
Total Access Enevator, LLC — Detayed Draw Term Loan, 30 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/29)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/2026)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 available (5 * 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/22/26)**  WorkforceQA, LLC — Line of Credit, \$900 availabl	1,000	1,000	1,100
WorkforceQA, LLC — Term Debt (S + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/2020) <sup>(5)</sup>	17.813	17.777	17.813
WORKIOTERQA, ELEC – Term Debt (S + 0.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 12/2026)**	17,813	125,384	125.434
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare – 43.3%		125,364	125,454
Heatingare, Education, and Chinicare + 45.5%  ALS Education, LLC - Line of Credit, \$3.000 available (S ± 6.0%, 10.1% Cash, Due 12/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>	_	_	_
ALS Education, LLC - Term Debt (S + 6.0%, 10.1% cash, Due 12/20/28)(C)	30.360	30.310	30.360
ALS Education, LLC – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$6,000 available (\$ + 6.0%, 10.1% Cash, Due 12/2028) <sup>C</sup> ALS Education, LLC – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$6,000 available (\$ + 6.0%, 10.1% Cash, Due 12/2028) <sup>C</sup>	30,360	30,310	30,360
ALIS CRUCARON, LLC. – Denived in David Term Long, 86,000 available (8 ± 0.0%, 10.1% Cash, Due 12/2028)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2030)**  Altior Healthcrap, LLC. – Term Debt (8 ± 6.5% Location Cash, Due 5/2	46.000	46,000	46.920
Freedom Dental Management, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 7.3.%, 10.4% Casa, Due (7.0.50))  Freedom Dental Management, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 7.3.%, 11.4% Cash, Due (6/2030)) <sup>(C)</sup>	15,000	15,000	15.300
Freezon Denia Hantagenien, inc. – 1etin Leou (5 × 7.3%, 11.4% Cash, Due 4/2029)° Giving Homa Hanth Care, L.L.C. – Term Debt (5 × 6.3%, 10.4% Cash, Due 4/2029)°	34,924	34.859	35.252
Gring Frome Feature Care, Ed.C 10111 DON (S. + V.S./9), 10.470 Cash, DOC 4/2027)	34,924	34,839	33,232

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.  $86\,$ 

HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc. – Line of Credit, \$0 available (S + 10.0%, 12.1% Cash, 2.0% PIK, Due 4/2028)(C)		Cost	Fair Value
	1,861	1,861	1,739
HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 10.0%, 12.1% Cash, 2.0% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>	19,890	19,805	18,580
Turn Key Health Clinics, LLC – Line of Credit, \$4,000 available (S + 7.3%, 11.4% Cash, Due 6/2026)(C)	_	_	_
Turn Key Health Clinics, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.3%, 11.4% Cash, Due 6/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	17,500	17,500	17,500
Ver's Choice Radiology LLC(8) – Term Debt (S + 8.0%, 12.1% Cash, Due 12/2027)(C)	42,750	42,750	43,098
		208,085	208,749
Home and Office Furnishings, Housewares and Durable Consumer Products - 6.2%			
Foodservices Brand Group, LLC - Line of Credit, \$10,000 available (S + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 8/2029)[C]	_	_	_
Foodservices Brand Group, LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.5%, 10.6% Cash, Due 8/2029)(C)	30,000	30,000	30,000
		30,000	30,000
Machinery - 3.6%			
Are Drilling Holdings LLC – Line of Credit, \$3,875 available (S + 6.8%, 10.9% Cash, Due 9/2029)(C)	1,125	1,125	1,125
Are Drilling Holdings LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.8%, 10.9% Cash, Due 9/2029) <sup>(C)</sup>	16,000	16,000	16,160
	_	17,125	17,285
Oil and Gas - 0.0%			
FES Resources Holdings LLC – Term Debt (4.5% Cash, Due 12/2024) <sup>E(F)</sup>	325	325	_
Telecommunications - 0.7%			
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (S) – Line of Credit, \$0 available (S + 2.0%, 7.0% Cash, Due 12/2026)(E)	1,320	1,320	559
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (S) – Line of Credit, \$0 available (S + 2.0%, 7.0% Cash, Due 12/2026)(E)	450	450	191
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (S) – Term Debt (S + 2.0%, 7.0% Cash, Due 12/2026)(E)	6,000	6,000	2,542
	<del>-</del>	7,770	3,292
otal Secured First Lien Debt	S	521,049	S 517,762
ecured Second Lien Debt - 27.3%	_		
Automobile - 3.7%			
Sea Link International IRB, Inc. – Term Debt (11.3% Cash, 2.0% PIK, Due 12/2025) (CxF)	\$ 13,723 \$	13,723	S 13,868
Sea Link International IRB, Inc. – Term Debt (12.0% Cash, 2.0% PIK, Due 12/2025) (C)(F)	4,163	4,163	4,163
	<del>-</del>	17,886	18,031
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco - 3.8%			
Dutch Gold Honey, Inc. (8) – Term Debt (S + 7.5%, 11.6% Cash, Due 8/2030)(C)	18,000	18,000	18,184
Cargo Transportation – 4.1%			
RPM Freight Systems, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.7%, 11.8% Cash, Due 11/2029)(C)	20,000	20,000	20,000
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing – 7.8%			
OCI, LLC – Term Debt (7.0% Cash, 7.0% PIK, Due 11/2028) <sup>(C)(F)</sup>	2,316	2,316	2,436
Springfield, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 11.1%, 15.2% Cash, Due 12/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	30,000	30,000	30,000
Tube Bending Technology, LLC – Term Debt (12.5% Cash, Due 6/2026) <sup>(C)(F)</sup>	5,000	5,000	4,955
	·	37,316	37,391
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare - 4.8%			
Pan-Am Dental, LLC – Term Debt (12.0% Cash, Due 6/2030) <sup>C(F)</sup>	23,000	23,000	23,129
Oil and Gas – 3.1%			
Imperative Holdings Corporation – Term Debt (S + 9.8%, 13.9% Cash, Due 8/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>	15,015	14,943	15,015
otal Secured Second Lien Debt	\$	131,145	S 131,750
nsecured Debt = 0.0%	·		
Diversified/Conglomerate Service - 0.0%			
Frontier Financial Group Inc. – Convertible Debt (6.0%, Due 6/2022) <sup>(E)(F)</sup>	S 198 S	198	S 17
referred Equity - 3.5%			
Sea Link International IRB, Inc. – Preferred Stock (E)(G)	98,039 <b>\$</b>	98	S 261
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco – 0.0%			
Triple H Food Processors, LLC – Preferred Stock(E)(G)	75	75	197
Oil and Gas - 3.1% Imperative Holdings Corporation – Term Debt (S + 9.8%, 13.9% Cash, Due 8/2028) <sup>C)</sup> total Secured Second Lien Debt Insecured Debt - 0.9% Universified/Congomerate Service - 0.9% Frontier Financial Group Inc. – Convertible Debt (6.0%, Due 6/2022) <sup>C(((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((((</sup>	15,015 <u>\$</u> \$ 198 \$	14,943 131,145 198	

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.  $87\,$ 

	Principal/ Shares/ Units <sup>(0)(1)</sup>		
Company and Investment(A(B)(S)(0)	Units <sup>(I)(J)</sup>	Cost	Fair Value
Buildings and Real Estate - 0.0%			
GFRC 360, LLC – Preferred Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	1,000	1,025	
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing – 0.5%  Torrent Photonics Holdco LLC – Preferred Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	2.650	2.650	
Diversified/Conglomerate Service – 0.6%	2,650	2,650	
Diversing Congionerate Service = 0.0% Frontier Financial Group Inc. = Preferred Stock(E)(G)	766	500	
Frontier Financial Group Inc. – Preferred Stock Warrant(E)(G)	168	300	
Quality Environmental Midco, Inc. – Preferred Equity(Es(i))	3,000,000	3,000	
Quality Environmental structor, inc. – Freterica Equity	3,000,000	3,500	
Healtheare, Education, and Childcare – 1.8%		3,300	
HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc. – Preferred Stock (EXIG)	1,681,949	2,604	
Pan-M Dental, LLC – Preferred Stock®©	5,909,091	5,909	
and the permit p	3,707,071	8.513	
Oil and Gas - 0.5%		0,515	
Imperative Holdings Corporation – Preferred Equity Units(E)(G)	972,569	488	
Telecommunications = 0.0%	71 <u>~</u> 5007	700	
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (8) – Preferred Stock (E)(G)	6,130	2.024	
Total Preferred Equity	5,1.00	18,373 S	
Common Equity - 6.2%	<u>-</u>	10,575	
Aerospace and Defense – 0.2%			
Ohio Armor Holdings, LLC – Common Equity <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	100 S	1,000 S	
Automobile = 0.1%	100 9	1,000 3	
Sea Link International IRB, Inc. – Common Equity Units <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	823,333	823	
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco - 1.6%	Mand yell of all	020	
Dutch Gold Honey, Inc. (8) — Common Stock (E)(G)	900,000	900	
Salt & Straw, LLC – Common Warrant <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	0.5 %		
Sokol & Company Holdings, LLC - Common Stock (ExG)(U)	450,000	450	
Triple H Food Processors, LLC – Common Stock(E)(G)	250.000	250	
		1,600	
Buildings and Real Estate - 0.0%			
GFRC 360, LLC - Common Stock Warrants <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	45 %	_	
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing - 0.5%			
OCI, LLC – Common Units (E)(G)	555	1,111	
NeoGraf Solutions LLC - Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	2,000,000	2,000	
Viron International Corp. (8) – Common Stock (E)(G)	447	15	
		3,126	
Diversified/Conglomerate Service - 0.4%			
Total Access Elevator, LLC – Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	750,000	750	
WorkforceQA, LLC - Common Stock(E)(G)	529	532	
	_	1,282	
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare – 1.5%			
Giving Home Health Care, LLC – Common Stock(E)(G)	10,667	_	
GSM MidCo LLC – Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	767	767	
Leeds Novamark Capital I, L.P. – Limited Partnership Interest (\$843 uncalled capital commitment)(D)(G)(L)	3.5 %	_	
		767	
Machinery - 1.9%			
Are Drilling Holdings LLC – Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	53,333	5,333	
Oil and Gas – 0.0%			
Total Safety Holdings, LLC - Common Equity <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	435	499	
Telecommunications - 0.0%			
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (S) - Common Stock Warrant (Ex(G)	1.5 %	-	
Total Common Equity	S	14,430 S	
Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	S	685,195 S	6
	_		
LIATE INVESTMENTS <sup>(8)</sup> – 11.2%			
Secured First Lien Debt - 7.2%			

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.  $88\,$ 

Common   C	Company and Investment(AMB(K)(0)	Principal/ Shares/ Units <sup>(1)(d)</sup>	Cost	Fair Value
### 1200	Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc. (8) – Term Debt (S + 5.5%, 9.6% Cash, Due 8/2026)(ExP)	 6,140	\$ 6,140	\$ 513
Present Food, and Mincillament Services - 45%   12.00   12.0	Zero Case Holding Inc Line of Credit, \$4,000 available (S + 6.4%, 10.5% Cash, Due 7/2030) <sup>(E)</sup>	_	-	_
Pennal Food and Microllames Services - 6.0% Sal'sans, Life - Translock (1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	Zero Case Holding Inc. – Term Debt (S + 6.4%, 10.5% Cash, Due 7/2030) <sup>(E)</sup>	12,000	12,000	12,000
Sail San, Life - Team Date (** - 76), 109% (cale, 10e 72000)***   2,200			18,140	12,513
Patient Lace Index    Description Configuration Assortation of a 1979   1979	Personal, Food, and Miscellaneous Services – 4.6%			
Preferred Facility - 2.0%   Discrediffed Conjuncted Manufacturing - 0.0%   S. 0.0	Snif-Snax, LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.7%, 10.8% Cash, Due 7/2030) <sup>(C)(H)</sup>	22,200	22,200	22,200
Part of Tele Confession Assume for Assume	Total Secured First Lien Debt		\$ 40,340	\$ 34,713
Page Authories Toldings, Inc. **- Incrinaries Section**   Bource Produging Infectings, Inf. **- Professed Section**   Bource Produging Infectings, Inf. **- Professed Section**   Persual and Non-Drachfold Consenser Product (Manufacturing Ody) - 0.256   1.000	Preferred Equity – 2.0%			
Parcent Performat Novice 1-48'   3,8000   3,80	Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing – 0.0%			
Personal Fredering Manufacturing Cooks   1,340   1,3	Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc. (S) – Preferred Stock (E)(G)	5,466	S 5,466	s —
Perseal Food, and Micellaneau Services — 95%  Self-Seal Let — Perform Selege <sup>5100</sup> Cascop Selegriane, Li LE — Perform Selege <sup>5100</sup> Teal Performed Selege <sup>5100</sup> Cascop Selegriane, Li LE — Perform Selege <sup>5100</sup> Teal Performed Selege <sup>5100</sup> Teal Performed Selege <sup>5100</sup> Teal Performed Selege <sup>5100</sup> Cascop Selegriane, Li LE — Perform Selege <sup>5100</sup> Teal Control Selege <sup>5100</sup> Teal Control Selege <sup>5100</sup> Cascop Selegriane, Li LE — Perform Selege <sup>5100</sup> Teal Control Selege <sup>5100</sup>	Diversified/Conglomerate Service - 1.4%			
Suf-Sunc, Lif. — Preferred Succience   1,500	Encore Dredging Holdings, LLC – Preferred Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	3,840,000	3,840	6,914
Personal and Non-Durant/Commoner Products (Naturaliceusing Only) - 0.25%				
Campy Salefy Branch, LL - Preferred Sock 6 <sup>100</sup> 1 130		1,500,000	1,500	1,500
Tealing Preferred Equity   1976   1970   1	Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) – 0.2%			
Common Equity - 2.0%   Diversified Componement Manufacturing - 0.2%   1,000	Canopy Safety Brands, LLC – Preferred Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	500,000	500	1,006
Processing - 2-5%   1,00   5	Total Preferred Equity		\$ 11,306	S 9,420
Agrous   Indiagn   Common   Section   1,000	Common Equity - 2.0%			-
Flance - L1%   Glabone Alternative Income Fued - Common Stock ### 000   5,00	Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing – 0.2%			
Glastone Alternative Income Fund - Common Stock   5,000   5,	Zero Case Holding Inc. – Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	1,000	S 1,000	S 1,000
Personal and Non-Durable Common Explose (Nanofacturing Only) = 0.8% (2.20)	Finance - 1.1%			
Canopy Safey Bands, LLC - Common Stock (1960)   1,10,370   1,0	Gladstone Alternative Income Fund – Common Stock <sup>(f))(G)</sup>	500,000	5,000	5,075
Total Common Equity   S	Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) - 0.8%			
Total Affiliate Investments	Canopy Safety Brands, LLC - Common Stock (E)(d)	1,170,370	800	3,703
CONTROL INVESTMENTS   - 2.26%   Secure   Froit, and Tobacco - 2.6%   Secure			S 6,800	S 9,778
CONTROL INVESTMENTS   - 2.26%   Secure   Froit, and Tobacco - 2.6%   Secure	Total Affiliate Investments		S 58.446	\$ 53.911
Secured First Lien Debt   14.5%				<u> </u>
Egge Acquisition Corp - Line of Credit, \$2,30 available (\$ + 70%, 11.1% Cash, Due 42028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Diversified Configuents Manufacturing - 14%   Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC - Line of Credit, \$1,900 available (\$ - 8.3%, 12.4% Cash, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lon				
Egge Acquisition Corp - Line of Credit, \$2,30 available (\$ + 70%, 11.1% Cash, Due 42028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Diversified Configuents Manufacturing - 14%   Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC - Line of Credit, \$1,900 available (\$ - 8.3%, 12.4% Cash, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Lern Debt (\$ - 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 42/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lone star EMS, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.0% available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lon				
Diversified Conglowerate Manufacturing - 4.7%   Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC - Line of Credit, \$1.900 available (\$ + 8.3%, \$2.4% Cash, Due 10/2026/6³)   1,100   1,100   3.34		12.750	S 12.750	S 12.750
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC - Line of Credit, \$1,000 available (S + 8.3%, 12.4% Cash, Due 10/2026) <sup>(5)</sup>   Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC - Lemn Debt (S + 10.5%, 8.9% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   23,163   23,163   23,163   17,561   23,165   23,1				
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, ILC — Term Debt (18 + 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2056) <sup>(6)</sup>   Lonestar EMS, ILLC — Term Debt (12 9% Cash, Due 6/2077) <sup>(6)</sup>   A403		1.100	1.100	834
Lonestar EMS, LIC - Term Debt (12 0% Cash, Dae 62027) <sup>(637)</sup>   4,403   4,450   22,485   4,605   4,605			23 163	17.561
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare - 5.2%   28,666   22,245     Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0 available (\$ + 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PHK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(1)</sup>   3,076   3,076   3,076   2,723     Technical Resource Management, LLC - Tem Debt (\$ + 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PHK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(2)</sup>   1,214   1,174   1,174   1,174     Technical Resource Management, LLC - Tem Debt (\$ + 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PHK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(2)</sup>   21,347     Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) - 1.9%   28,401   25,144     WB Xcel Holdings, LLC - Line of Credit, 50 available (\$ + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(2)</sup>   5,150   3,160     WB Xcel Holdings, LLC - Term Debt (\$ + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(2)</sup>   9,175   5,979     Printing and Publishing - 0.0%   14,025   1,000     The Printing and Publishing - 0.0%   -				4,450
Healthcare, Education, and Childrare, 5-25%   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$00 available (\$ + 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup>   Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$0.00 available (\$ - 10.5% Due 11/20			28.666	22,845
Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, SQ0 available (S+ 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Duc 4/2028) <sup>(i)</sup>   3,076   3,076   2,723     Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, SQ0 available (S+ 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Duc 4/2028) <sup>(i)</sup>   1,074   1,214   1,074     Technical Resource Management, LLC - Term Debt (S+ 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Duc 4/2028) <sup>(i)</sup>   24,111   24,111   21,377     Technical Resource Management, LLC - Term Debt (S+ 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Duc 4/2028) <sup>(i)</sup>   28,401   21,347     Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) - 1.9%   3,160     WB Xcel Holdings, LLC - Line of Credit, SQ available (S+ 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Duc 11/2026) <sup>(i)</sup>   5,150   3,160     WB Xcel Holdings, LLC - Term Debt (S+ 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Duc 11/2026) <sup>(i)</sup>   9,157     Printing and Publishing - 0.0%   14,225     TNCP Intermediate Holde, C. LLC - Line of Credit, SQ,000 available (11.0% Cash, Duc 10.2027) <sup>(i),(i)</sup>   -	Healthcare, Education, and Childcare = 5.2%			
Technical Resource Management, ILC - Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (S = 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.3%, PIK, Dae 42028)th		3.076	3.076	2,723
Technical Resource Management, LLC – Term Debt (8 + 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028) <sup>(6)</sup> 24,111         24,111         21,347           Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) – 1.9%         38,001         28,140         28,140           WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, 50 available (8 + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup> 5,150         5,150         3,160           WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Term Debt (8 + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup> 9,775         9,775         5,997           Printing and Publishing – 0.9%         14,925         9,157           TNCP Intermediate Holde, C. LLC – Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (11.0% Cash, Due 10.2027) <sup>(6,67)</sup> —         —         —         —         —				1,074
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) – 1.975  WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, \$0 available (S + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(1)</sup> WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Term Detc (S + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(2)</sup> Printing and Publishing – 0.975  Printing and Publishing – 0.975  TNCP Intermediate Holdoc, LLC – Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (11.0% Cash, Due 10/2027) <sup>(1/2)</sup> — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		24 111	24 111	21 347
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) = 1.9%           WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, 90 available (8 + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>63</sup> 5,150         5,150         3,160           WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Term Debt (8 + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>63</sup> 9,775         5,997           Visual Products (1.6 – Term Debt (8 + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>63</sup> 14,925         9,157           Printing and Publishing – 0.0%         -	,	24,111		25,144
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, 90 available (S + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup> WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, 90 available (S + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(6)</sup> S, 150	Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) = 1.9%		20,701	20111
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Term Debt (S + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026) <sup>(S)</sup> 9,775       9,775       5,997         Printing and Publishing – 0.0%         TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC – Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (11.0% Cash, Due 10/2027) <sup>(S)(S)</sup> —       —       —       —		5.150	5.150	3.160
14,925   9,157				
Printing and Publishing = 0.09%  TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC - Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (11.0% Cissh, Due 10.2027) <sup>(6,167)</sup> — — — —	11 D Acci Totalings, Ed. 1 (10.17), 14-07 Casa, Dat 11-2000)	3,773		
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC – Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (11.0% Cash, Due 10.2027) <sup>(030)</sup>	Printing and Publishing = 0.0%		14,723	3,137
			_	_
			\$ 84.742	\$ 69,896

 ${\it THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.} \\ 89$ 

Company and Investment (A/Baki/th)		Principal/ Shares/ Units <sup>(1)(J)</sup>		Cost	Fair Value
Secured Second Lien Debt - 3.9%					
Automobile - 1.8%					
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 9.6%, 13.7% Cash, Due 1/2027) <sup>(E)</sup>	S		8,792 S	8,792	S 8,792
Diversified/Conglomerate Service - 2.1%					
Alsay Incorporated – Term Debt (12.8% Cash, Due 12/2030) <sup>(E)(F)</sup>			10,000	10,000	10,000
Total Secured Second Lien Debt			S	18,792	S 18,792
Unsecured Debt - 0.1%					
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare – 0.1%					
Technical Resource Management, LLC - Term Debt (14.0% PIK, Due 10/2028) <sup>(E)(F)</sup>	S		357 <b>S</b>	357	§ 316
Preferred Equity – 1.0%					
Diversified/Conglomerate Service - 1.0%					
Alsay Incorporated – Preferred Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>		5,0	00,000 \$	5,000	S 5,000
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) = 0.0%					
WB Xeel Holdings, LLC – Preferred Stock (E)(G)			333	2,750	_
Total Preferred Equity			s	7,750	S 5,000
Common Equity – 3.1%			_		
Automobile 0.0%					
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>			33,321 <b>S</b>	581	s —
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco – 1.0%					
Eegee Acquisition Corp. – Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>			1,000	8,500	4,858
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing - 0.9%					
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC – Common Stock(E)(G)			16,000	3,000	_
Lonestar EMS, LLC – Common Units <sup>(E)(G)</sup>			100 %	6,750	4,225
				9,750	4,225
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare – 0.0%					
Technical Resource Management, LLC - Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>		2,0	00,000	2,000	_
Technical Resource Management, LLC - Common Warrants(E)(G)		4,5	58,041	_	_
				2,000	
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) – 0.0%					
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Common Units <sup>(E)(G)</sup>			12,340	1	_
Printing and Publishing – 1.2%					
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC - Common Equity Units(E)(G)		1	90,000	500	5,809
Total Common Equity			s	21,332	S 14,892
Total Control Investments			s	132,973	S 108,896
OTAL INVESTMENTS(T) – 178.2%			-	876,614	S 859,124
JALINVESIMENTS''-1/6.276				070,014	0.00,124
ASH EQUIVALENTS - 6.6%					
Dreyfus Treasury Obligations Cash Management Fund (3.77% market yield) <sup>(R)</sup>	\$		30,523 \$	30,523	\$ 30,523
First Citizens Premium Money Market Savines (0.40% market yield) <sup>(8)</sup>	•		1,251	1,251	1,251
tal Cash Equivalents			s .	31,774	\$ 31,774
OTAL INVESTMENTS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - 184.8%			-		S 890,898

- Certain of the securities listed in this schedule are issued by affiliate(s) of the indicated portfolio company. The majority of the securities listed, totaling \$754.6 million at fair value, are pledged as collateral under our revolving line of credit, as described further in Note \$S-Borrowings in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), we may not acquire any non-qualifying assets unless, at the time such acquisition is made, qualifying assets represent at least 70% of our total assets. As of September 30, 2025, our investments in Leeds Novamark Capital 1, LP. ("Leeds") and Gladstone Alternative Income Fund ("Gladstone Alternative") are considered non-qualifying assets under Section 55 of the 1940 Act. Such non-qualifying assets represent 0.8% of total investments, at fair value, as of September 30, 2025.

  Unless indicated otherwise, all cash interest rates are indexed to one-month Secured Overnight Financian [Rate ("SORTA"), which was 4.13% as of September 30, 2025. If applicable, paid-in-kind ("PIK") interest rates are noted separately from the cash interest rate. Certain securities are subject to an interest rate flow. The cash interest rate is the greater of the floor or SOFR plus a spread. Due dates represent the contractual maturity date.
- (5) Fair value was based on an internal yield analysis or on estimates of value submitted by a third party valuation firm.
  (9) Fair value was based on an internal yield analysis or on estimates of value submitted by a third party valuation firm.
  (9) Fair value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

- (fi) Fair value was based on the total enterprise value of the portfolio company, which was then allocated to the portfolio company's securities in order of their relative priority in the capital structure.

- Security is non-income producing.

  The Company has entered into an agreement that entitles it to the "last out" tranche of the first lien secured loan, whereby the "first out" tranche will receive priority as to the "last out" tranche with respect to payments of principal, interest, and any other amounts due thereunder
- Represents the principal balance for debt investments and the number of shares/units held for equity investments. Warrants are represented as a percentage of ownership, as applicable.

  Where applicable, aggregates all shares of a class of stock owned without regard to specific series of such class of stock such warrants.

  Where applicable, aggregates all shares of a class of stock owned without regard to specific series of such class of stock such warrants. allow us to purchase.
- (K) Category percentages represent the fair value of each category and subcategory as a percentage of net assets as of September 30, 2025.
- There are certain limitations on our ability to withdraw our partnership interest prior to dissolution of the entity, which must occur no later than May 9, 2024 or two years after all outstanding leverage has matured.
- Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments, as defined by the 1940 Act, are those that are neither Control nor Affiliate investments and in which we own less than 5.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities.
- Affiliate investments, as defined by the 1940 Act, are those in which we own, with the power to vote, between and inclusive of 5.0% and 25.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities.
- Control investments, as defined by the 1940 Act, are those where we have the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of the portfolio company, which may include owning, with the power to vote, more than 25.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities.
- Debt security is on non-accrual status.
- Decis scaling dos innoverscans saums.

  Unless indicated otherwise, all of our investments are valued using Level 3 inputs within the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standard Codification ("ASC") Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820") fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 3—Investments in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- Valued using Level 1 inputs within the FASB ASC 820 fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 3—Investments in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

  One or more of our affiliated funds, Gladstone Investment Corporation or Gladstone Alternative, co-invested with us in this portfolio company pursuant to an exemptive order granted by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commis
- Cumulative gross unrealized depreciation for federal income tax purposes is \$59.7 million; cumulative gross unrealized appreciation for federal income tax purposes is \$34.1 million. Cumulative net unrealized depreciation is \$25.5 million, based on a tax cost of \$884.7 million. Investment was exited subsequent to September 30, 2025. Refer to Note 14 Subsequent Events for additional information.

 $THE\ ACCOMPANYING\ NOTES\ ARE\ AN\ INTEGRAL\ PART\ OF\ THESE\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS.$ 

Company and Investment (AMB/ASO)		Principal/ Shares/ Units <sup>(1)(J)</sup>	Cost	Fair Value
NON-CONTROL/NON-AFFILIATE INVESTMENTS <sup>01)</sup> – 159.5%				
Secured First Lien Debt – 114.8%				
Aerospace and Defense – 19.7%				
Antenna Research Associates, Inc Term Debt (S + 10.0%, 14.8% Cash, 4.0% PIK, Due 11/2026)(E)(U)	S	31,267 \$	31,267 \$	31,267
Ohio Armor Holdings, LLC – Term Debt (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash, Due 2/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>		16,563	16,563	16,563
SpaceCo Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, \$0 available (S + 6.4%, 11.0% Cash, Due 12/2025) <sup>C)(H)</sup>		2,000	2,000	2,000
SpaceCo Holdings, LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.4%, 11.0% Cash, Due 12/2025) <sup>CQ(B)</sup>		42,757	42,376	42,757
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco – 15.2%			92,206	92,587
Cafe Zunas - Line of Credit 570a available (S + 7.5%, 12.3% Cash. Due 12/2027)(C)		1.050	1.050	1.061
Café Zupas – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$3,150 available (\$\frac{1}{2},\text{36}, \text{12.38}\), Due 12/2027) \(^{\text{Cafe}}\)		7.350	7.350	7.424
Cate Zupas — Detayed Draw Telm Loan, 53,150 valuations (5 ± 7.5%, 12.5% Casn, Due 12/2021)  Cate Zupas — Term Debt (5 ± 7.5%, 12.3% Cash, Due 12/2027)(Cash, Due 12/2		26.250	26.074	26.513
Ease's LLC – Line of Credit, \$500 available (\$ + 7.8%, 12.6% Cash, Due 6/2026)(C)		1.500	1.500	1,135
Eegee's LLC – Line or Crean, 3500 available (\$\frac{1}{2}\tau_{2}\tau_{3}\tau_{2}\tau_{2}\tau_{2}\tau_{3}\tau_{2}\tau_		3.145	3.145	2.380
Eegee's LLC – Demyed Draw term Loan, 30 aranate (3 **-7.8%, 8.0% Cash, 4.0% Fire, Due 0.2020)		17.824	17,824	13,486
Saft & Straw, LLC – Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (\$ + 9,1%, 13,9% Cash, Due 9/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>		17,624	17,024	15,460
San & Straw, LLC – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$3,500 available (\$ + 9,1%, 13,9% Cash, Due 9/2027) <sup>[C]</sup>		10.850	10.693	10.850
Sake & Company Holdings, LLC - Term Debt (S + 6.8%, 11.6% Cash, Due \$2.027)°C		8.500	8,500	8.500
Sokorac Company Horizings, ELC – Ferri Deor (S + 0.8%, 11.0% Cash, Date 8/2027)		8,500	76.136	71.349
Buildings and Real Estate – 0.5%			1,,,,,,,	
GFRC 360. LLC - Line of Credit. \$95 available (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash. Due 9/2025)(C)		1.355	1.355	1.355
GFRC 360, LLC – Term Debt (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash, Due 9/2025) <sup>(C)</sup>		1,000	1,000	1,000
			2,355	2,355
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing = 24.2%				
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC – Line of Credit, \$3,000 available (S + 8.3%, 13.1% Cash, Due 10/2026) <sup>(E)</sup>		_	_	_
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC – Term Debt (S + 8.3%, 10.0% Cash, 3.1% PIK, Due 10/2026) <sup>(E)</sup>		22,230	22,230	19,283
NeoGraf Solutions LLC – Line of Credit, \$4,500 available (S + 7.0%, 11.0% Cash, 0.8% PIK, Due 1/2028)(C)		_	_	_
NeoGraf Solutions LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.0%, 11.0% Cash, 0.8% PIK, Due 1/2028)(C)		27,524	27,524	26,350
OCI, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.5%, 12.3% Cash, Due 5/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>		18,500	18,500	18,685
Torrent Photonics Holdco LLC – Term Debt (S + 9.5%, 14.3% Cash, Due 4/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>		12,149	12,128	12,265
Unirac Holdings, Inc. – Line of Credit, \$1,244 available (S + 6.5%, 11.3% Cash, Due 9/2027)(C)		978	978	978
Unirac Holdings, Inc. – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$0 available (S + 6.5%, 11.3% Cash, Due 9/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>		1,097	1,097	1,108
Unirac Holdings, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 6.5%, 11.3% Cash, Due 9/2027)(C)		14,738	14,494	14,885
Viva Railings, LLC – Line of Credit, \$4,000 available (S + 7.1%, 11.9% Cash, Due 5/2027)(C)		_	_	_
Viva Railings, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.1%, 11.9% Cash, Due 5/2027) <sup>(C)</sup>		20,202	20,202	20,202
Diversified/Conglomerate Service – 30.9%			117,153	113,756
Diversing the Computer of the		11,325	11,301	11,357
		3 000	2.925	3.008
Axios Industrial Group, LLC – Term Debt (S + 12.6%, 17.4% Cash, Due 10/2027) <sup>(C)</sup> DKI Ventures, LLC – Line of Credit, \$25 available (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025) <sup>(E)(F)</sup>		3,000 350	2,925 350	3,008
DKI Ventures, LLC – Line of Credit, \$25 available (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025)***  DKI Ventures, LLC – Term Debt (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025)***  DKI Ventures, LLC – Term Debt (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025)***  DKI Ventures, LLC – Term Debt (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025)***  DKI Ventures, LLC – Term Debt (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025)***  DKI Ventures, LLC – Term Debt (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025)***  DKI Ventures, LLC – Term Debt (9.0% Cash, Due 12/2025)**  DKI Ventures, LLC – Term Debt (9.0% Cash, Due 12		350 5.915	350 5.915	159 2,684
		3,913	3,913	2,084
ENET Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, \$2,500 available (S + 7.3%, 12.1% Cash, Due 4/2025) <sup>(C)</sup> ENET Holdings, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.3%, 12.1% Cash, Due 4/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>		22.289	22.289	21.973
ENET Holdings, LLU – 1erm Debt (8 ± 7.3%, 12.1% Cash, Due 4/2028)(*)		22,289	22,289	21,973

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.  $92\,$ 

Company and Investment <sup>(A,00)(A)(O)</sup>	Principal/ Shares/ Units <sup>(0)(1)</sup>	Cost	Fair Value
Fix-It Group, LLC – Line of Credit, \$3,000 available (S + 7.1%, 11.9% Cash, Due 12/2026)(C)	=	= "	=
Fix-It Group, LL.C – Term Debt (S + 7.1%, 11.9% Cash, Due 12/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	13,324	13,324	13,457
Fix-It Group, LLC - Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$0 available (S + 7.1%, 11.9% Cash, Due 12/2026) (C)	6,781	6,781	6,781
Leadpoint Business Services, LLC - Term Debt (S + 8.5%, 13.3% Cash, Due 2/2028)(C)	25,500	25,475	26,010
MCG Energy Solutions, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.6%, 12.4% Cash, 3.5% PIK, Due 3/2026) <sup>(E)</sup>	20,290	20,264	20,290
Quality Environmental Midco, Inc. – Line of Credit, \$3,000 available (12.0% Cash, Due 11/2028)(CXF)	_	_	_
Quality Environmental Midco, Inc. – Term Debt (12.0% Cash, Due 11/2028) <sup>CV(F)</sup>	13,000	13,000	13,390
Total Access Elevator, LLC – Line of Credit, \$3,000 available (S + 6.9%, 11.7% Cash, Due 4/2029)(C)	_	_	_
Total Access Elevator, LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.9%, 11.7% Cash, Due 4/2029) <sup>(C)</sup>	6,500	6,500	6,695
Total Access Elevator, LLC – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$2,500 available (S + 6.9%, 11.7% Cash, Due 4/2029)[C]	_	_	_
WorkforceQA, LLC – Line of Credit, \$800 available (S + 6.5%, 11.3% Cash, Due 12/2026) (C)	1,200	1,200	1,200
WorkforceQA, LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.5%, 11.3% Cash, Due 12/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	16,306	16,286	16,306
WorkforceQA, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.5%, 12.3% Cash, Due 12/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	2,406	2,403	2,406
		148,013	145,716
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare – 20.2%			
ALS Education, LLC – Line of Credit, \$3,000 available (S + 6.8%, 11.6% Cash, Due 12/2028) <sup>(C)</sup>	_	_	_
ALS Education, LLC – Term Debt (S + 6.8%, 11.6% Cash, Due 12/2028)(C)	31,680	31,680	31,997
HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc. – Line of Credit, \$110 available (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash, Due 4/2028)(C)(H)	1,727	1,727	1,677
HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash, Due 4/2028)(C)(H)	15,852	15,852	15,399
HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash, Due 4/2028) <sup>CXH)</sup>	3,193	3,193	3,102
Technical Resource Management, LLC - Line of Credit, \$1,000 available (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash, Due 4/2028)(C)	2,000	2,000	2,008
Technical Resource Management, LLC – Term Debt (S + 8.0%, 12.8% Cash, 2.5% PIK, Due 4/2028)(C)	23,234	23,158	23,327
Turn Key Health Clinics, LLC – Line of Credit, \$4,000 available (S + 7.3%, 12.1% Cash, Due 6/2026) C	_	_	_
Turn Key Health Clinics, LLC - Term Debt (S + 7.3%, 12.1% Cash, Due 6/2026) <sup>(C)</sup>	17,500	17,500	17,500
		95,110	95,010
Machinery – 3.6%			
Arc Drilling Holdings LLC – Line of Credit, \$4,000 available (S + 7.0%, 11.8% Cash, Due 9/2029)(C)	1,000	1,000	1,000
Are Drilling Holdings L.L.C – Term Debt (S + 7.0%, 11.8% Cash, Due 9/2029)(C)	16,000	16,000	16,000
		17,000	17,000
Oil and Gas = 0.0%			
FES Resources Holdings LLC – Term Debt (4.5% Cash, Due 12/2024) <sup>E(F)</sup>	325	325	163
Telecommunications – 0.5%			
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (8) – Line of Credit, \$0 available (\$ + 2.0%, 7.0% Cash, Due 12/2026) (E)(P)	1,320	1,320	471
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc.(8) – Line of Credit, \$127 available (S + 2.0%, 7.0% Cash, Due 6/2025) <sup>(E)(P)</sup>	323	323	115
B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (8) – Term Debt (S + 2.0%, 7.0% Cash, Due 12/2026)(E)(P)	6,000	6,000	2,139
		7,643	2,725
Total Secured First Lien Debt	S	555,941 S	540,661
Secured Second Lien Debt - 22.3%			
Automobile – 3.4%			
Sea Link International IRB, Inc. – Term Debt (11.3% Cash, 2.0% PIK, Due 12/2025)(C(F)	12,331	12,314	12,331
Sea Link International IRB, Inc. – Term Debt (12.0% Cash, 2.0% PIK, Due 12/2025)(C)(F)	4,079	4,079	4,079
		16,393	16,410
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco – 0.7%			
8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 7.9%, 12.7% Cash, Due 10/2026) <sup>(D)</sup>	3,683	3,683	3,241

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. 93

Cargo Transportation – 4.3%

RPM Freight Systems, LLC – Term Debt (S + 7.7%, 12.5% Cash, Due 11/2029)<sup>C)</sup>

RPM Freight Systems, LLC – Delayed Draw Term Loan, \$5,000 available (S + 7.7% 12.5% Cash, Due 11/2029)<sup>C)</sup> 20,000 20,200 Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing – 6.9%
OCI, LLC – Term Debt (7.0% Cash, 7.0% PIK, Due 11/2028)<sup>Cs(F)</sup>
Springfield, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 11.1%, 15.9% Cash, Due 12/2026)<sup>C</sup> 30,000 32,303 Diversified/Conglomerate Service – 3.2%

Perimeter Solutions Group – Term Debt (S + 8.5%, 13.3% Cash, Due 2/2029)(C)(U) 15,000 15,000 15,000 Oil and Gas - 3.8% Oil and Gas – 3.8%
Imperative Holdings Corporation – Term Debt (S + 9.8%, 14.6% Cash, Due 8/2028)\*\*
Total Secured Second Lien Debt
Unsecured Debt – 0.1%
Diversified Conglomerate Service – 0.1%
Promeir Frameria Group Inc. – Convertible Debt (6.0% Cash, Due 6/2022)\*\*
Preferred Equity – 5.8%
Automobile – 0.1%
Sea Link International IRB, Inc. – Preferred Stock®00
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco – 2.0%
Salt & Straw, I.C. – Perferred Equipment
Triple H Food Processors, LLC – Preferred Stock®00 18,015 17,909 105,144 32 198 98,039 220 9,617 Buildings and Real Estate - 0.0%
GFRC 260, LLC - Preferred Stock<sup>(1560)</sup>
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing - 0.1%
Torrent Photonics Holdco LLC - Preferred Stock<sup>(1560)</sup>
Diversified/Conglomerate Service - 2.9%
Frontier Financial Group Inc - Preferred Stock<sup>(1560)</sup>
Frontier Financial Group Inc - Preferred Stock Warrant<sup>(1560)</sup>
MCG Energy Solutions, LLC - Preferred Stock<sup>(1560)</sup>
Quality Environmental Midco, Inc. - Preferred Equity<sup>(1560)</sup> 1,000 1,025 2,650 2,650 552 500 9,954 3,582 13,536 Healthcare, Education, and Childcare – 0.2%

HH-Inspire Acquisition, Inc. – Preferred Stock<sup>(BASO)</sup>

Olf and Gas – 30.9%

FES Resources Holdings LLC – Preferred Equity Units<sup>(BASO)</sup>

Imperative Holdings Corporation – Preferred Equity Units<sup>(BASO)</sup> 1,329,054 2,251 1,047 6,350 Telecommunications - 0.0%

B\*T Group Acquisition, Inc.<sup>(6)</sup> - Preferred Stock<sup>(6)(6)</sup>
Total Preferred Equity

Common Equity - 16.5%

Aerospace and Defense - 12.8%

Antenna Research Associates, Inc. - Common Equity Units<sup>(6)(6)(6)</sup>

Ohio Armor Holdings, LLC - Common Equity (<sup>6)(6)(6)</sup> 32,461 27,247 4,283 100 59,423 1,000 5,283 1,086 **60,509** Onto Aimor rootings, Lt.—Common Equity Units (\*\*160)

Sea Link International IRB, Inc.—Common Equity Units (\*\*160)

Beverage, Food, and Tobacco—0.9%

Sait & Straw, LLC—Common Warrant (\*\*160)

Solod & Common Wording LLC—Common Stock (\*\*160)

Triple H Food Processors, LLC—Common Stock (\*\*160) 823,333 160 823 47 2,727 1,346 0.4 % 1,500 250,000

THE ACCOMPANYING NOTES ARE AN INTEGRAL PART OF THESE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS. 94

Company and Investment  $^{(A)(B)(K)(Q)}$ Buildings and Real Estate – 0.0% GFRC 360, LLC – Common Stock Warrants<sup>(E)(G)</sup> 45.0 % Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing – 0.2%

Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC – Common Stock (FAG)

OCI, LLC – Common Units (FAG)

NeoGraf Solutions LLC – Common Stock (FAG) 6,000 306 2,000,000 3,000 Diversified/Conglomerate Service – 0.3%

Total Access Elevator, LLC – Common Equity<sup>(E)(G)</sup>

WorkforceQA, LLC – Common Stock<sup>(E)(G)</sup> 1,234 532 346 1,580 532 1,282 Healthcare, Education, and Childcare – 1.2% Giving Home Health Care, LIC – Warrant<sup>(PAD)</sup> (SM) MdxC LIC – Common Stock<sup>(PAD)</sup> Leeds Novamuk Capital J. LP – Limited Partnenhip Interest (\$843 uncalled capital commitment)<sup>8</sup> Technical Recource Management, LIC – Common Stock<sup>(PAD)</sup> 3,995 1,583 38 10,667 767 767 3.5 % 2,000,000 34 5,650 2,000 Machinery – 1.0%
Are Drilling Holdings LLC – Common Stock<sup>(4,60)</sup>
Oil and Gas – 0.0%
FES Resources Holdings LLC – Common Equity Units<sup>(8,60)</sup>
Total Safety Holdings, LLC – Common Equity Units<sup>(8,60)</sup> 53,333 5,333 4,816 Telecommunications = 0.0%

B+T Group Acquisition, Inc. (8) – Common Stock Warrant (E)(G) Total Common Equity
Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments
AFFILIATE INVESTMENTS(N) = 1.6% 22,737 716,481 750,904 Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments

AFFILIATE INVESTMENTSN= 1.6%
Secured First Lien Debt= 0.1%
Diversified Conglomerate Manufacturing = 0.1%
Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc. %0.—Term Debt (8 + 5.5%, 10.3% Cash, Due 8/2026)<sup>(6)(6)</sup>
Preferred Equity = 0.9%
Diversified Conglomerate Manufacturing = 0.0%
Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc. %0.—Preferred Stock<sup>(6)(6)</sup>
Diversified Conglomerate Service= 0.7%
Encore Dredging Holdings, ILC. = Preferred Stock<sup>(6)(6)</sup>
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) = 0.2%
Canopy Safety Brands, ILC. = Preferred Stock<sup>(6)(6)</sup>
Total Preferred Equity
Common Equity = 0.6%
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) = 0.6%
Canopy Safety Brands, ILC. = Common Stock<sup>(6)(6)</sup>
Total Affiliate Investments
COTROL INSTITUTE NEW TOTAL STOCK 6,140 6,140 3,840 3,168 931 4,099 2,959 7,438 1,170,370 800 16,746 Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) = 2.1%

WB Xeel Holdings, LLC – Line of Credit, 80 available (8 + 10.5%, 15.3% Cash, Due 11/2026)<sup>(Exp)</sup>

WB Xeel Holdings, LLC – Term Debt (8 + 10.5%, 15.3% Cash, Due 11/2026)<sup>(Exp)</sup> 3,171 6,525 **9,696** 9,775 14,525

 $THE\ ACCOMPANYING\ NOTES\ ARE\ AN\ INTEGRAL\ PART\ OF\ THESE\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS.$ 

Company and Investment (AUR)(AUR)	Principal/ Shares/ Units <sup>(1)(1)</sup>	Cost	Fair Value
Printing and Publishing – 0.0%			
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC - Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (11.0% Cash, Due 10/2027)(E)(F)	_	_	_
Total Secured First Lien Debt		S 18,655	S 13,896
Secured Second Lien Debt - 1.8%			
Automobile – 1.8%			
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc. – Term Debt (S + 9.6%, 14.4% Cash, Due 1/2027) <sup>(E)</sup>	8,547	8,547	8,547
Preferred Equity - 0.0%			
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) – 0.0%			
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC – Preferred Stock(E)(G)	333	2,750	s —
Common Equity – 3.2%			
Automobile = 0.6%			
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc. – Common Stock <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	33,321	581	2,949
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing – 1.7%			
Lonestar EMS, LLC – Common Units(E)(G)	100.0 %	6,750	8,214
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) – 0.0%			
WB Xeel Holdings, LLC - Common Warrant <sup>(E)(G)</sup>	1	1	s –
Printing and Publishing – 0.9%			
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC – Common Equity Unitst <sup>(E)</sup> (G)	790,000	500	4,312
Total Common Equity		S 7,832	S 15,475
Total Control Investments		S 37,784	\$ 37,918
TOTAL INVESTMENTS(7) – 169,1%		S 771,011	S 796,260
CASH EQUIVALENTS - 0.5%			
Dreyfus Treasury Obligations Cash Management Fund (4.58% market yield) <sup>(V)</sup>	S 2,157	\$ 2,157	\$ 2,157
Total Cash Equivalents		S 2,157	S 2,157
TOTAL INVESTMENTS AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - 169.6%		S 773,168	S 798,417

- Certain of the securities listed in this schedule are issued by affiliate(s) of the indicated portfolio company. The majority of the securities listed, totaling \$714.4 million at fair value, are pledged as collateral under our revolving line of credit, as described further in Note 5—Borrowings in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Under the 1940 Act, we may not acquire any non-qualifying assets under Section 55 of the 1940 Act. Such non-qualifying assets represent less than 0.1% of total investments, at fair value, as of September 30, 2024.
- Unless indicated otherwise, all cash interest rates are indexed to one-month SOFR, which was 4.85% as of September 30, 2024. If applicable, PIK interest rates are noted separately from the cash interest rate. Certain securities are subject to an interest rate from The cash interest rate is the greater of the floor or SOFR plus a spread. Due dates represent the contractual maturity date.
- Fair value was based on an internal yield analysis or on estimates of value submitted by a third party valuation firm.
- Fair value was based on the indicative bid price on or near September 30, 2024, offered by the respective syndication agent's trading desk.
- Fair value was based on the total enterprise value of the portfolio company, which was then allocated to the portfolio company's securities in order of their relative priority in the capital structure.
- Debt security has a fixed interest rate.
- Security is non-income producing.
- The cash interest rate on this investment was indexed to 90-day SOFR, which was 4.59% as of September 30, 2024.
- Represents the principal balance for debt investments and the number of shares/units held for equity investments. Warrants are represented as a percentage of ownership, as applicable.
- Where applicable, aggregates all shares of a class of stock owned without regard to specific series of such class (some series of which may or may not be voting shares) or aggregates all warrants to purchase shares of a class of stock owned without regard to specific series of such class of stock such warrants allow us to purchase.

  Category percentages represent the fair value of each category and subcategory as a percentage of net assets as of September 30, 2024.

- There are certain limitations on our ability to withdraw our partnership interest prior to dissolution of the entity, which must occur no later than May 9, 2024 or two years after all outstanding leverage has matured.

  On-Control Non-Affiliate investments, as defined by the 1940 Act, are those that are neither Control nor Affiliate investments and in which we own less than 5.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities.
- Affiliate investments, as defined by the 1940 Act, are those in which we own, with the power to vote, between and inclusive of 5.0% and 25.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities.

- On Control investments, as defined by the 1940 Act, are those where we have the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of the portfolio company, which may include owning, with the power to vote, more than 25.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities.

- Unless indicated otherwise, all of our investments are valued using Level 3 inputs within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 3—Investments in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

  When the statements of the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

  Current value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

  Current value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

  Current value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

  Current value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

  Current value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

  Current value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

  Current value was based on net asset value provided by the fund as a practical expedient.

  Current value v
- (U) Investment was exited subsequent to September 30, 2024.
- When using Level 1 inputs within the FASB ASC 820 fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 3—Investments in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.

 $THE\ ACCOMPANYING\ NOTES\ ARE\ AN\ INTEGRAL\ PART\ OF\ THESE\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS.$ 

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS SEPTEMBER 30, 2025 (DOLLAR AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER SHARE DATA AND AS OTHERWISE

# INDICATED)

# NOTE 1. ORGANIZATION

Gladstone Capital Corporation was incorporated under the Maryland General Corporation Law on May 30, 2001 and completed an initial public offering on August 24, 2001. The terms "the Company," "we," "our" and "us" all refer to Gladstone Capital Corporation and its consolidated subsidiary. We are an externally managed, closed-end, non-diversified management investment company that has elected to be treated as a business development company ("BDC") under the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended (the "1940 Act"), and are applying the guidance of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB"), and are applying the guidance of the Financial Accounting Standard ("FASB") in addition, we have elected to be treated of to U.S. federal income tax purposes as a regulated investment company ("RIC") under the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (the "Code"). We were established for the purpose of investing in debt and equity securities of established private businesses operating in the United States ("U.S."). Our investment objectives are to: (1) achieve and grow current income by investing in debt securities of established lower middle market companies (which we generally define as companies with annual earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation and amortization ("EBITDA") of \$3 million to \$25 million to \$25 million) in the U.S. that we believe will provide stable earnings and cash flow to pay expenses, make principal and interest payments on our outstanding indebtedness and make distributions to stockholders that grow over time; and (2) provide our stockholders with long-term capital appreciation in the value of our assets by investing in equity securities, in connection with our debt investments, that we believe can grow over time to permit us to sell our equity investments for capital gains.

Gladstone Business Loan, LLC ("Business Loan"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of ours, was established on February 3, 2003, for the sole purpose of holding certain investments pledged as collateral under our line of credit. The financial statements of Business Loan are consolidated with those of Gladstone Capital Corporation.

We are externally managed by Gladstone Management Corporation (the "Adviser"), an affiliate of ours and an SEC registered investment adviser, pursuant to an investment advisory and management agreement (as amended and/or restated from time to time, the "Advisory Agreement"). Administrative services are provided by Gladstone Administration, LLC (the "Administratior"), an affiliate of ours and the Adviser, pursuant to an administration agreement (the "Administration Agreement"). Refer to Note 4—Related Party Transactions for additional information regarding these arrangements.

# NOTE 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## Basis of Presentation

We prepare our Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying notes in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the U.S. ("GAAP") and conform to Regulation S-X. Management believes it has made all necessary adjustments so that our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements are presented fairly and that all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements include our accounts and the accounts of our wholly-owned subsidiaries. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation

In accordance with Article 6 of Regulation S-X, we do not consolidate portfolio company investments. Under the investment company rules and regulations pursuant to the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Audit and Accounting Guide for Investment Companies, codified in ASC 946, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company, except that ASC 946 provides for the consolidation of a controlled operating company that provides substantially all of its services to the investment company or its consolidated subsidiaries

# Retroactive Adjustments for Reverse Stock Split

The outstanding shares and per share amounts of the Company's common stock in this Annual Report have been retroactively adjusted for the 1-for-2 reverse stock split (the "Reverse Stock Split") effected on April 4, 2024 (effective April 5, 2024 for trading purposes) for all activity prior to that date, unless stated otherwise

# Use of Estimates

Preparing financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and these Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Actual results may differ from those estimates

# Reclassifications

Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current period presentation in the Consolidated Financial Statements and the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements. Reclassifications did not impact net increase in net assets resulting from operations, total assets, total liabilities, or total net assets, or Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows classifications.

# Classification of Investments

In accordance with the provisions of the 1940 Act applicable to BDCs, we classify portfolio investments on our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements into the following categories:

- Control Investments—Control investments are those where we have the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of the portfolio company, which may include owning, with the power to vote, more than 25.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities of such portfolio company;
- Affiliate Investments—Affiliate investments are those in which we own, with the power to vote, between 5.0% and 25.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities that are not classified as Control investments; and
- · Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments—Non-Control/Non-Affiliate investments and in which we own less than 5.0% of the issued and outstanding voting securities.

### Cash and cash equivalent

We consider all short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to cash and have a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value. We place our funds with financial institutions, and at times, eash held in checking accounts may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insured limit. We seek to mitigate this concentration of credit risk by depositing funds with major financial institutions. Investments in money market funds represent Level I investments within the FASB ASC Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" ("ASC 820") fair value hierarchy.

## Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents

Restricted cash is cash held in escrow that was generally received as part of an investment exit. Restricted cash is carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

# Investment Valuation Policy

### Accounting Recognition

We record our investments at fair value in accordance with ASC 820 and the 1940 Act. Investment transactions are recorded on the trade date. Realized gains or losses are generally measured by the difference between the net proceeds from the repayment or sale and the cost basis of the investment, without regard to unrealized appreciation or depreciation primarily reflects the change in investment fair values, including the reversal of previously recorded unrealized appreciation or depreciation when gains or losses are realized.

## Board Responsibility

Our board of directors (the "Board of Directors") has approved investment valuation policies and procedures pursuant to Rule 2a-5 under the 1940 Act (the "Policy") and, in July 2022, designated the Adviser to serve as the Board of Directors' valuation designee ("Valuation Designee") under the 1940 Act.

In accordance with the 1940 Act, our Board of Directors has the ultimate responsibility for reviewing the good faith fair value determination of our investments for which market quotations are not readily available based on our Policy and for overseeing the Valuation Designee. Such review and oversight includes receiving written fair value determinations and supporting materials provided by the Valuation of the Administrator and with the oversight by the Company's chief valuation of committee of our Board of Directors (comprised entirely of independent directors) meets to review the valuation determinations and supporting materials, discusses the information provided by the Valuation Team, determines whether the Valuation Team has followed the Policy, and reviews other facts and circumstances, including current valuation risks, conflicts of interest, material valuation matters, appropriateness of valuation methodologies, back-testing results, price challenges/overrides, and ongoing monitoring and oversight of pricing services. After the Valuation Committee concludes its meeting, it and the chief valuation officer, representing the Valuation Designee, present the Valuation Designee, present the Valuation Designee, present the Valuation Designee of terminations to the entire Board of Directors so that the full Board of Directors may review the Valuation Designee's determined fair values of such investments in accordance with the Policy.

There is no single standard for determining fair value (especially for privately-held businesses), as fair value depends upon the specific facts and circumstances of each individual investment. In determining the fair value of our investments, the Valuation Team, led by the chief valuation officer, uses the Policy, and each quarter the Valuation Committee and Board of Directors review the Policy to determine if changes thereto are advisable and whether the Valuation Team has applied the Policy consistently.

## Use of Third Party Valuation Firms

The Valuation Team engages third-party valuation firms to provide independent assessments of fair value of certain of our investments.

A third-party valuation firm generally provides estimates of fair value on our debt investments. The Valuation Team generally assigns the third-party valuation firm's estimates of fair value to our debt investments where we do not have the ability to effectuate a sale of the applicable portfolio company. The Valuation Team corroborates this third-party valuation firm's estimates of fair value using one or more of the valuation techniques discussed below. The Valuation Team's estimate of value on a specific debt investment may significantly differ from the third-party valuation firm's. When this occurs, our Valuation Committee and Board of Directors review whether the Valuation Team has followed the Policy and the Valuation Committee reviews whether the Valuation Designee's determined fair value is reasonable in light of the Policy and other relevant facts and circumstances.

We may engage other independent valuation firms to provide earnings multiple ranges, as well as other information, and evaluate such information for incorporation into the total enterprise value ("TEV") of certain of our investments. Generally, at least once per year, we engage an independent valuation firm to value or review the valuation of each of our significant equity investments, which includes providing the information noted above. The Valuation Team evaluates such information for incorporation into our TEV, including review of all inputs provided by the independent valuation firm. The Valuation Team then presents a determination to our Valuation Committee as to the fair value. Our Valuation Committee reviews the determined fair value and whether it is reasonable in light of the Policy and other relevant facts and circumstances.

### Valuation Techniques

In accordance with ASC 820, the Valuation Team uses the following techniques when valuing our investment portfolio:

• Total Enterprise Value — In determining the fair value using a TEV, the Valuation Team first calculates the TEV of the portfolio company by incorporating some or all of the following factors: the portfolio company's ability to make payments and other specific portfolio company attributes; the earnings of the portfolio company (the trailing or projected twelve month revenue or EBITDA multiples obtained from our indexing methodology whereby the original transaction EBITDA multiples from recent sales to third parties of similar securities in similar industries; a comparison to publicly traded securities in similar industries; and other pertinent factors. The Valuation Team generally reviews industry statistics and may use outside experts when gathering this information. Once the TEV is determined for a portfolio company, the Valuation Team generally allocates the TEV to the portfolio company's securities based on the facts and circumstances of the securities, which typically results in the allocation of fair value to securities based on the order of their relative priority in the capital structure. Generally, the Valuation Team uses TEV to value our equity investments and, in the circumstances where we have the ability to effectuate a sale of a portfolio company, our debt investments. When there is equity value or sufficient TEV to cover the principal balance of our debt securities, the fair value of our senior secured debt generally equals or approximates cost.

TEV is primarily calculated using EBITDA and EBITDA multiples; however, TEV may also be calculated using revenue and revenue multiples or a discounted cash flow ("DCF") analysis whereby future expected cash flows of the portfolio company are discounted to determine a net present value using estimated risk-adjusted discount rates, which incorporate adjustments for nonperformance and liquidity risks.

- *Tield Analysis* The Valuation Team generally determines the fair value of our debt investments for which we do not have the ability to effectuate a sale of the applicable portfolio company using the yield analysis, which includes a DCF calculation and assumptions that the Valuation Team believes market participants would use, including, estimated remaining life, current market yield, current leverage, and interest rate spreads. This technique develops a modified discount rate that incorporates risk premiums including increased probability of default, increased loss upon default and increased liquidity risk. Generally, the Valuation Team uses the yield analysis to corroborate both estimates of value provided by our third party valuation firm and market quotes.
- Market Quotes For our investments for which a limited market exists, we generally base fair value on readily available and reliable market quotations which are corroborated by the Valuation Team (generally by using the yield analysis described above). In addition, the Valuation Team assesses trading activity for similar investments and evaluates variances in quotations and other market insights to determine if any available quoted prices are reliable. Typically, the Valuation Team uses the lower indicative bid price ("IBP") in the bid-to-ask price range obtained from the respective originating syndication agent's trading desk on or near the valuation date. The Valuation Team may take further steps to consider additional information to validate that price in accordance with the Policy. For securities that are publicly traded, the Valuation Team generally bases fair value on the closing market price of the securities we hold as of the reporting date. For restricted securities that are publicly traded, the Valuation Team generally bases fair value on the closing market price of the securities we hold as of the reporting date term to expiration of the restriction and the lack of marketability of the security.
- Investments in Funds For equity investments in other funds for which we cannot effectuate a sale of the fund, the Valuation Team generally determines the fair value of our invested capital at the net asset value ("NAV") provided by the fund. ASC Topic 820 permits an entity holding investments in certain entities that either are investment companies, or have attributes similar to an investment company, and calculate NAV per share or its equivalent for which the fair value is not readily determinable, to measure the fair value of such investments on the basis of that NAV per share, or its equivalent, without adjustment.

In addition to the valuation techniques listed above, the Valuation Team may also consider other factors when determining the fair value of our investments, including: the nature and realizable value of the collateral, including external parties' guaranties, any relevant offers or letters of intent to acquire the portfolio company, timing of expected loan repayments, and the markets in which the portfolio company operates.

Fair value measurements of our investments may involve subjective judgments and estimates and due to the uncertainty inherent in valuing these securities, the determinations of fair value may fluctuate from period to period and may differ materially from the values that could be obtained if a ready market for these securities existed. Our NAV could be materially affected if the determinations regarding the fair value of our investments are materially different from the values that we ultimately realize upon our disposal of such securities. Additionally, changes in the market environment and other events that may occur over the life of the investment may cause the gains or losses ultimately realized on these investments to be different than the valuations currently assigned. Further, such investments are generally subject to legal and other restrictions on resale or otherwise are less liquid than publicly traded securities. If we were required to liquidate a portfolio investment in a forced or liquidation sale, we could realize significantly less than the value at which it is recorded.

Refer to Note 3—Investments for additional information regarding fair value measurements and our application of ASC 820.

### Revenue Recognition

### Interest Income Recognition

Interest income, including the amortization of premiums, acquisition costs and amendment fees, the accretion of original issue discounts ("OID"), and paid-in-kind ("PIK") interest, is recorded on the accrual basis to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected. Generally, when a loan becomes 90 days or more past due or if our qualitative assessment indicates that the debtor is unable to service its debt or other obligations, we will place the loan on non-accrual stans and cease recognizing interest income on that loan for financial reporting purposes until the borrower has demonstrated the ability and intent to pay contractual amounts due. However, we remain contractually entitled to this interest. Interest payments received on non-accrual loans may be recognized as income or applied to the cost basis depending upon management's judgment. Generally, non-accrual loans are restored to accrual status when past due principal and interest are paid and, in management's judgment, are likely to remain current, or due to a restructuring such that the interest income is deemed to be collectible. As of September 30, 2025, our loans to B+T Group Acquisition, Inc., Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc., and WB Xeel Holdings, LLC were on non-accrual status with a cost basis of \$28.8 million, or 1.7% of the fair value of \$13.0 million, or 1.7% of the fair value of \$13.0 million, or 4.1% of the cost basis of \$28.8 million, or 4.1% of the cost basis of \$28.8 million, or 4.1% of the cost basis of \$28.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 million, or 1.9% of the fair value of \$12.8 mi

We currently hold, and we expect to hold in the future, some loans in our portfolio that contain OID or PIK provisions. We recognize OID for loans originally issued at discounts and recognize the income over the life of the obligation based on an effective yield calculation. PIK interest, computed at the contractual rate specified in a loan agreement, is added to the principal balance of a loan and recorded as income over the life of the obligation. Thus, the actual collection of PIK income may be deferred until the time of debt principal repayment. To maintain our ability to be taxed as a RIC, we may need to pay out both OID and PIK non-cash income amounts in the form of distributions, even though we have not yet collected the cash on either.

As of each of September 30, 2025 and 2024, we held two OID loans. We recorded OID income of \$0.4 million, \$0.4 million, and \$0.2 million during the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively. The unamortized balance of OID investments as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 totaled \$0.2 million and \$0.6 million and \$0.6 million, respectively. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, we had nine and eight investments which had a PIK interest component, respectively. We recorded PIK interest income of \$5.0 million, \$5.7 million, and \$3.6 million during the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively. We collected \$7.2 million, \$0.2 million, and \$1.1 million of PIK interest in cash during the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

### Success Fee Income Recognition

We record success fees as income when earned, which often occurs upon receipt of cash. Success fees are generally contractually due upon a change of control in a portfolio company, typically resulting from an exit or sale, and are non-recurring.

# Dividend Income Recognition

We accrue dividend income on preferred and common equity securities to the extent that such amounts are expected to be collected and if we have the option to collect such amounts in eash or other consideration.

## Deferred Financing and Offering Costs

Deferred financing and offering costs consist of costs incurred to obtain financing, including lender fees and legal fees. Certain costs associated with our Credit Facility (as defined below) are deferred and amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of our Credit Facility's revolving period. Costs associated with the issuance of our notes payable are presented as discounts to the principal amount of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method, over the term of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method payable are presented as discounts to the principal amount of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method payable are presented as discounts to the principal amount of the notes payable and are amortized using the straight-line method payable and are amortized using the straight-line method payable and payable and payable are presented as discounts to the principal amount of the notes payable and payable and payable are presented as discounts to the principal amount of the notes payable and payable are presented as discounts to the principal amount of the notes payable and payable are presented as discounts to the principal amount of the notes payable and payable and pa

# Related Party Fees

We are party to the Advisory Agreement with the Advisory, which is indirectly owned by our chairman and chief executive officer. In accordance with the Advisory Agreement, we pay the Adviser fees as compensation for its services, consisting of a base management fee and an incentive fee. Additionally, we pay the Adviser a loan servicing fee as compensation for its services as servicer under the terms of our revolving line of credit with KeyBank National Association ("KeyBank"), as administrative agent, lead arranger and lender (as amend and/or restated from time to time, our "Credit Facility"). These fees are accrued at the end of the quarter when the services are performed and generally paid the following quarter.

We are also party to the Administration Agreement with the Administrator, which is indirectly owned and controlled by our chairman and chief executive officer, whereby we pay separately for administrative services. Refer to Note 4—Related Party Transactions for additional information regarding these related party fees and agreements.

# Income Taxes

We intend to continue to qualify for treatment as a RIC under subchapter M of the Code, which generally allows us to avoid paying corporate income taxes on any income or gains that we distribute to our stockholders. We intend to continue to distribute sufficient dividends to eliminate taxable income. Refer to Note 10—Federal and State Income Taxes for additional information regarding our RIC requirements.

ASC 740, "Income Taxes" requires the evaluation of tax positions taken or expected to be taken in the course of preparing our tax returns to determine whether the tax positions are "more-likely-than-not" of being sustained by the applicable tax authorities. Tax positions not deemed to satisfy the "more-likely-than-not" threshold would be recorded as a taxenfit or expense in the current fiscal year. We have evaluated the implications of ASC 740, for all open tax years and in all major tax jurisdictions, and determined that there is no material impact on our accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements. Vour federal tax returns for fiscal year 2022 to 2024 remain subject to examination by the Internal Revenue Service ("IRS").

### Distributions

Distributions to stockholders are recorded on the ex-dividend date. We are required to pay out at least 90.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income (as defined below), which is generally our net ordinary income plus the excess of our net short-term capital gains over net long-term capital losses for each taxable year as a distribution to our stockholders in order to maintain our ability to be taxed as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code. It is our policy to pay out as a distribution up to 100.0% of those amounts. The amount to be paid is determined by our Board of Directors each quarter and is based on the annual earnings estimated by our management. Based on that estimate, a distribution is declared each quarter and is paid out monthly over the course of the respective quarter. Refer to Note 9—Distributions to Common Stockholders for further information.

Our transfer agent, Computershare, Inc., offers a dividend reinvestment plan for our common stockholders. This is an "opt in" dividend reinvestment plan, meaning that common stockholders may elect to have their cash distributions automatically reinvested in additional shares of our common stockholders who do not make such election will receive their distributions in cash. Common stockholders who elected to receive their distributions in cash. As plan agent, Computershare, Inc. purchases shares in the open market in connection with the obligations under the plan.

### Segment Reporting

In November 2023, the FASB issued Accounting Standards Update 2023-07, "Segment Reporting - Improvements to Reportable Segment Disclosures" ("ASU 2023-07") to improve reportable segments disclosure requirements. The ASU requires existing annual segment disclosures to also be disclosed on an interim basis and also requires additional disclosures around significant segment expenses and disclosures to identify the title and position of the chief operating decision maker ("CODM"). The standard is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023, and interim periods thereafter. We adopted ASU 2023-07 as of September 30, 2025.

Our current business strategy includes one reporting segment which derives investment income from our portfolio companies. Our CODM is our Chief Executive Officer. The CODM assesses performance based on net investment income, net realized and unrealized gains (losses) and net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations, which are reported on the Consolidated Statement of Operations. The expense categories included on the Consolidated Statement of

Operations reflect our significant expense categories and are provided to the CODM on a regular basis

### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2023, the FASB issued ASU 2023-09, "Income Taxes (Topic 740): Improvements to Income Tax Disclosures" which was issued to enhance the transparency and decision usefulness of income tax disclosures. The new guidance is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2024. The Company evaluated the impact of the new standard on the Company's consolidated financial statements and related disclosures and does not believe it will have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements or its disclosure.

#### NOTE 3 INVESTMENTS

In accordance with ASC 820, the fair value of each investment is determined to be the price that would be received for an investment in a current sale, which assumes an orderly transaction between willing market participants on the measurement date. This fair value definition focuses on exit price in the principal, or most advantageous, market and prioritizes, within a measurement of fair value, the use of market-based inputs over entity-specific inputs. ASC 820 also establishes the following three-level hierarchy for fair value measurements based upon the transparency of inputs to the valuation of a financial instrument as of the measurement date.

- · Level 1 inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical financial instruments in active markets;
- Level 2 inputs to the valuation methodology include quoted prices for similar financial instruments in active or inactive markets, and inputs that are observable for the financial instrument, either directly or indirectly, for substantially the full term of the financial instrument. Level 2 inputs are those in markets for which there are few transactions, the prices are not current, little public information exists or instances where prices vary substantially over time or among brokered market makers; and
- Level 3 inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. Unobservable inputs are those inputs that reflect assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the financial instrument and can include the Valuation Team's assumptions based upon the best available information.

When a determination is made to classify our investments within Level 3 of the valuation hierarchy, such determination is based upon the significance of the unobservable factors to the overall fair value measurement. However, Level 3 financial instruments typically include, in addition to the unobservable, or Level 3, inputs, observable inputs (or components that are actively quoted and can be validated to external sources). The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement falls is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments in funds measured using NAV as a practical expedient are not categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

As of September 30, 2025, all of our investments were valued using Level 3 inputs within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy, except for our investments in money market funds, which were valued using Level 1 inputs and our investments in Gladstone Alternative Income Fund ("Gladstone Alternative") and Leeds Novamark Capital I, L.P. ("Leeds"), which were valued using NAV as a practical expedient. As of September 30, 2024, all of our investments were valued using Level 3 inputs within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy, except for our investments in money market funds, which were valued using Level 1 inputs and our investment in Leeds, which was valued using NAV as a practical expedient.

We transfer investments in and out of Level 1, 2, and 3 of the valuation hierarchy as of the beginning balance sheet date, based on changes in the use of observable and unobservable inputs utilized to perform the valuation for the period. During the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, there were no investments transferred into or out of Levels 1, 2 or 3 of the valuation hierarchy.

As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, our investments, by security type, at fair value were categorized as follows within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy:

	Fair Value Measurements							
		Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Fair Value
As of September 30, 2025:				_		_		
Secured first lien debt	\$	_	\$	_	\$	622,371	\$	622,371
Secured second lien debt		_		_		150,542		150,542
Unsecured debt		_		_		333		333
Preferred equity		_		_		31,214		31,214
Common equity/equivalents		_		_		49,553		49,553
Total	\$		S		S	854,013	\$	854,013
Investments measured at NAV <sup>(A)</sup>								5,111
Total Investments	\$		S	_	S	854,013	\$	859,124
Cash Equivalents		31,774						31,774
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents as of September 30, 2025	\$	31,774	S	_	S	854,013	\$	890,898

		Fair Value Measurements						
	A	oted Prices in ctive Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)		Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)		Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)		Fair Value
As of September 30, 2024:			,					
Secured first lien debt	\$	_	\$	_	\$	554,937	\$	554,937
Secured second lien debt		_		_		113,716		113,716
Unsecured debt		_		_		32		32
Preferred equity		_		_		31,346		31,346
Common equity/equivalents		_		_		96,191		96,191
Total	\$	_	S		S	796,222	\$	796,222
Investments measured at NAV(A)		_		_		_		38
Total Investments	\$	_	S		S	796,222	\$	796,260
Cash Equivalents		2,157		_		_		2,157
Total Investments and Cash Equivalents as of September 30, 2024	\$	2,157	S	_	S	796,222	S	798,417

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes our investments in Gladstone Alternative and Leeds as of September 30, 2025 and our investment in Leeds as of September 30, 2024. Investments that are measured at fair value using NAV as a practical expedient have not been categorized in the fair value hierarchy. The fair value amounts presented in this table are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented elsewhere in this annual report.

The following table presents our portfolio investments, valued using Level 3 inputs within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy and carried at fair value as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 by caption on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities, and by security type:

Total Recurring Fair Value Measurements Reported in Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities Using Significant

		Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)			
	Sep	tember 30, 2025	s	eptember 30, 2024	
Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments					
Secured first lien debt	\$	517,762	\$	540,661	
Secured second lien debt		131,750		105,169	
Unsecured debt		17		32	
Preferred equity		16,794		27,247	
Common equity/equivalents		29,958 (A)		77,757 <sup>(B)</sup>	
Total Non-Control/Non-Affiliate Investments	\$	696,281	\$	750,866	
Affiliate Investments					
Secured first lien debt	\$	34,713	\$	380	
Preferred equity		9,420		4,099	
Common equity/equivalents		4,703		2,959	
Total Affiliate Investments	\$	48,836	\$	7,438	
Control Investments					
Secured first lien debt	\$	69,896	\$	13,896	
Secured second lien debt		18,792		8,547	
Unsecured debt		316		_	
Preferred equity		5,000		_	
Common equity/equivalents		14,892		15,475	
Total Control Investments	\$	108,896	\$	37,918	
Total Investments at Fair Value Using Level 3 Inputs	S	854.013	S	796,222	

<sup>(</sup>A) Excludes our investments in Gladstone Alternative and Leeds with fair values of \$5.1 million and \$36 thousand, respectively, as of September 30, 2025, which were valued using NAV as a practical expedient.

<sup>(</sup>B) Excludes our investment in Leeds with a fair value of \$38 thousand as of September 30, 2024, which was valued using NAV as a practical expedient.

In accordance with ASC 820, the following table provides quantitative information about our Level 3 fair value measurements of our investments as of September 30, 2025 and 2024. The table below is not intended to be all-inclusive, but rather provides information on the significant Level 3 inputs as they relate to our fair value measurements. The weighted average calculations in the table below are based on the principal balances for all debt related calculations and on the cost basis for all equity related calculations for the particular input.

	Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements						
	-				Ra	nge / Weighted Average as of	
	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	Valuation Techniques/ Methodologies	Unobservable Input	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024	
Secured first lien debt	\$ 548,670	\$ 464,090	Yield Analysis	Discount Rate	9.4%-19.8% / 11.7%	10.8%-17.3% / 12.6%	
	73,701	90,847	TEV	EBITDA multiple	3.5x-8.0x / 6.0x	4.1x-13.9x / 10.0x	
				EBITDA	\$538-\$4,655 / \$3,540	\$3,020-\$16,211 / \$10,309	
				Revenue multiple	0.6x-0.8x / 0.7x	0.2x-4.6x / 2.1x	
				Revenue	\$10,844-\$21,649 / \$15,090	\$6,336-\$21,118 / \$13,981	
Secured second lien debt	141,750	101,928	Yield Analysis	Discount Rate	11.4%-15.2% / 13.1%	12.2%—16.0% / 14.1%	
	_	3,241	Market Quote	IBP	N/A	88.0%-88.0% / 88.0%	
	8,792	8,547	TEV	EBITDA multiple	5.4x-5.4x / 5.4x	5.4x-5.4x / 5.4x	
				EBITDA	\$2,345-\$2,345 / \$2,345	\$3,343-\$3,343 / \$3,343	
Unsecured debt	333	32	TEV	EBITDA multiple	8.0x-8.0x / 8.0x	0.0x-0.0x / 0.0x	
				EBITDA	\$3,804-\$3,804 / \$3,804	\$0-\$0 / \$0	
				Revenue multiple	0.9x-0.9x / 0.9x	1.0x-1.0x / 1.0x	
				Revenue	\$4,846-\$4,846 / \$4,846	\$7,834-\$7,834 / \$7,834	
Preferred and common equity / equivalents(A)	80,767	127,537	TEV	EBITDA multiple	3.5x-14.6x / 6.8x	4.1x-13.9x / 8.0x	
				EBITDA	\$538-\$142,549 / \$10,222	\$1,182-\$144,458 / \$10,847	
				Revenue multiple	0.6x-0.9x / 0.7x	0.2x-4.6x / 2.0x	
				Revenue	\$4,846-\$21,649 / \$12,394	\$4,672-\$21,118 / \$12,587	
Total Level 3 Investments, at Fair Value	s 854,013	\$ 796,222					

<sup>(</sup>A) Fair value as of September 30, 2025 includes one proprietary equity investment totaling \$2.2 million, which was valued using the payoff amount as the unobservable input. Fair value as of September 30, 2025 excludes our investments in Gladstone Alternative and Leeds with fair values of \$5.1 million and \$36 thousand, respectively, which were valued using NAV as a practical expedient. Fair value as of September 30, 2024 excludes our investment in Leeds with a fair value of \$38 thousand, which was valued using NAV as a practical expedient.

Fair value measurements can be sensitive to changes in one or more of the valuation inputs. Changes in discount rates, EBITDA multiples (or revenue or revenue multiples), each in isolation, may change the fair value of certain of our investments. Generally, an increase/(decrease) in market yields, discount rates, or a (decrease)/increase in EBITDA or EBITDA multiples (or revenue or revenue multiples) may result in a (decrease)/increase, respectively, in the fair value of certain of our investments.

# Changes in Level 3 Fair Value Measurements of Investments

The following tables provide the changes in fair value, broken out by security type, during the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024 for all investments for which we determine fair value using unobservable (Level 3) inputs.

Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
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Year Ended September 30, 2025	Secured First Lien Debt	Secured Second Lien Debt	Unsecured Debt	Preferred Equity	Common Equity/ Equivalents	Total
Fair Value as of September 30, 2024	\$ 554,937	\$ 113,716	\$ 32	\$ 31,346	\$ 96,191	\$ 796,222
Total gains (losses):						
Net realized gain (loss)(A)	(8,513)	_	_	(946)	64,827	55,368
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)(B)	(7,573)	285	(56)	6,510	7,179	6,345
Reversal of prior period net depreciation (appreciation) on realization <sup>(B)</sup>	9,612	295	_	946	(60,010)	(49,157)
New investments, repayments and settlements:(C)						
Issuances/originations	322,603	57,958	357	12,762	3,026	396,706
Settlements/repayments	(240,195)	(21,712)	_	_	_	(261,907)
Net proceeds from sales	_	_	_	(19,404)	(70,160)	(89,564)
Transfers	(8,500)	_	_	_	8,500	_
Fair Value as of September 30, 2025	\$ 622,371	\$ 150,542	\$ 333	\$ 31,214	\$ 49,553	\$ 854,013

# Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)

Year Ended September 30, 2024	Secured First Lien Debt	Secured Second Lien Debt	Unsecured Debt		Preferred Equity	Common Equity/ Equivalents	Total	
Fair Value as of September 30, 2023	\$ 510,701	\$ 127,854	\$ 24	S	26,855	\$ 39,128	\$	704,562
Total gains (losses):								
Net realized gain (loss)(A)	(50)	_	_		332	1,724		2,006
Net unrealized appreciation (depreciation)(B)	(7,071)	2,445	8		(5,039)	52,781		43,124
Reversal of prior period net depreciation (appreciation) on realization(B)	(53)	(22)	_		130	(283)		(228)
New investments, repayments and settlements:(C)								
Issuances/originations	131,462	36,978	_		10,150	4,585		183,175
Settlements/repayments	(80,102)	(53,539)	_		_	_		(133,641)
Net proceeds from sales	50	_	_		(1,082)	(1,744)		(2,776)
Transfers	_	_	_		_	_		_
Fair Value as of September 30, 2024	\$ 554,937	\$ 113,716	\$ 32	\$	31,346	\$ 96,191	\$	796,222

<sup>(</sup>A) Included in net realized gain (loss) on investments on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations for the corresponding period.

(B) Included in net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) on investments on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations for the corresponding period.

(C) Includes increases in the cost basis of investments resulting from new portfolio investments, accretion of discounts, PIK, and other non-cash disbursements to portfolio companies, as well as decreases in the cost basis of investments resulting from principal repayments or sales, the amortization of premiums and acquisition costs and other cost-basis adjustments.

#### Proprietary Investments

As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, we held 54 and 47 proprietary investments with an aggregate fair value of \$859.1 million and \$792.9 million, or 100.0% and 99.6% of the total portfolio at fair value, respectively. The following significant proprietary investment transactions occurred during the year ended September 30, 2025:

- In October 2024, our \$15.0 million debt investment in Perimeter Solutions Group paid off at par. We also received a \$0.5 million prepayment penalty in conjunction with the payoff.
- In October 2024, our investment in Antenna Research Associates, Inc. was sold, which resulted in a net realized gain on our common equity of approximately \$59.3 million and the repayment of our debt investment of \$31.3 million at par.
- In November 2024, we invested an additional \$28.9 million in Giving Home Healthcare, LLC ("Giving Home"), an existing portfolio company, through secured first lien debt. In June 2025, we invested an additional \$7.0 million in Giving Home through secured first lien debt.
- In November 2024, we invested \$10.5 million in Wings 'N More Restaurants, LLC ("Wings") through secured first lien debt. We also extended Wings a \$1.5 million secured first lien line of credit commitment and a \$5.0 million secured first lien delayed draw term loan commitment, both of which were unfunded at close.

  In November 2024, our \$22.3 million debt investment in ENET Holdings, LLC paid off at par.

- In December 2024, we invested \$42.8 million in Vet's Choice Radiology, LLC through secured first lien debt.

  In December 2024, we invested \$28.9 million in Pan-Am Dental, LLC through secured second lien debt and preferred equity.
- In December 2024, we invested \$15.0 million in Freedom Dental Management, Inc. through secured first lien debt In December 2024, we invested \$5.0 million in Tube Bending Technology, LLC through secured second lien debt.
- In December 2024, we invested \$5.0 million in Gladstone Alternative, one of our affiliated funds, through common equity
- In December 2024, we invested \$3.00 million in disassonic Atternative, one of our attributed units, inrough common equity.

  In December 2024, our investment in Salt and Straw, LLC, paid off which resulted in a realized gain approximately \$2.5 million on our preferred equity and the repayment of our debt investment of \$10.9 million at par. We also received a \$0.1 million prepayment penalty in conjunction with the payoff. We continue to hold warrants for common equity in Salt and Straw, LLC.

  In January 2024, we sold our debt investment in Fix-It Group, LLC which resulted in a net realized loss on our debt of approximately \$4.1 million.

  In January 2025, our \$20.6 million debt investment in Fix-It Group, LLC paid off at par. We also received a \$0.1 million prepayment penalty.

- In January 2025, our \$5.4 million debt investment in Sokol and Company, LLC ("Sokol") paid off at par. Additionally, in February 2025, a portion of our common equity investment in Sokol was sold, representing a return of our equity cost basis of \$1.1 million and a realized gain of \$4.7 million.
- In February 2025, we invested \$18.9 million in Dutch Gold Honey, Inc. through secured second lien debt and common equity. In February 2025, we invested \$19.4 million in Viron International, LLC through secured first lien debt and common equity.
- In March 2025, we received a \$6.0 million partial repayment on our debt investment in Viva Railings, LLC.

- In March 2025, we received a 56.0 million partial repayment on our debt investment in 1vla Rainings, LLC.
  In March 2025, we exited our investment in MCG Energy Solutions, LLC, which resulted in a realized gain on our preferred equity investment of approximately \$3.0 million and the repayment of our debt investment of \$20.4 million at par.
  In April 2025, our \$42.2 million debt investment in SpaceCo Holdings, LLC paid off at par.
  In April 2025, our investment in Eegees, LLC was restructured as part of the bankruptcy process resulting in a new \$12.8 million first lien debt investment and a new \$8.5 million common equity investment in Eegee Acquisition Corporation. In conjunction with the restructuring, we recorded a net realized loss of approximately \$4.4 million.
- In May 2025, we invested \$46.0 million in Altior Healthcare, LLC through secured first lien debt.
- In May 2025, we invested \$400 million in Mator readmetare, the Cupus paid off at par. We also received a \$0.4 million prepayment penalty in conjunction with the payoff.

  In June 2025, we invested \$12.6 million in RF Technologies, LLC through secured first lien debt. We also extended RF Technologies, LLC a \$3.5 million secured first lien line of credit commitment. In July 2025, we invested \$25.0 million in MASSiv Brands, LLC through secured first lien debt.

- In July 2025, we invested \$15.0 million in Alsay Incorporated through secured second lien debt and preferred equity.
- In July 2025, we invested \$23.7 million in Snif-Snax, LLC through secured first lien debt and preferred equity.

  In July 2025, we invested \$13.0 million in Zero Case Holding Inc. through secured first lien debt and common equity. We also extended this business a \$4.0 million secured first lien line of credit commitment, which was unfunded at close.
- In August 2025, we invested an additional \$16.6 million in OCI, LLC, an existing portfolio company, through secured first lien debt and common equity.

  In August 2025, we invested an additional \$16.6 million in OCI, LLC, an existing portfolio company, through secured first lien debt and common equity.

  In August 2025, we invested \$30.0 million in Foodservices Brand Group ("FBG") through secured first lien debt. We also extended FBG a \$10.0 million secured first lien line of credit commitment, which was unfunded at close. In September 2025, we recorded a realized close of \$6.4 million on our equity investment in FES Resources Holdings, LLC.

  In September 2025, our \$15.4 million debt investment in Ohio Armor Holdings, LLC.

# Syndicated Investments

As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, we held one and two syndicated investments with an aggregate fair value of less than \$0.1 million and \$3.3 million, or less than 0.1% and 0.4% of the total portfolio at fair value, respectively. The following significant syndicated investment transaction occurred during the year ended September 30, 2025:

• In July 2025, our \$3.7 million debt investment in 8th Avenue Food & Provisions, Inc. paid off at par.

As of September 30, 2025, our investment portfolio consisted of investments in 55 portfolio companies located in 22 states in 16 different industries, with an aggregate fair value of \$859.1 million. The five largest investments at fair value as of September 30, 2025 totaled \$196.5 million, or 22.9% of our total investment portfolio. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, our average investment by obligor was \$15.9 million and \$15.7 million at cost, respectively.

The following table outlines our investments by security type as of September 30, 2025 and 2024:

		Septembe	r 30, 2025				Septembe	er 30, 2024	
	 Cost		Fai	Value	-	Cost		F	air Value
Secured first lien debt	\$ 646,131	73.7 %	\$ 622,371	72.4 %	\$	580,736	75.3 %	\$ 554,937	69.7 %
Secured second lien debt	149,937	17.1	150,542	17.5		113,691	14.8	113,716	14.3
Unsecured debt	555	0.1	333	0.1		198	0.0	32	0.0
Total debt investments	796,623	90.9	773,246	90.0	-	594,625	90.1	668,685	84.0
Preferred equity	37,429	4.3	31,214	3.6		45,017	5.8	31,346	3.9
Common equity/equivalents	42,562	4.8	54,664	6.4		31,369	4.1	96,229	12.1
Total equity investments	 79,991	9.1	85,878	10.0		76,386	9.9	127,575	16.0
Total Investments	\$ 876,614	100.0 %	\$ 859,124	100.0 %	\$	771,011	100.0 %	\$ 796,260	100.0 %

Our investments at fair value consisted of the following industry classifications as of September 30, 2025 and 2024:

	September 30,	2025	September 30, 2024			
Industry Classification	 Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments		
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare	\$ 273,262	31.8 % \$	101,707	12.8 %		
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing	202,466	23.6	160,264	20.1		
Diversified/Conglomerate Service	152,042	17.7	179,032	22.5		
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco	54,605	6.4	88,327	11.1		
Home and Office Furnishings, Housewares and Durable Consumer Products	30,000	3.5	_	_		
Automobile	27,361	3.2	28,286	3.6		
Machinery	26,381	3.1	21,816	2.7		
Personal, Food, and Miscellaneous Services	23,700	2.7	_	_		
Cargo Transportation	20,000	2.3	20,200	2.5		
Oil and Gas	17,512	2.0	20,554	2.6		
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products	13,866	1.6	13,586	1.7		
Printing and Publishing	5,809	0.7	4,312	0.5		
Aerospace and Defense	1,184	0.1	153,096	19.2		
Other, < 2.0%	10,936	1.3	5,080	0.7		
Total Investments	\$ 859,124	100.0 % \$	796,260	100.0 %		

Our investments at fair value were included in the following U.S. geographic regions as of September 30, 2025 and 2024:

		September	r 30, 2025	Septem	ber 30, 2024
Location	Fair Value		Percentage of Total Investments	Fair Value	Percentage of Total Investments
South	s	287,371	33.5 %	\$ 314,010	39.4 %
Midwest		237,417	27.6	192,897	24.2
West		233,564	27.2	249,082	31.3
Northeast		100,772	11.7	40,271	5.1
Total Investments	S	859,124	100.0 %	\$ 796,260	100.0 %

The geographic composition indicates the location of the headquarters for our portfolio companies. A portfolio company may have additional locations in other geographic regions.

# Investment Principal Repayments

The following table summarizes the contractual principal repayment and maturity of our investment portfolio by fiscal year, assuming no voluntary prepayments, as of September 30, 2025:

Year Ending September 30,	Aı	mount
2026 <sup>(A)</sup>	\$	58,434
2027		157,554
2028		222,265
2029		139,336
2030		209,608
Thereafter		10,000
Total contractual repayments	S	797,197
Adjustments to cost basis of debt investments		(574)
Investments in equity securities		79,991
Investments held as of September 30, 2025 at cost:	S	876,614

<sup>(</sup>A) Includes debt investments with contractual principal amounts totaling \$0.5 million for which the maturity date has passed as of September 30, 2025.

### Receivables from Portfolio Companies

Receivables from portfolio companies represent non-recurring costs incurred on behalf of such portfolio companies and are included in other assets on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. We generally maintain an allowance for uncollectible receivables from portfolio companies when the receivable balance becomes 90 days or more past due or if it is determined, based upon management's judgment, that the portfolio company is unable to pay its obligations. We write-off accounts receivable when we have exhausted collection efforts and have deemed the receivables uncollectible. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, we had gross receivables from portfolio companies of \$2.4 million and \$1.7 million, respectively. The allowance for uncollectible receivables was \$52 thousand and \$75 thousand as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### NOTE 4. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

### Transactions with the Adviser

We have been externally managed by the Adviser pursuant to the Advisory Agreement since October 1, 2004 pursuant to which we pay the Adviser a base management fee and an incentive fee for its services. On July 10, 2025, our Board of Directors, including a majority of the directors who are not parties to the Advisory Agreement or interested persons of us or the Adviser, unanimously approved the renewal of the Advisory Agreement through August 31, 2026.

We also pay the Adviser a loan servicing fee for its role of servicer pursuant to our Credit Facility. The entire loan servicing fee paid to the Adviser by Business Loan is non-contractually, unconditionally and irrevocably credited against the base management fee otherwise payable to the Adviser, since Business Loan is a consolidated subsidiary of ours, and overall, the base management fee (including any loan servicing fee) cannot exceed 1.75% of total assets (including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings) during any given fiscal year pursuant to the Advisory Agreement.

David Gladstone (our chairman and chief executive officer) serves as a director and executive officer of the Adviser, which, as of September 30, 2025, is 100% indirectly owned by Mr. Gladstone. Robert Marcotte (our president) also serves as executive vice president of private equity of the Adviser. Michael LiCalsi, our chief administrative officer, co-general counsel, and co-secretary, also serves in the same roles for our Adviser and Administrator (in addition to serving as president of our Administrator). Erich Hellmold, our co-general counsel and co-secretary, also serves in the same roles for our Adviser and Administrator.

The following table summarizes the base management fee, incentive fee, and loan servicing fee and associated non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits reflected in our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

		Year Ended September 30,					
	<del></del>	2025	2024		2023		
Average total assets subject to base management fee(A)(B)	\$	794,857	\$ 777,657	\$	685,600		
Multiplied by annual base management fee of 1.75%		1.75 %	1.75 %		1.75 %		
Base management fee(C)		13,910	13,609		11,998		
Portfolio company fee credit		(5,593)	(2,866)		(3,263)		
Syndicated loan fee credit		(37)	(101)		(126)		
Net Base Management Fee	\$	8,280	\$ 10,642	\$	8,609		
	_						
Loan servicing fee <sup>(C)</sup>	\$	8,888	\$ 8,862	\$	8,053		
Credit to base management fee - loan servicing fee(C)		(8,888)	(8,862)		(8,053)		
Net Loan Servicing Fee	\$		s —	\$	_		
	_						
Incentive fee <sup>(C)</sup>	\$	10,486	\$ 11,410	\$	10,255		
Incentive fee credit		(2,344)	(204)		_		
Net Incentive Fee	\$	8,142	\$ 11,206	\$	10,255		
	_						
Portfolio company fee credit	\$	(5,593)	\$ (2,866)	\$	(3,263)		
Syndicated loan fee credit		(37)	(101)		(126)		
Incentive fee credit		(2,344)	(204)		_		
Credit to Fees from Adviser—Other(C)	\$	(7,974)	\$ (3,171)	\$	(3,389)		

<sup>(</sup>A) Average total assets subject to the base management fee is defined in the Advisory Agreement as total assets, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings, valued at the end of the two most recently completed quarters within the respective years and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period. Excludes our investment in Gladstone Alternative valued at the end of the applicable periods.

The base management fee is payable quarterly to the Adviser pursuant to our Advisory Agreement and is assessed at an annual rate of 1.75%, computed on the basis of the value of our average total assets at the end of the two most recently-completed quarters (inclusive of the current quarter), which are total assets, including investments made with proceeds of borrowings, less any uninvested cash or cash equivalents resulting from borrowings and adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the

Additionally, pursuant to the requirements of the 1940 Act, the Adviser makes available significant managerial assistance to our portfolio companies. The Adviser may also provide other services to our portfolio companies under certain agreements and may receive fees for services other than managerial assistance. Such services may include: (i) assistance obtaining, sourcing or structuring credit facilities, long term loans or additional equity from unaffiliated third parties; (ii) negotiating important contractual financial relationships; (iii) consulting services regarding restructuring of the portfolio company and financial modeling as it relates to raising additional debt and equity capital from unaffiliated third parties; and (iv) taking a primary role in interviewing, vetting and negotiating employment contracts with candidates in connection with adding and retaining key portfolio company management team members. The Adviser non-contractually, unconditionally, and irrevocably credits 100% of any fees for such services against the base management fee that we would otherwise be required to pay to the Adviser.

Our Board of Directors accepted a non-contractual, unconditional, and irrevocable credit from the Adviser to reduce the annual base management fee on syndicated loan participations to 0.5%, to the extent that proceeds resulting from

<sup>(</sup>C) Reflected as a line item on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

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borrowings were used to purchase such syndicated loan participations, for each of the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024.

#### Loan Servicing Fee

The Adviser also services the loans held by Business Loan (the borrower under the Credit Facility), in return for which the Adviser receives a 1.5% annual fee payable monthly based on the aggregate outstanding balance of loans pledged under our Credit Facility. As discussed in the notes to the table above, we treat payment of the loan servicing fee pursuant to the Credit Facility as a pre-payment of the base management fee under the Advisory Agreement. Accordingly, these loan servicing fees are 100% non-contractually, unconditionally and irrevocably credited back to us by the Adviser.

#### Incentive Fe

The incentive fee consists of two parts: an income-based incentive fee and a capital gains-based incentive fee. The income-based incentive fee rewards the Adviser if our quarterly net investment income (before giving effect to any incentive fee) exceeds 1.75% (2.0% during the period from April 1, 2020 through March 31, 2023) of our net assets, which we define as total assets less indebtedness and before taking into account any incentive fees payable or contractually due but not payable during the period, at the end of the immediately preceding calendar quarter, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period (the "hurdle rate"). The income-based incentive fee with respect to our pre-incentive fee net investment income is generally payable quarterly to the Adviser and is computed as follows:

- · no incentive fee in any calendar quarter in which our pre-incentive fee net investment income does not exceed the hurdle rate;
- 100.0% of our pre-incentive fee net investment income with respect to that portion of such pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds the hurdle rate but is less than 2.1875% (2.50% from April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023) of our net assets, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period, in any calendar quarter; and
- 20.0% of the amount of our pre-incentive fee net investment income, if any, that exceeds 2.1875% (2.50% from April 1, 2022 through March 31, 2023) of our net assets, adjusted appropriately for any share issuances or repurchases during the period, in any calendar quarter.

The second part of the incentive fee is a capital gains-based incentive fee that is determined and payable in arrears as of the end of each fiscal year (or upon termination of the Advisory Agreement, as of the termination date) and equals 20.0% of our "net realized capital gains" (as defined herein) as of the end of the fiscal year. In determining the capital gains-based incentive fee payable to the Advisor, we calculate "net realized capital gains" at the end of each applicable year by subtracting the sum of our cumulative aggregate realized capital gains. For this purpose, cumulative aggregate realized gains, if any, equals the sum of the differences between the net sales price of each investment, when sold, and the original cost of such investment since inception. The entire portfolio's aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, if any, equals the sum of the difference between the valuation of each investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original cost of such investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original cost of such investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original cost of such investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original cost of such investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original costs of such investment as of the applicable calculation date and the original costs of such investment as of the applicable fiscal year, the anomun of capital gains bases for our calculation of the capital gains based incentive fee equals the cumulative aggregate realized capital gains less the entire portfolio's aggregate unrealized capital depreciation, if any. If this number is positive at the end of such fiscal year, then the capital gains-based incentive fee for such year equals 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of any capital gains-based incentive fee paid in respect of our portfolio in all prior years. No capital gains based incentive fee has been recorded or paid since our inception through September 30, 2025, as cu

In accordance with GAAP, a capital gains-based incentive fee accrual is calculated using the aggregate cumulative realized capital gains and losses and aggregate cumulative unrealized capital appreciation and depreciation. If such amount is positive at the end of a period, then GAAP requires us to record a capital gains-based incentive fee equal to 20.0% of such amount, less the aggregate amount of actual capital gains-based incentive fees paid in all prior years. If such amount is negative, then there is no accrual for such period. GAAP requires that the capital gains-based incentive fee would be payable if such unrealized capital appreciation were realized. There can be no assurance that such unrealized capital appreciation were realized.

appreciation will be realized in the future. No GAAP accrual for a capital gains-based incentive fee has been recorded from our inception through September 30, 2025.

Our Board of Directors accepted non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits from the Adviser to reduce the income-based incentive fee to the extent net investment income did not 100.0% cover distributions to common stockholders for the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, which credits totaled \$2.3 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. There were no such credits during the year ended September 30, 2023.

#### Transactions with the Administrator

We have entered into the Administration Agreement with the Administrator to provide administrator be reimburse the Administrator pursuant to the Administrator Agreement for the portion of expenses the Administrator incurs while performing services for us. The Administrator's expenses are primarily rent and the salaries, benefits and expenses of the Administrator's employees, including: our chief financial officer and treasurer, chief compliance officer, chief valuation officer, and co-general counsels and co-secretaries and their respective staffs. David Gladstone (our chairman and chief executive officer) serves as a member of the board of managers and executive officer of the Administrator, which, as of September 30, 2025, is 100% indirectly owned and controlled by Mr. Gladstone. Mr. LiCalsi, our chief administrator officer, co-general counsel and co-secretary, also serves in the same roles for our Adviser and Administrator. Mr. Hellmold, our co-general counsel and co-secretary also serves in the same roles for our Adviser and Administrator.

Our allocable portion of the Administrator's expenses is generally derived by multiplying the Administrator's total expenses by the approximate percentage of time during the current quarter the Administrator's employees performed services for us in relation to their time spent performing services for all companies serviced by the Administrator. On July 10, 2025, our Board of Directors, including a majority of the directors who are not parties to the Administration Agreement or interested persons of either party, approved the renewal of the Administration Agreement through August 31, 2026.

#### Other Transactions

Gladstone Securities, LLC ("Gladstone Securities"), a privately-held broker-dealer registered with the Financial Industry Regulatory Authority and insured by the Securities Investor Protection Corporation, which is 100% indirectly owned and controlled by Mr. Gladstone, our chairman and chief executive officer, has provided other services, such as investment banking and due diligence services, to certain of our portfolio companies, for which Gladstone Securities receives a fee. Any such fees paid by portfolio companies to Gladstone Securities do not impact the fees we pay to the Adviser or the non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits against the base management fee or incentive fee. Gladstone Securities received fees from portfolio companies totaling \$1.1 million, and \$0.8 million during the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023, respectively.

We entered into a dealer manager agreement (the "Dealer Manager Agreement") with Gladstone Securities pursuant to which Gladstone Securities serves as our exclusive dealer manager in connection with the offering of our Series A Preferred Stock (as defined in Note 6—Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock Offering). Under the Dealer Manager Agreement, Gladstone Securities provides certain sales, promotional and marketing services to us in connection with the offering of the Series A Preferred Stock (the "Series A Preferred Stock in offering.") and we pay Gladstone Securities (i) selling commissions of the gross proceeds from sales of Series A Preferred Stock in the offering, and (ii) a dealer manager fee of up to 3.0% of the gross proceeds from sales of Series A Preferred Stock in the offering. The terms of the Dealer Manager Agreement were approved by our board of directors, including its independent directors. During the years ended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, we paid Gladstone Securities selling commissions and dealer manager fees totaling \$1.3 million and \$0.9 million related to the offering of Series A Preferred Stock, which are netted against gross proceeds from the sales. There were no such fees paid during the period rended September 30, 2025, and 2024, respectively, we paid the paid

#### Investment in Affiliated Fund

In December 2024, we invested in Gladstone Alternative, one of our affiliated funds, that is a registered, non-diversified, closed-end management investment company that operates as an interval fund. The fair value of the investment in Gladstone Alternative is excluded from the average total assets subject to base management fee for the purposes of calculating the base management fee we pay to the Adviser.

## Related Party Fees Due

Amounts due to related parties on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities were as follows:

	September 30, 2025	September 30, 2024
Base management fee due to (from) Adviser	\$ (408)	\$ 809
Loan servicing fee due to Adviser	551	509
Incentive fee due to (from) Adviser	2,778	2,571
Total fees due to (from) Adviser	2,921	3,889
Fee due to Administrator	610	569
Total Related Party Fees Due	\$ 3,531	\$ 4,458

In addition to the above fees, other operating expenses due to the Adviser as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 totaled \$0.1 million and \$52 thousand, respectively. In addition, net expenses payable to Gladstone Investment Corporation (for reimbursement purposes), which includes certain co-investment expenses, totaled \$52 thousand and \$75 thousand as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively. These amounts are generally settled in the quarter subsequent to being incurred and are included in other liabilities on the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2025 and 2024.

## NOTE 5. BORROWINGS

Revolving Line of Credit

On May 13, 2021, we, through Business Loan, entered into a sixth amended and restated credit agreement with KeyBank as administrative agent, lead arranger, managing agent and lender, the Adviser, as servicer, and certain other lenders party thereto (the "Credit Facility"). On June 23, 2025, we, through Business Loan, entered into Amendment No. 9 to the Credit Facility.

As of September 30, 2025, our Credit Facility had a total commitment amount of \$320.0 million with an "accordion" feature that permits us to increase the size of the facility to \$400.0 million. The Credit Facility has a revolving period end date of October 31, 2027 and a final maturity date of October 31, 2029 (at which time all principal and interest will be due and payable if the Credit Facility is not extended by the revolving period end date). The interest rate margin is 2.60% during the revolving period and 3.10% thereafter.

The following tables summarize noteworthy information related to our Credit Facility:

	As of Se	ptember 30,
	2025	2024
Commitment amount	\$ 320,000	\$ 293,659
Borrowings outstanding, at cost	_	70,600
Availability <sup>(A)</sup>	307,467	200,381

	Year Ended September 30,						
	 2025	2024	2023				
Weighted average borrowings outstanding, at cost	\$ 40,212	\$ 70,572	\$	133,692			
Weighted average interest rate(B)	13.8 %	11.0 %		8.0 %			
Commitment (unused) fees incurred	\$ 2,575	\$ 1,696	\$	624			

<sup>(</sup>A) Available borrowings are subject to various constraints imposed under our Credit Facility, based on the aggregate loan balance pledged by Business Loan, which varies as loans are added and repaid, regardless of whether such repayments are prepayments or made as contractually required.

Includes unused commitment fees and excludes the impact of deferred financing costs.

Our Credit Facility also requires that any interest or principal payments on pledged loans be remitted directly by the borrower into a lockbox account with KeyBank is also the trustee of the account and generally remits the collected funds to us once each month. Amounts collected in the lockbox account with KeyBank are presented as Due from administrative agent on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2025 and 2024.

Our Credit Facility contains covenants that require Business Loan to maintain its status as a separate legal entity, prohibit certain significant corporate transactions (such as mergers, consolidations, liquidations or dissolutions), and restrict material changes to our credit and collection policies without the lenders' consent. Our Credit Facility also generally limits distributions to our stockholders on a fiscal year basis to the sum of our net investment income, net capital gains and amounts elected to have been paid during the prior year in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code. Business Loan is also subject to certain limitations on the type of loan investments it can apply as collateral towards the borrowing base to receive additional borrowing availability under our Credit Facility, including restrictions on geographic concentrations, sector concentrations, loan size, payment frequency and status, average life and lien property. Our Credit Facility further requires Business Loan to comply with other financial and operational covenants, which obligate Business Loan to, among other things, maintain certain financial ratios, including asset and interest coverage and a minimum number of 25 obligors required in the borrowing base.

Additionally, we are required to maintain (i) a minimum net worth (defined in our Credit Facility to include any outstanding mandatorily redeemable preferred stock) of \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$581.0 million as of \$500.0 million as of \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$581.0 million as of \$500.0 million as of \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$581.0 million as of \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$581.0 million as of \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired or redeemed after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates to \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates the \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates the \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates the \$500.0 million plus 50.0% of all equity and subordinated debt retired after June 23, 2025, which equates the \$500.0 million plus 50.0 million plus

As of September 30, 2025, and as defined in our Credit Facility, we had a net worth of \$877.9 million, asset coverage on our "senior securities representing indebtedness" of 219.8%, calculated in accordance with the requirements of Section 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, and an active status as a BDC and RIC. In addition, we had 34 obligors in our Credit Facility's borrowing base as of September 30, 2025, we were in compliance with all of our Credit Facility covenants.

#### Fair Value

We elected to apply the fair value option of ASC 825, "Financial Instruments," specifically for the Credit Facility, which was consistent with our application of ASC 820 to our investments. Generally, the fair value of our Credit Facility is determined using a yield analysis which includes a DCF calculation and the assumptions that the Valuation Team believes market participants would use, including the estimated remaining life, counterparty credit risk, current market yield and interest rate spreads of similar securities as of the measurement ater. As of September 30, 2025, the discount rate used to determine the fair value of our Credit Facility was one-month Term SOFR, plus 3.0% per annum, plus a 1.00% unused commitment fee. As of September 30, 2024, the discount rate used to determine the fair value of our Credit Facility was one-month Term SOFR, plus 3.10% per annum, plus a 1.00% unused commitment fee. Generally, an increase or decrease in the discount rate used in the DCF calculation may result in a corresponding decrease or increase, respectively, in the fair value of our Credit Facility. As of September 30, 2025 and 2024, our Credit Facility was valued using Level 3 inputs and any changes in its fair value are recorded in net unrealized depreciation (appreciation) of other on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations.

The following tables present our Credit Facility carried at fair value as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities for Level 3 of the hierarchy established by ASC 820 and the changes in fair value of our Credit Facility during the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

Total Recurring Fair Value
Measurement Reported in
Consense and Liabilities
Using Significant
Unobservable Injunts (Level 3)
As of September 30,
25
2024

 Credit Facility
 2025
 2024

 \$
 \$
 70,600

### Fair Value Measurements Using Significant Unobservable Data Inputs (Level 3)

	Year Ended	September 30,
	2025	2024
Fair value as of September 30, 2024 and 2023, respectively	\$ 70,600	\$ 47,800
Borrowings	332,000	221,200
Repayments	(402,600)	(198,400)
Net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation (A)	_	_
Fair Value as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively	s –	\$ 70,600

(A) Included in net unrealized (appreciation) depreciation of other on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024

The fair value of the collateral under our Credit Facility totaled approximately \$754.6 million and \$714.4 million as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

#### Notes Payable

The indenture relating to the 7.75% Notes due 2028 (the "2028 Notes"), 3.75% Notes due 2027 (the "2027 Notes"), and 5.125% Notes due 2026 (the "2026 Notes") contains certain covenants, including (i) an inability to incur additional debt or preferred securities unless the Company's asset coverage meets the threshold specified in the 1940 Act after such borrowing, (ii) an inability to declare any dividend or distribution (except a dividend payable in our stock) on a class of our capital stock or to purchase shares of our capital stock unless the Company's asset coverage meets the threshold specified in the 1940 Act after such borrowing, (ii) an inability to declare any dividend or distribution (except a dividend payable in our stock) on a class of our capital stock or to purchase, and (iii) if, at any time, we are not subject to the reporting requirements of the Exchange Act, we will provide the holders of the 2028 Notes, the 2027 Notes, and the 2026 Notes, as applicable, and the trustee with audited annual consolidated financial statements and unaudited interim consolidated financial statements.

The indenture relating to the 5.875% Convertible Notes due 2030 (the "2030 Convertible Notes") similarly contains certain covenants including (i) an inability to incur additional debt or issue additional debt or preferred securities unless the Company's asset coverage meets the threshold specified in the 1940 Act after such borrowing and (ii) that we will file with the trustee any documents or reports that we are required to file with the SEC pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act within 15 days after the same are required to be filed with the SEC; provided that any documents filed by us with the SEC via the EDGAR system will be deemed to be filed with the trustee.

The 2030 Convertible Notes, 2028 Notes, 2027 Notes, and 2026 Notes are recorded at the aggregate principal amount, plus applicable premiums, less discounts and offering costs, on our Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities.

#### 2030 Convertible Notes

In September 2025, we completed an offering of \$149.5 million aggregate principal amount of 2030 Convertible Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$142.8 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. The 2030 Notes will mature on October 1, 2030, unless earlier converted, redeemed or repurchased. The 2030 Notes bear interest at a rate of 5.875% per year. Interest is payable semi-annually on April 1 and October 1 of each year beginning April 1, 2026 (which equates to approximately \$8.8 million per year).

At any time prior to the close of business on the business day immediately preceding October 1, 2030, holders may convert all or any portion of their 2030 Convertible Notes. Upon conversion, the Company will pay or deliver, as the case may be, cash, shares of its common stock, or a combination of cash and shares of its common stock, at the Company's election. The conversion rate was initially 38,4394 shares of common stock per \$1,000 principal amount of 2030 Convertible Notes (equivalent to an initial conversion price of \$26.02 per share of common stock). The conversion rate is subject to adjustment upon certain events, such as share splits and combinations, mergers, tender or exchange offers, increases in dividends per share and certain changes in control. In no event will the total number of shares of common stock issuable upon conversion exceed 42.2834 per \$1,000 principal amount of the 2030 Convertible Notes. The Company has

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determined that the embedded conversion option in the 2030 Convertible Notes is not required to be separately accounted for as a derivative under GAAP.

The following table summarizes certain key terms related to the convertible features of the 2030 Convertible Notes as of September 30, 2025

		2030 Convertible Notes
Conversion Premium		10.0 %
Closing stock price at issuance	\$	23.65
Closing stock price date		September 9, 2025
Conversion price <sup>(A)</sup>	\$	25.90
Conversion rate (shares per \$1,000 principal amount)(A)		38.61
Last conversion price calculation date		Sentember 22, 2025

(A) Represents conversion price and conversion rate, as applicable, as of September 30, 2025.

We may redeem for cash all or any portion of the 2030 Convertible Notes (subject to the partial redemption limitation), at our option, on a redemption date on or after October 6, 2028 and on or before the 45th scheduled trading day immediately prior to the maturity date if the last reported sale price of our common stock has been at least 130% of the conversion price then in effect for at least 20 trading days (whether or not consecutive) during any 30 consecutive trading day period (including the last trading day of such period) ending on, and including, the trading day immediately preceding the date on which we provide notice of redemption at a redemption price equal to 100% of the principal amount of the 2030 Convertible Notes to be redeemed, plus accrued and unpaid interest to, but excluding, the redemption date.

The issuance of the 2030 Convertible Notes is considered part of the if-converted method for calculation of diluted earnings per share as reflected in Note 8—Net Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Resulting From Operations per Common Share.

The fair value of the 2030 Convertible Notes, based on the indicative bid price offered by a recognized independent data provider was \$146.9 million on September 30, 2025, which we consider to be a Level 2 input within the ASC 820 hierarchy.

#### 2028 Note.

In August 2023, we completed an offering of \$57.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2028 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$55.1 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. On October 15, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed 100% of the issued and outstanding 2028 Notes, following which they were delisted from the Nasdaq Global Select Market. The 2028 Notes would have otherwise matured on September 1, 2028. The 2028 Notes bore interest at a rate of 7.75% per year. Interest was payable quarterly on March 1, June 1, September 1 of each year.

The fair value, based on the last quoted closing price, of the 2028 Notes as of September 30, 2025 was \$57.3 million. We consider the trading price of the 2028 Notes to be a Level 1 input within the ASC 820 hierarchy.

#### 2027 Notes

In November 2021, we completed an issuance of \$50.0 million aggregate principal amount of 2027 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$48.5 million after deducting initial purchasers' costs, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. The 2027 Notes will mature on May 1, 2027 and may be redeemed in whole or in part at any time or from time to time at the Company's option prior to maturity at par plus a "make-whole" premium, if applicable. The 2027 Notes bear interest at a rate of 3.75% per year. Interest is payable semi-annually on May 1 and November 1 of each year (which equates to approximately \$1.9 million per year).

In April 2022, pursuant to the registration rights agreement we entered into in connection with the 2027 Notes, we conducted an exchange offer through which we offered to exchange all of our then outstanding 2027 Notes (the "Restricted Notes") that were issued on November 4, 2021, for an equal aggregate principal amount of our new 3.75% Notes due 2027 (the "Exchange Notes") that had been registered with the SEC under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended. The terms of

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the Exchange Notes are identical to those of the Restricted Notes, except that the transfer restrictions and registration rights relating to the Restricted Notes do not apply to the Exchange Notes, and the Exchange Notes do not provide for the payment of additional interest in the event of a registration default

The fair value, based on a DCF analysis, of the 2027 Notes as of September 30, 2025 was \$48.0 million. We consider the 2027 Notes to be Level 3 within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy.

#### 2026 Mate

In December 2020, we completed an offering of \$100.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$97.7 million after deducting underwriting discounts, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. In March 2021, we completed an offering of an additional \$5.0 million aggregate principal amount of the 2026 Notes for net proceeds of approximately \$50.6 million after adding premiums and deducting underwriting costs, commissions and offering expenses borne by us. On October 31, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed 100% of the issued and outstanding 2026 Notes. The 2026 Notes would have otherwise matured on January 31, 2026. The 2026 Notes bore interest at a rate of 5.125% per year. Interest was payable semi-annually on January 31 and July 31 of each year.

The fair value, based on a DCF analysis, of the 2026 Notes as of September 30, 2025 was \$149.4 million. We consider the 2026 Notes to be Level 3 within the ASC 820 fair value hierarchy.

#### NOTE 6. CUMULATIVE REDEEMABLE PREFERRED STOCK OFFERING

In May 2023, we entered into a Dealer Manager Agreement pursuant to which we may sell a maximum of 6,000,000 shares of 6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (the "Series A Preferred Stock"), par value \$0.001 per share, on a "reasonable best efforts" basis through our affiliated dealer manager, Gladstone Securities, at a public offering price of \$25.00 per share. Pursuant to the Dealer Manager Agreement, the offering will terminate on the date that is the earlier of (1) December 31, 2026 (unless earlier terminated or extended by our Board of Directors) and (2) the date on which all 6,000,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock offered are sold. See Note 4, "Related-Party Transactions," for a discussion of the commissions and fees to be paid to Gladstone Securities in connection with the Series A Offering.

The Series A Preferred Stock is being sold pursuant to our shelf registration statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-275934), under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and a prospectus supplement, dated November 22, 2024, and a base prospectus dated January 17, 2024. As of September 30, 2025, we had a remaining capacity to sell up to an additional 5,134,548 shares of Series A Preferred Stock under the Dealer Manager Agreement.

During the year ended September 30, 2025, we sold 518,321 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for gross proceeds of \$13.0 million and net proceeds of \$11.6 million. During the year ended September 30, 2024, we sold 349,931 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for gross proceeds of \$8.7 million and net proceeds of \$7.8 million. During the year ended September 30, 2025, we redeemed 2,800 shares of Series A Preferred Stock for a total gross cost of \$70 thousand. There were no redemptions of Series A Preferred Stock during the year ended September 30, 2024. There were 865,452 and 349,931 shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding as of September 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024, respectively.

In accordance with ASC 480-10-899-3A, the Company's Series A Preferred Stock has been classified in temporary equity on the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. The Series A Preferred Stock is recorded net of offering and issuance costs. Dividend payments to our preferred stockholders are included in preferred stock dividends on our Consolidated Statements of Operations, which totaled \$0.9 million and \$0.2 million during the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively.

We may be required to mandatorily redeem some or all of the shares of our Series A Preferred Stock if we fail to maintain asset coverage of at least the minimum amount required by Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act (which is currently 150%). The asset coverage on our "senior securities that are stock" as of September 30, 2025 was 208.8%, calculated in accordance with Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act.

We paid monthly cash dividends of \$0.130208 per share to holders of our Series A Preferred Stock for each month during the year ended September 30, 2025 and each month from January through September during the year ended September 30, 2024.

## NOTE 7. REGISTRATION STATEMENT AND COMMON EQUITY OFFERINGS

# Reverse Stock Split

On April 4, 2024, we completed a 1-for-2 Reverse Stock Split of the Company's issued and outstanding common stock, by the filing of Articles of Amendment with the State Department of Assessments and Taxation of Maryland pursuant to the Maryland General Corporation Law. The Reverse Stock Split became effective at 4:05 p.m. Eastern Time on April 4, 2024. The Reverse Stock Split was effective for purposes of trading as of the opening of business on the Nasdaq Global Select Market on April 5, 2024.

As a result of the Reverse Stock Split, every two shares of common stock issued and outstanding were automatically combined into one new share of common stock. The Reverse Stock Split did not modify any rights or preferences of the shares of common stock. The common stock issued pursuant to the Reverse Stock Split remains fully paid and non-assessable. The Reverse Stock Split did not affect the number of authorized shares of common stock or the par value of the common stock.

#### Common Stock At-the-Market Offering.

In August 2024, we entered into an equity distribution agreement with Jefferies LLC and Huntington Securities, Inc, (the "2024 Sales Agreement") under which we have the ability to issue and sell, from time to time, shares of our common stock with an aggregate offering price of up to \$150.0 million in an "at the market offering" (the "2024 ATM Program"). During the year ended September 30, 2025, we sold 362,482 shares of our common stock under the 2024 Sales Agreement, at a weighted-average price of \$26.44 per share and raised \$9.6 million of gross proceeds. Net proceeds, after deducting commissions and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$9.4 million. During the year ended September 30, 2024, we sold 476,138 shares of our common stock under the 2024 Sales Agreement, at a weighted-average price of \$23.10 per share and raised \$11.0 million of gross proceeds. Net proceeds, after deducting commissions and offering costs borne by us, were approximately \$10.8 million. As of September 30, 2025, we had a remaining capacity to sell up to an additional \$129.4 million of our common stock under the 2024 ATM Program.

### Shelf Registration Statement

Our registration statement, which was declared effective on January 17, 2024, permits us to issue, through one or more transactions, up to an aggregate of \$700.0 million in securities, consisting of common stock, preferred stock, subscription rights, debt securities and warrants to purchase common stock or preferred stock. As of September 30, 2025, we had the ability to issue up to \$519.3 million in securities under the registration statement.

## NOTE 8. NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS RESULTING FROM OPERATIONS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per weighted average common share for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023:

		Year Ended September 30,		
	2025	2024		2023
Numerator for basic net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per common share	\$ 57,191	\$ 94,506	\$	42,668
Denominator for basic weighted average common shares <sup>(A)</sup>	22,357,574	21,781,074		18,657,961
Basic net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per common share <sup>(A)</sup>	\$ 2.56	\$ 4.34	\$	2.29
Numerator for basic net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per common share	\$ 57,191	\$ 94,506	\$	42,668
Adjustment for interest and amortization on 2030 Convertible Notes(A)	517	_		_
Numerator for diluted net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per common share <sup>(A)</sup>	\$ 57,708	\$ 94,506	S	42,668
Denominator for basic weighted average common shares <sup>(A)</sup>	22,357,574	21,781,074		18,657,961
Adjustment for dilutive effect of 2030 Convertible Notes	304,623	_		_
Denominator for diluted weighted average common shares <sup>(A)</sup>	22,662,197	21,781,074		18,657,961
Diluted net increase (decrease) in net assets resulting from operations per common share $^{(A)(B)}$	\$ 2.55	\$ 4.34	\$	2.29

- (A) Per share data and shares outstanding have been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the Reverse Stock Split effected on April 4, 2024, as described in Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.
- in applying the if-converted method, conversion is not assumed for purposes of computing diluted earnings per share if the effect would be anti-dilutive. For the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023, there was no anti-dilution.

#### NOTE 9. DISTRIBUTIONS TO COMMON STOCKHOLDERS

To qualify to be taxed as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Code, we must generally distribute to our stockholders, for each taxable year, at least 90% of our taxable ordinary income plus the excess of our net short- term capital gains over net long-term capital losses ("Investment Company Taxable Income"). The amount to be paid out as distributions to our stockholders is determined by our Board of Directors quarterly and is based on management's estimate of Investment Company Taxable Income. Based on that estimate, our Board of Directors declares three monthly distributions to common stockholders each quarter.

The federal income tax characteristics of all distributions will be reported to stockholders on the IRS Form 1099 after the end of each calendar year. Estimates of tax characterization made on a quarterly basis may not be representative of the actual tax characterization of cash distributions for the full year. Estimates made on a quarterly basis are updated as of each interim reporting date.

For the calendar year ended December 31, 2024, 83.1% of distributions to common stockholders were deemed to be paid from ordinary income and 16.9% were deemed to be paid from capital gains for Form 1099 reporting purposes. For the calendar year ended December 31, 2023, 100.0% of distributions to common stockholders were deemed to be paid from ordinary income for Form 1099 reporting purposes.

We paid the following monthly distributions to common stockholders for the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024:

Fiscal Year	Declaration Date	Record Date	Payment Date	Dist Com	ribution per non Share(A)
2025	October 8, 2024	October 22, 2024	October 31, 2024	\$	0.165
	October 8, 2024	November 20, 2024	November 29, 2024		0.165
	November 12, 2024	December 4, 2024	December 18, 2024(B)		0.400
	October 8, 2024	December 20, 2024	December 31, 2024		0.165
	January 14, 2025	January 24, 2025	January 31, 2025		0.165
	January 14, 2025	February 19, 2025	February 28, 2025		0.165
	January 14, 2025	March 19, 2025	March 31, 2025		0.165
	April 8, 2025	April 21, 2025	April 30, 2025		0.165
	April 8, 2025	May 21, 2025	May 30, 2025		0.165
	April 8, 2025	June 20, 2025	June 30, 2025		0.165
	July 10, 2025	July 21, 2025	July 31, 2025		0.165
	July 10, 2025	August 20, 2025	August 29, 2025		0.165
	September 12, 2025	September 23, 2025	September 29, 2025(B)		0.100
	July 10, 2025	September 22, 2025	September 30, 2025		0.165
			Year Ended September 3	0, 2025: \$	2.48
2024	October 10, 2023	October 20, 2023	October 31, 2023	\$	0.165
	October 10, 2023	November 20, 2023	November 30, 2023		0.165
	October 10, 2023	December 18, 2023	December 29, 2023		0.165
	January 9, 2024	January 23, 2024	January 31, 2024		0.165
	January 9, 2024	February 21, 2024	February 29, 2024		0.165
	January 9, 2024	March 21, 2024	March 29, 2024		0.165
	April 9, 2024	April 19, 2024	April 30, 2024		0.165
	April 9, 2024	May 17, 2024	May 31, 2024		0.165
	April 9, 2024	June 19, 2024	June 28, 2024		0.165
	July 9, 2024	July 22, 2024	July 31, 2024		0.165
	July 9, 2024	August 21, 2024	August 30, 2024		0.165
	July 9, 2024	September 20, 2024	September 30, 2024		0.165
			Year Ended September 3	0, 2024: \$	1.98

<sup>(</sup>A) Per share data has been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the Reverse Stock Split effected on April 4, 2024, as described in Note 2—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

(B) Represents a supplemental distribution to common stockholders.

Aggregate distributions declared and paid to our common stockholders were approximately \$55.5 million and \$43.1 million for the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, respectively, and were declared based on estimates of Investment Company Taxable Income. For the fiscal years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023, Investment Company Taxable Income exceeded common stock distributions declared and paid, and, in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code, we elected to treat \$5.5 million, \$6.6 million, and \$5.0 million, respectively, of the first common distributions paid to common stockholders in the subsequent fiscal year as having been paid in the prior year. In addition, for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025, net capital gains exceeded common stock distributions declared and paid, and, in accordance with Section 855(a) of the Code, we elected to treat \$0.7 million of the first common distributions paid to common stockholders in the subsequent fiscal year as having been paid in the prior year. There were no such amounts for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2024 and 2023.

The components of our net assets on a tax basis were as follows:

		Year Ended September 30	),
		2025	2024
Common stock	S	45 \$	44
Capital in excess of par value		501,628	492,305
Cumulative net unrealized appreciation (depreciation) of investments		(17,490)	25,249
Undistributed ordinary income		5,481	6,590
Undistributed capital gain		717	_
Capital loss carryforward		_	(47,435)
Other temporary differences		(8,346)	(5,858)
Net Assets	S	482,035 \$	470,895

We intend to retain some or all of our realized capital gains first to the extent we have available capital loss carryforwards and second, through treating the retained amount as a "deemed distribution."

For the years ended September 30, 2025 and 2024, we recorded the following adjustments for permanent book-tax differences to reflect tax character. Results of operations, total net assets, and cash flows were not affected by these adjustments.

	Year I Septem	Ended nber 30,
	2025	2024
Undistributed net investment income	\$ (946)	\$ (1,299)
Accumulated net realized losses	1,053	1,310
Capital in excess of par value	(107)	(11)

#### NOTE 10. FEDERAL AND STATE INCOME TAXES

We intend to continue to maintain our qualifications as a RIC for federal income tax purposes. As a RIC, we are generally not subject to federal income tax on the portion of our taxable income and gains that we distribute to stockholders. To maintain our qualification as a RIC, we must meet certain source-of-income and asset diversification requirements. In addition, to qualify to be taxed as a RIC, we must also meet certain annual stockholder distribution requirements. To satisfy the RIC annual distribution requirement, we must distribute to stockholders at least 90.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income. Dur policy generally is to make distribution to our stockholders in an amount up to 100.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income. Because we have distributed more than 90.0% of our Investment Company Taxable Income, no income tax provisions have been recorded for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023.

In an effort to limit certain federal excise taxes imposed on RICs, a RIC has to distribute to stockholders, during each calendar year, an amount close to the sum of (1) 98.0% of our ordinary income for the calendar year, (2) 98.2%, of our capital gains in excess of capital losses for the one-year period ending on October 31 of the calendar year and (3) any ordinary income and capital gains in excess of capital losses for preceding years that were not distributed during such years. We incurred an excise tax of \$0.1 million and \$0 for the calendar years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, which is included in Other general and administrative expenses on the accompanying Consolidated Statement of Operations.

Under the RIC Modernization Act, we are permitted to carry forward capital losses that we may incur in taxable years beginning after September 30, 2011 for an unlimited period, and such capital loss carryforwards will retain their character as either short-term or long-term capital losses.

## NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### Legal Proceedings

We are party to certain legal proceedings incidental to the normal course of our business. We are required to establish reserves for litigation matters where those matters present loss contingencies that are both probable and estimable. When loss contingencies are not both probable and estimable, we do not establish reserves. Based on current knowledge, we do not believe that loss contingencies, if any, arising from pending investigations, litigation or regulatory matters will have a material adverse effect on our financial condition, results of operations or cash flows. Additionally, based on our current knowledge, we do not believe such loss contingencies are both probable and estimable and therefore, as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, we had no established reserves for such loss contingencies.

#### Escrow Holdbacks

From time to time, we enter into arrangements relating to exits of certain investments whereby specific amounts of the proceeds are held in escrow to be used to satisfy potential obligations, as stipulated in the sales agreements. We record escrow amounts in Restricted cash and cash equivalents, if received in cash but subject to potential obligations or other contractual restrictions, or as escrow receivables in Other assets, net, if not yet received in cash, on our accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities. We establish reserves and holdbacks against escrow amounts if we determine that is probable and estimable that a portion of the escrow amounts will not ultimately be released or received at the end of the escrow period. Reserves and holdbacks against escrow amounts were \$1.5 million as of September 30, 2025 and September 30, 2024, respectively.

#### Financial Commitments and Obligations

We have lines of credit, delayed draw term loans, and an uncalled capital commitment with certain of our portfolio companies that have not been fully drawn. Since these commitments have expiration dates and we expect many will never be fully drawn, the total commitment amounts do not necessarily represent future cash requirements. We estimate the fair value of the combined unused lines of credit, the unused delayed draw term loans and the uncalled capital commitment as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 to be immaterial

The following table summarizes the amounts of our unused lines of credit, delayed draw term loans and uncalled capital commitment, at cost, as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, which are not reflected as liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities:

		As of Sep	tember 30,
	•	2025	2024
Unused line of credit commitments <sup>(A)</sup>		\$ 54,553	\$ 42,601
Delayed draw term loans <sup>(A)</sup>		11,000	14,150
Uncalled capital commitment		843	843
Total	5	\$ 66,396	\$ 57,594

(A) There may be specific covenant requirements that temporarily limit a portfolio company's availability to draw on an unused line of credit commitment or a delayed draw term loan.

# NOTE 12. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

								As	of and for the Year	Ende	d September 30,							
		2025	2024		2023		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017		2016
Per Common Share Data(A):											_							
Net asset value at beginning of year(B)	s	21.18 S	18.79	\$	18.16	S	18.56	\$	14.80	S	16.44	S	16.64	\$ 16.80	S	17.24	s	18.12
Income from operations(C)																		
Net investment income		2.02	2.11		2.20		1.88		1.58		1.62		1.68	1.70		1.68		1.68
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on investments		0.57	2.05		0.07		(0.70)		3.58		(1.68)		(0.30)	(0.32)		(0.24)		(0.70)
Net realized and unrealized gain (loss) on other		0.01	0.18		0.02		(0.02)		(0.08)		(0.06)		(0.02)	_		(0.10)		_
Preferred stock dividends		(0.04)	_		_		_		_		_		_	_		_		_
Total from operations		2.56	4.34		2.29		1.16		5.08		(0.12)		1.36	1.38		1.34		0.98
Distributions to common stockholders from (C)(D)																		
Net Investment Income		(1.98)	(1.98)		(1.89)		(1.52)		(1.50)		(1.60)		(1.64)	(1.68)		(1.68)		(1.40)
Realized gains		(0.50)	_		_		_		_		_		_	_		_		(0.28)
Return of capital		_	_		_		(0.08)		(0.06)		(0.02)		(0.04)	_		_		_
Total distributions		(2.48)	(1.98)		(1.89)		(1.60)		(1.56)		(1.62)		(1.68)	(1.68)		(1.68)		(1.68)
Capital share transactions(C)																		
Discounts, commissions, and offering costs		_	_		_		_		(0.02)		_		(0.02)	(0.02)		(0.08)		(0.10)
Repurchase of common stock		_	_		_		_		_		_		_	_		_		0.04
Net anti-dilutive (dilutive) effect of equity offering(E)		0.08	0.05		0.26		0.04		0.30		0.10		0.14	0.16		(0.04)		(0.10)
Total capital share transactions		0.08	0.05		0.26		0.04		0.28		0.10		0.12	0.14		(0.12)		(0.16)
Other, net(C)(F)		_	(0.02)		(0.03)		_		(0.04)		_		_	_		0.02		(0.02)
Net asset value at end of period / year <sup>(B)</sup>	s	21.34 \$	21.18	\$	18.79	\$	18.16	\$	18.56	\$	14.80	S	16.44	\$ 16.64	\$	16.80	S	17.24
Per common share market value at beginning of year	S	24.05 \$	19.28	\$	16.98	\$	22.60	\$	14.82	\$	19.50	S	19.00	\$ 19.00	\$	16.26	S	16.26
Per common share market value at end of year		21.87	24.05		19.28		16.98		22.60		14.82		19.50	19.00		19.00		16.26
Total return(G)		(0.17)%	36.61	%	24.85 %	ó	(19.16)%		64.93 %		(15.75)%		12.55 %	9.53 %		27.90 %		11.68 %
Common stock outstanding at end of year(B)		22,593,069	22,230,58	7	21,754,449	)	17,367,398		17,152,186		15,783,425		15,172,962	14,250,990		13,080,342		11,672,21
Statement of Assets and Liabilities Data:																		
Net assets at end of year	s	482,035 S	470,895	\$	408,695	S	315,487	\$	318,439	S	233,743	S	249,330	\$ 237,092	S	219,650	s	201,207
Average net assets(H)		479,038	431,796		349,518		320,838		275,509		235,266		239,851	234,092		215,421		193,228
Senior Securities Data:																		
Borrowings under line of credit, at cost	S	_ s	70,600	\$	47,800	S	141,800	\$	50,500	\$	128,000	S	66,900	\$ 110,000	\$	93,000	S	71,300
Preferred Stock		21,636	8,748		_		_		_		_		51,750	51,750		51,750		61,000
Notes Payable		406,500	257,000		257,000		200,000		188,813		96,313		57,500	_		_		
Ratios/Supplemental Data:																		
Ratio of net expenses to average net assets(1)(1)		9.17 %	11.71	6	12.99 %	ó	9.62 %		10.04 %		9.69 %		10.61 %	9.61 %		8.26 %		10.16 %
Ratio of net investment income to average net assets(K)		9.44	10.67		11.74		10.06		9.48		10.70		10.25	9.86		9.95		10.08

- (A) Financial Highlights data presented for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2016 are not covered by the report of the independent registered public accounting firm
- Based on actual shares outstanding at the beginning or end of the corresponding year, as appropriate. Per share data and shares outstanding have been adjusted on a retroactive basis to reflect the 1-for-2 Reverse Stock Split effected on April 4, 2024, as described in Note 2— Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.
  Based on weighted average basic per share data.

- The tax character of distributions is determined based on taxable income calculated in accordance with income tax regulations, which may differ from amounts determined under GAAP.

  During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, and 2018, the anti-dilution was a result of issuing common shares during the period at a price above the then-current NAV per share. During the fiscal years ended September 30, 2016, the net dilution was a result of issuing common shares during the period at a price above the then-current NAV per share.
- Represents the impact of the different share amounts (weighted average shares outstanding during the fiscal year and shares outstanding at the end of the fiscal year) in the per share data calculations and rounding impacts.

  Total return equals the change in the ending market value of our common stock from the beginning of the fiscal year, taking into account distributions reinvested in accordance with the terms of our dividend reinvestment plan. Total return does not take into account distributions that may be characterized as a return of capital or any sales load paid by a stockholder. For further information on the estimated character of our distributions to common stockholders, refer to Note 9—Distributions to Common

- Computed using the average of the balance of net assets at the end of each month of the fiscal year.

  Ratio of net expenses to average net assets is computed using total expenses, net of credits from the Adviser, to the base management, loan servicing, and incentive fees.

  Had we not received any non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits of fees from the Adviser, the ratio of net expenses to average net assets would have been 12.72%, 14.53%, 16.31%, 13.13%, 13.17%, 14.36%, 14.18%, 13.12%, 12.14%, and 13.40% for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively.

  Had we not received any non-contractual, unconditional and irrevocable credits of fees from the Adviser, the ratio of net investment income to average net assets would have been 5.93%, 7.90%, 8.49%, 6.61%, 6.40%, 6.11%, 6.74%, 6.41%, 6.13%, and 6.90%
- for the fiscal years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, 2023, 2022, 2021, 2020, 2019, 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively.

## NOTE 13. UNCONSOLIDATED SIGNIFICANT SUBSIDIARIES

In accordance with the SEC's Regulation S-X, we do not consolidate portfolio company investments. Further, in accordance with ASC 946, we are precluded from consolidating any entity other than another investment company, except that ASC 946 provides for the consolidation of a controlled operating company that provides substantially all of its services to the investment company or its consolidated subsidiaries.

We did not have any unconsolidated subsidiaries that met any of the significance conditions under Rule 1-02(w)(2) of the SEC's Regulation S-X as of or during at least one of the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024, and 2023.

## NOTE 14. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Portfolio Activity

In October 2025, we invested an additional \$11.0 million in Total Access Elevator, LLC ("Total Access"), an existing portfolio company, through secured first lien debt. We also extended Total Access a new \$9.85 million delayed draw term loan commitment, which was unfunded at close.

In October 2025, our \$28.1 million debt investment in Leadpoint Business Services, LLC paid off at par. We also received a \$0.3 million prepayment penalty in conjunction with the payoff.

In October 2025, the sale of our remaining common equity investment in Sokol was completed, representing a return of our equity cost basis of \$0.5 million and a realized gain of approximately \$1.8 million.

In October 2025, our \$17.8 million debt investment in Sea Link International IRB, Inc. ("Sea Link") paid off at par. We also received a \$0.2 million exit fee in conjunction with the payoff. We continue to hold common and preferred equity in Sea Link.

In November 2025, we invested \$15.0 million in Turn Key Health Clinics, LLC ("Turn Key"), an existing portfolio company, through secured first lien debt. We also increased our existing line of credit commitment to Turn Key by \$1.0 million to \$5.0 million, which

In November 2025, we invested \$26.6 million in Sicilian Oven Restaurants LLC through secured first lien debt and preferred equity.

Debt Redemption

On October 15, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed the 2028 Notes with an aggregate principal amount outstanding of \$57.0 million. On October 31, 2025, we voluntarily redeemed the 2026 Notes with an aggregate principal amount outstanding of \$150.0 million.

Distributions

On October 14, 2025, our Board of Directors declared the following distributions to common and preferred stockholders:

Record Date	Payment Date	D	istribution per Common Share
October 24, 2025	October 31, 2025	\$	0.15
November 17, 2025	November 26, 2025		0.15
December 22, 2025	December 31, 2025		0.15
	Total for the Quarter	\$	0.45

Record Date	Payment Date	Distributio	on per Series A Preferred Stock
October 27, 2025	November 5, 2025	\$	0.130208
November 25, 2025	December 5, 2025		0.130208
December 29, 2025	January 5, 2026		0.130208
	Total for the Quarter	\$	0.390624

## ITEM 9. CHANGES IN AND DISAGREEMENTS WITH ACCOUNTANTS ON ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE

None.

## ITEM 9A. CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

a) Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As of September 30, 2025 (the end of the period covered by this report), we, including our Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness and design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures. Based on that evaluation, our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were effective in timely alerting management, including the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of material information about us required to be included in periodic SEC filings. However, in evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognized that any controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and operated can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving the desired control objectives, and management necessarily was required to apply its judgment in evaluating the cost-benefit relationship of possible controls and procedures.

b) Management's Annual Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

Refer to the Management's Annual Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting located in Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

c) Attestation Report of the Registered Public Accounting Firm

Not Applicable.

d) Change in Internal Control over Financial Reporting

There were no changes in internal controls for the three months ended September 30, 2025 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

#### ITEM 9B. OTHER INFORMATION

During the three months ended September 30, 2025, none of our officers or directors adopted or terminated any contract, instruction or written plan for the purchase or sale of our securities that was intended to satisfy the affirmative defense conditions of Rule 10b5-1(c) ("Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement") or any "non-Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement." In addition, during the three months ended September 30, 2025, we did not adopt or terminate any Rule 10b5-1 trading arrangement.

#### ITEM 9C. DISCLOSURE REGARDING FOREIGN JURISDICTIONS THAT PREVENT INSPECTIONS

Not applicable.

## PART III

We will file a definitive Proxy Statement for our 2026 Annual Meeting of Stockholders (the "2026 Proxy Statement") with the SEC, pursuant to Regulation 14A, not later than 120 days after the end of our fiscal year. Accordingly, certain information required by Part III has been omitted under General Instruction G(3) to Form 10-K. Only those sections of the 2026 Proxy Statement that specifically address the items set forth herein are incorporated herein by reference.

### ITEM 10. DIRECTORS, EXECUTIVE OFFICERS AND CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The information required by Item 10 is hereby incorporated by reference from our 2026 Proxy Statement.

We have adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the "Code of Conduct") that applies to all of our officers and to the employees of our Adviser and our Administrator. The Code of Conduct is available in the Investors section of our website under "Governance – Governance Documents" at www.GladstoneCapital.com.

### ITEM 11. EXECUTIVE COMPENSATION

The information required by Item 11 is hereby incorporated by reference from our 2026 Proxy Statement.

# ITEM 12. SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT AND RELATED STOCKHOLDER MATTERS

The information required by Item 12 is hereby incorporated by reference from our 2026 Proxy Statement.

# ${\bf ITEM~13.~CERTAIN~RELATIONSHIPS~AND~RELATED~TRANSACTIONS, AND~DIRECTOR~INDEPENDENCE}\\$

The information required by Item 13 is hereby incorporated by reference from our 2026 Proxy Statement.

### ITEM 14. PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTANT FEES AND SERVICES

The information required by Item 14 is hereby incorporated by reference from our 2026 Proxy Statement.

# PART IV

# ITEM 15. EXHIBITS AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULES

# a. DOCUMENTS FILED AS PART OF THIS ANNUAL REPORT ON FORM 10-K $\,$

1. The following financial statements are filed herewith:

Management's Annual Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting	7
Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm	7
Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2025 and 2024	8
Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023	8
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023	8
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023	8
Consolidated Schedules of Investments as of September 30, 2025 and 2024	8
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements	9

2. The following financial statement schedule is filed herewith:

Schedule 12-14 Investments in and Advances to Affiliates as of September 30, 2025 and 2024

No other financial statement schedules are filed herewith because (1) such schedules are not required or (2) the information has been presented in the aforementioned financial statements.

8 Exhibits

The following exhibits are filed as part of this report or are hereby incorporated by reference to exhibits previously filed with the SEC:

3.1	Articles of Amendment and Restatement to the Articles of Incorporation_incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.a 2 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-63700). filed July 27, 2001.
3.2	Articles Supplementary Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of Term Preferred Shares, including Appendix A thereto relating to the Term Preferred Shares, 7.125% Series 2016, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.a.2 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 5 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-162592), filed October 31, 2011.
3.3	Certificate of Correction to Articles Supplementary Establishing and Fixing the Rights and Preferences of Term Preferred Shares, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed October 29, 2015.
3.4	Articles Supplementary, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed September 21, 2017.
3.5	Articles Supplementary for 6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed on June 1, 2023.
3.6	Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed April 5, 2024,
3.7	Articles of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed April 5, 2024,
3.8	Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.b to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-63700), filed July 27, 2001.
3.9	Amendment to Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.3 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 814-00237), filed February 17, 2004.

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3.10	Second Amendment to Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed July 10, 2007.
3.11	Third Amendment to Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed June 10, 2011.
3.12	Fourth Amendment to Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed November 29, 2016.
3.13	Fifth Amendment to Bylaws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed October 10, 2023.
l.1	Form of Certificate for Common Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.d 2 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 3 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-63700), filed August 23, 2001.
1.2	Form of Certificate for 6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed on June 1, 2023,
1.3	Indenture between the Registrant and U.S. Bank National Association, dated as of November 6, 2018, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.d.10 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 7 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-208637), filed November 6, 2018.
1.4	Fourth Supplemental Indenture between Gladstone Capital Corporation and U.S. Bank National Association, dated as of November 4, 2021, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814 00237), filed November 4, 2021.
1.5	Sixth Supplemental Indenture between Gladstone Capital Corporation and U.S. Bank Trust Company, National Association (as successor in interest to U.S. Bank National Association), dated as of September 12, 2025, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed on September 12, 2025,
1.6*	<u>Description of Securities</u>
0.1	Stock Transfer Agency Agreement between the Registrant and The Bank of New York, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.k.1 to Pre-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-63700 filed July 27, 2001.
0.2	Custody Agreement between the Registrant and The Bank of New York, dated as of May 5, 2006, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.3 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 814-00237), filed August 1, 2006,
0.3	Administration Agreement between the Registrant and Gladstone Administration_LLC, dated as of October 1, 2006, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 99.2 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed October 2006.
0.4	Custodial Agreement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.j.2 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to Form N-2 (File No. 333-185191), filed December 23, 2013.
0.5	Amendment No. 1 to Custodial Agreement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2,j.3 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-185191), filed December 23, 2013.
0.6	Amendment No. 2 to Custodial Agreement, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 2.j.4 to Post-Effective Amendment No. 1 to the Registration Statement on Form N-2 (File No. 333-185191), filed December 23, 2013.
0.7	Fifth Amended and Restated Investment Advisory and Management Agreement between the Registrant and Gladstone Management Corporation, dated as of January 24, 2025, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Curren Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed on January 24, 2025.
0.8	Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of May 13, 2021 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent and the financial institutions from the time to time party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed May 13, 2021.

10.9	Amendment No. 1 to the Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of September 12, 2022 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent and the financial institutions from the time to time party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.9 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 814-00237), filed November 11, 2022.
10.10	Amendment No. 2 to the Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of September 20, 2022 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent and the financial institutions from the time to time party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.10 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 814-00237), filed November 11, 2022.
10.11	Amendment No. 3 to the Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of October 31, 2022 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as Administrative Agent and the financial institutions from the time to time party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.11 to the Annual Report on Form 10-K (File No. 814-00237), filed November 11, 2022,
10.12	Amendment No. 4 to Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 16, 2023 by and among Gladstone Business Loan_LLC, as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation, as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, swingline lender, managing agent and lead arranger and certain other lenders party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed on June 22, 2023.
10.13	Amendment No. 5 to the Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of December 13, 2023 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, swingline lender, managing agent and lead arranger and certain other lenders party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.7 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q (File No. 814-00237), filed February 5, 2024.
10.14	Amendment No. 6 to Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of March 28, 2024 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, swingline lender, managing agent and lead arranger and certain other lenders party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.8 to the Quarterly Report on Form 10-O JFile No. 814-00237), filed May 1, 2024.
10.15	Amendment No. 7 to Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of June 27, 2024 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, swingline lender, managing agent and lead arranger and certain other lenders party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed June 27, 2024.
10.16	Amendment No. 8 to Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement dated as of August 12, 2024 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, swingline lender, managing agent and lead arranger and certain other lenders party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed August 12, 2024.
10.17	Amendment No. 9 to Sixth Amended and Restated Credit Agreement, dated as of June 23, 2025 by and among Gladstone Business Loan, LLC, as Borrower, Gladstone Management Corporation, as Servicer, KeyBank National Association, as administrative agent, swingline lender, managing agent and lead arranger and certain other lenders party thereto, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Current Report on Form 8-K (File No. 814-00237), filed June 25, 2025.
14*	Code of Ethics
19	Insider Trading Policy For Gladstone Capital Corporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 14 filed herewith.
21*	Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
23.1*	Consent of PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP.
31.1*	Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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31.2\* Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. 32.1\*\* Certification of Chief Executive Officer pursuant to section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 Certification of Chief Financial Officer pursuant to section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002. 32.2\*\* 97.1\* Clawback Policy 99.1\* Estimated Value methodology for Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock at September 30, 2025 101.INS XBRL Instance Document 101.SCH XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document 101.LAB XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document 101.PRE XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document 101.DEF XBRL Definition Linkbase

Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted in iXBRL and contained in Exhibit 101)

\* Filed herewith

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\*\* Furnished herewith

Attached as Exhibit 101 to this Annual Report on Form 10-K are the following materials, formatted in Inline eXtensible Business Reporting Language (iXBRL): (i) the Consolidated Statements of Assets and Liabilities as of September 30, 2025 and 2024, (ii) the Consolidated Statements of Operations for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023, (iii) the Consolidated Statements of Changes in Net Assets for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023, (iv) the Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended September 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023, (v) the Consolidated Statements as of September 30, 2025 and 2024 and (vi) the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements.

### ITEM 16. FORM 10-K SUMMARY

None.

# SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION

Date: November 17, 2025	By:	/s/ NICOLE SCHALTENBRAND Nicole Schaltenbrand Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer										
Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.												
Date: November 17, 2025	By:	/s/ DAVID GLADSTONE David Gladstone Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Directors (principal executive officer)										
Date: November 17, 2025	Ву:	/s/ NICOLE SCHALTENBRAND Nicole Schaltenbrand Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer (principal financial and accounting officer)										
Date: November 17, 2025	Ву:	/s/ ANTHONY W. PARKER Anthony W. Parker Director										
Date: November 17, 2025	Ву:	/s/ JOHN OUTLAND John Outland Director										
Date: November 17, 2025	Ву:	/s/ MICHELA A. ENGLISH Michela A. English Director										
Date: November 17, 2025	Ву:	/s/ WALTER H. WILKINSON, JR. Walter H. Wilkinson, Jr. Director										
Date: November 17, 2025	Ву:	/s/ PAULA NOVARA Paula Novara Director										
Date: November 17, 2025	Ву:	/s/ KATHARINE CORNELL GORKA Katharine Cornell Gorka Director										
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# GLADSTONE CAPITAL CORPORATION INVESTMENTS IN AND ADVANCES TO AFFILIATES (AMOUNTS IN THOUSANDS)

Company and Investment(AA(B)(D)(L)(M)	Principal/ Shares/Units <sup>(K)</sup>	Net Realized Amount of Value as of fineipal/ Gain (Loss) for Investment September 30, est Units(h) Period Income <sup>(1)</sup> 2024		Gross Gross Additions <sup>(D)</sup> Reductions <sup>(E)</sup>		Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)		Value as of September 30, 2025			
AFFILIATE INVESTMENTS—11.2%											
Secured First Lien Debt—7.2%											
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing—2.6%											
Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc.—Term Debt (S + 5.5%. 9.6% Cash, Due 8/2026)	\$ 6,140	_	_	s	380	_	_	s	133	\$	513
Zero Case Holding Inc. – Line of Credit, \$4,000 available (S + 6.4%, 10.5% Cash, Due 7/2030)	_	_	4		_	_	_		_		_
Zero Case Holding Inc. – Term Debt (S + 6.4%, 10.5% Cash, Due 7/2030)	12,000	_	232		_	12,000	_		_		12,000
		s —	_ \$ 236 -	_ S	380 -	S 12,000 —	s —	_ s	133 —	- <b>S</b>	12,513
Personal, Food, and Miscellaneous Services - 4.6%											
Snif-Snax, LLC - Term Debt (S + 6.7%, 10.8% Cash, Due 7/2030)	22,200	_	487		_	22,200	_		_		22,200
		s –	s 723	s	380	\$ 34,200	s –	s	133	s	34,713
Preferred Equity —2.0%											
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing -0.0%											
Edge Adhesives Holdings, Inc.—Preferred Stock	5,466	_	_		_	_	_		_		_
Diversified/Conglomerate Service—1.4%											
Encore Dredging Holdings, LLC-Preferred Stock	3,840,000	_	40		3,168	_	_		3,746		6,914
Personal, Food, and Miscellaneous Services - 0.3%											
Snif-Snax, LLC - Preferred Stock	1,500,000	_	_		_	1,500	_		_		1,500
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only)—0.2%											
Canopy Safety Brands, LLC-Preferred Stock	500,000	_	_		931	_	_		75		1,006
Total Preferred Equity		<u>s</u> –	\$ 40	s	4,099	\$ 1,500	s —	\$	3,821	S	9,420

Company and Investment(ANB)(OLAM)	Principal/ Shares/Units <sup>(K)</sup>			Amount of Investment Income <sup>(C)</sup>		Value as of September 30, 2024	Gross Additions <sup>(D)</sup>		Gross Reductions <sup>(E)</sup>	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Value as of September 3 2025	
Common Equity—2.0%					_							_
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing - 0.2%												
Zero Case Holding Inc Common Stock	1,000		_	_		_	1,000		_	_	1	,000
Finance – 1.1%												
Gladstone Alternative Income Fund - Common Stock	500,000		_	191		_	5,000		_	75	5	,075
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only)— 0.8%												
Canopy Safety Brands, LLC—Common Stock	1,170,370				\$	2,959				\$ 744	\$ 3	,703
Total Common Equity		s	_ s	191	\$	2,959	\$ 6,000	S	_	\$ 819	S 9	,778
TOTAL AFFILIATE INVESTMENTS		S	_ s	954	\$	7,438	\$ 41,700	\$	_	s 4,773	\$ 53	3,911
CONTROL INVESTMENTS—22.6%												
Secured First Lien Debt—14.5%												
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco - 2.6%												
Eegee Acquisition Corp. – Line of Credit, \$3,250 available (S + 7.0%, 11.1% Cash, Due 4/2028)	12,750	s	_ s	646	\$	_	\$ 12,750	\$	_	s –	\$ 12	2,750
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing - 4.7%												
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC – Line of Credit, \$1,900 available (S + 8.3%, 12.4% Cash, Due 10/2026)	1,100		_	62		_	1,100		_	(266)		834
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC – Term Debt (S + 8.3%, 8.0% Cash, 4.4% PIK, Due 10/2026)	23,163		_	1,257		_	23,163		_	(5,602)	17	,561
Lonestar EMS, LLC - Term Debt (12.0% Cash, Due 6/2027)(F)	4,450		_	588		4,200	273		_	(23)	4	,450
		S	_ s	1,907	\$	4,200	\$ 24,536	\$	_	\$ (5,891)	\$ 22	,845
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare - 5.2%												
Technical Resource Management, LLC – Line of Credit, \$0 available (S + 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028)	3,076		_	230		_	3,076		_	(353)	2	2,723
Technical Resource Management, LLC – Line of Credit, \$400 available (S + 10.5%, 10.1% Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028)	1,214		_	60		_	1,214		_	(140)	1	,074
Technical Resource Management, LLC – Term Debt (S + 10.5%, 10.1%	24.111			1 000			24.11					2.45
Cash, 4.5% PIK, Due 4/2028)	24,111	-	<u> </u>	1,800 2,090	5		24,111 S 28,401			(2,764)		,347
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) — 1.9%		<u>s</u>	<u> </u>	2,090	- 5		\$ 28,401	<u>s</u>	<u> </u>	\$ (3,257)	\$ 25	5,144
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC—Line of Credit, \$0 available (S + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026)	5.150		_ s	_	s	3.171	S 400		_	S (411)	S 3	,160
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC—Term Loan (S + 10.5%, 14.6% Cash, Due 11/2026)	9.775		,			6,525	3 400			(528)		5,997
11/2020)	9,775	•	<u> </u>			9,696				S (939)		1,157
		3	_ \$		3	9,696	3 400	•		3 (939)	3 9	,15/

Company and Investment(^A\(U_0(t),(L)(M))	Principal/ Shares/Units <sup>(K)</sup>	Net Realized Gain (Loss) for Period		Amount of Investment Income <sup>(C)</sup>		Value as of September 30, 2024	Gross Additions <sup>(D)</sup>		Gross Reductions <sup>(E)</sup>	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	5	Value as of September 30, 2025
Printing and Publishing — 0.0%					_			_			-	
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC—Line of Credit, \$2,000 available (11.0% Cash, Due 10/2027) <sup>(F)</sup>	_		_ :	70	s	_	_	s	_	_		_
Total Secured First Lien Debt		S	_ :	4,713	s	13,896	\$ 66,087	s	_	\$ (10,087)	\$	69,896
Secured Second Lien Debt—3.9%												
Automobile—1.8%												
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc.—Term Debt (S + 9.6%, 13.7% Cash, Due 1/2027)	8,792		_ :	1,236	s	8,547	\$ 325	s	(80)	_	\$	8,792
Diversified/Conglomerate Service – 2.1%												
Alsay Incorporated – Term Debt (12.8% Cash, Due 12/2030)(F)	10,000		_	319		_	10,000		_	_		10,000
Total Secured Second Lien Debt		s	- !	1,555	S	8,547	\$ 10,325	s	(80)	s –	\$	18,792
Unsecured Debt—0.1%												
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare - 0.1%												
Technical Resource Management, LLC – Term Debt (14.0% PIK, Due 10/2028) <sup>(F)</sup>	357	s	_ :	3 24	s	_	\$ 357	s	_	\$ (41)	s	316
Preferred Equity-1.0%												
Diversified/Conglomerate Service – 1.0%												
Alsay Incorporated – Preferred Stock	5,000,000	\$	- 5		S	_	\$ 5,000	S	_	s —	\$	5,000
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) — 0.0%												
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC - Preferred Stock	333		_	_		_	_		_	_		_
Total Preferred Equity		S	_ :	-	s	_	\$ 5,000	s	_	s –	\$	5,000
Common Equity—3.1%												
Automobile- 0.0%												
Defiance Integrated Technologies, Inc.—Common Stock	33,321		_	_		2,949	_		_	\$ (2,949)		_
Beverage, Food, and Tobacco - 1.0%												
Eegee Acquisition Corp Common Stock	1,000		_	_		_	8,500		_	(3,642)		4,858
Diversified/Conglomerate Manufacturing-0.9%												
Engineering Manufacturing Technologies, LLC - Common Stock	16,000		_	_		_	3,000		_	(3,000)		_
Lonestar EMS, LLC - Common Units	100 %		_	_		8,214	_		_	(3,989)		4,225
		s	_ :	-	s	8,214	\$ 3,000	s		\$ (6,989)	\$	4,225
Healthcare, Education, and Childcare - 0.0%												
Technical Resource Management, LLC - Common Stock	2,000,000		_	_		_	2,000		_	(2,000)		_
Technical Resource Management, LLC - Common Warrants	4,558,041		_	_		_	_		_	_		_
		s	_ :	-	s	_	\$ 2,000	s		\$ (2,000)	\$	_
Personal and Non-Durable Consumer Products (Manufacturing Only) — 0.0%												
WB Xcel Holdings, LLC - Common Warrant	12,340		_	_		_	_		_	_		_

Company and Investment <sup>(A)(B)(D(A)(M)</sup>	Principal/ Shares/Units <sup>(K)</sup>	Net Realized Gain (Loss) for Period	Amount of Investment Income <sup>(C)</sup>	Value as of September 30, 2024	Gross Additions <sup>(D)</sup>	Gross Reductions <sup>(E)</sup>	Net Unrealized Appreciation (Depreciation)	Value as of September 30, 2025
Printing and Publishing—1.2%								
TNCP Intermediate HoldCo, LLC—Common Equity Units	790,000	_	_	4,312	_	_	1,497	5,809
Total Common Equity		s –	s —	\$ 15,475	\$ 13,500	s —	\$ (14,083)	\$ 14,892
TOTAL CONTROL INVESTMENTS		s —	s 6,292	\$ 37,918	s 95,269	\$ (80)	s (24,211)	\$ 108,896

- (A) Certain of the securities listed in this schedule are issued by affiliate(s) of the indicated portfolio company.
- Common stock, warrants, options, membership units and, in some cases, preferred stock are generally non-income producing and restricted.
- Represents the total amount of interest, dividends and other income credited to investment income for the portion of the fiscal year an investment was a control or affiliate investment, as appropriate.
- Gross additions include increases in investments resulting from principal collections related to investment repayments or sales, the amortization of premiums and acquisition costs, and the exchange of one or more existing securities for one or more new securities.
- securities.

  (F) Debt security has a fixed interest rate.
- Reserved. (H)
- Reserved. Interest rate percentages represent eash interest rates in effect at September 30, 2025, and due dates represent the contractual maturity date. Unless indicated otherwise, all cash interest rates are indexed to one-month Secured Overnight Financing Rate ("SOFR" or "S"), which was 4.13% as of September 30, 2025. If applicable, paid-in-kind interest rates are noted separately from the cash interest rate. Certain securities are subject to an interest rate floor. The cash interest rate is the greater of the floor or SOFR plus a spread. Due dates represent the contractual maturity date.

- Reserved.
  Represents the principal balance for debt investments and the number of shares/units held for equity investments as of September 30, 2025. Warrants are represented as a percentage of ownership, as applicable.

  Unless indicated otherwise, all of our investments are valued using Level 3 inputs within the FASB Accounting Standard Codification Topic 820, "Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures" fair value hierarchy. Refer to Note 3—Investments in the accompanying Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for additional information.
- Category percentages represent the fair value of each category and subcategory as a percentage of net assets as of September 30, 2025.

  Information related to the amount of equity in the net profit and loss for the year for the investments listed has not been included in this schedule. This information is not considered to be meaningful due to the complex capital structures of the portfolio companies, with different classes of equity securities outstanding with different preferences in liquidation. These investments are not consolidated, nor are they accounted for under the equity method of accounting.

## **DESCRIPTION OF SECURITIES**

Capitalized terms used but not defined herein shall have the meaning ascribed to them in the Annual Report on Form 10-K to which this Description of Securities is an exhibit.

## (a) Capital Stock

# Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share

As of September 30, 2025, we had 22,593,069 shares of common stock outstanding. All shares of our common stock have equal rights as to earnings, assets, dividends and voting privileges and, when issued, will be duly authorized, validly issued, fully paid and nonassessable. Shares of our common stock have no preemptive, conversion or redemption rights and are freely transferable, except where their transfer is restricted by federal and state securities laws.

Distributions may be paid to the holders of our common stock if, as and when authorized by our Board of Directors and declared by us out of funds legally available therefor. In the event of our liquidation, dissolution or winding up, each share of our common stock is entitled to share ratably in all of our assets that are legally available for distribution after we pay all debts and other liabilities and subject to any preferential rights of holders of our preferred stock, if any is outstanding at the time. Each share of our common stock is entitled to one vote and does not have cumulative voting rights, which means that holders of a majority of such shares, if they so choose, could elect all of the directors, and holders of less than a majority of such shares would, in that case, be unable to elect any director. Our common stock is listed on the Nasdaq Global Select Market ("Nasdaq") under the ticker symbol "GLAD."

# 6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock, par value \$0.001 per share ("Series A Preferred Stock")

As of September 30, 2025, we had 865,452 shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding. At the time of issuance, the Series A Preferred Stock will be fully paid and non-assessable and will have no preemptive, conversion, or exchange rights or rights to cumulative voting. The Series A Preferred Stock will rank equally with shares of all other series of preferred stock (collectively, "Preferred Stock") that we may issue in the future as to payment of dividends and the distribution of our assets upon dissolution, liquidation or winding up of our affairs. The Series A Preferred Stock is, and all other Preferred Stock that we may issue in the future will be, senior as to dividends and distributions to our common stock. We may issue additional series of Preferred Stock in the future. The Series A Preferred Stock will be effectively subordinated to our existing and future indebtedness, including the Notes and borrowings under the Credit Facility.

The following summary of the terms and provisions of the Series A Preferred Stock does not purport to be complete and is qualified in its entirety by reference to the pertinent sections of our charter including the articles supplementary (the "Articles Supplementary"), which supplement our charter by classifying the Series A Preferred Stock.

# **Dividends**

Holders of shares of the Series A Preferred Stock ("Shares") will be entitled to receive, when, as and if authorized by our Board of Directors (or a duly authorized committee of the board) and declared by us, out of funds legally available for the payment of dividends, preferential cumulative cash dividends at the rate of 6.25% per annum of the Liquidation Preference (equivalent to a fixed annual amount of \$1.5625 per share) (the "Dividend Rate"). Dividends on shares of the Series A Preferred Stock will accrue and be paid on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of twelve 30-day months. Dividends on outstanding shares of the Series A Preferred Stock will accrue and be cumulative from the end of the most recent dividend period for which dividends have been paid on, if no dividends have been paid and except as otherwise provided in the following sentence, from the date of issuance. If a share of Series A Preferred Stock is issued after the record date for the dividend period in which such share is issued, dividends on such share will accrue and be cumulative from the beginning of the first dividend period commencing after its issuance. Dividends will be payable monthly in arrears, on or about the fifth day of each month for dividends accrued the previous month or such other date as our Board of Directors may designate, to holders of

record as they appear in our stock records at the close of business on the applicable record date. The record date for each dividend will be designated by our Board of Directors and will be a date that is prior to the dividend payment date. We currently anticipate the record date will be on or about the 25th of each month, but such date is subject to determination by our Board of Directors.

### Ranking

The Series A Preferred Stock will rank, with respect to dividend rights and rights upon our liquidation, winding-up or dissolution:

- senior to our common stock in priority of payment of dividends and as to the distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or the winding-up of our affairs;
- equal in priority with all other series of Preferred Stock we may issue in the future as to priority of payment of dividends and as to distributions of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or the winding-up of our affairs; and
- · effectively subordinated to our existing and future indebtedness, including the Notes and borrowings under the Credit Facility.

## **Share Repurchase Program**

#### General

Subject to certain restrictions and procedures, commencing on the date of original issuance (or, if after the date of original issuance our Board of Directors suspends the share repurchase program of the Series A Preferred Stock, on the date our Board of Directors reinstates such program) and terminating on the earlier to occur of (1) the date upon which our Board of Directors, by resolution, suspends or terminates the share repurchase program, and (2) the date on which shares of the Series A Preferred Stock are listed on a national securities exchange, holders of the Series A Preferred Stock may, at their option, require us to repurchase any or all of their shares of Series A Preferred Stock for a cash payment.

Quarterly Repurchase Limit

Repurchases made under the Share Repurchase Program will be subject to a quarterly repurchase limit of 5% of our then outstanding Series A Preferred Stock (by number of shares outstanding), calculated as of the end of the previous calendar quarter.

Applicable Repurchase Discounts

As a general matter, Shares repurchased under the Share Repurchase Program will be made at the liquidation preference of the Series A Preferred Stock ("Liquidation Preference"), or \$25.00 per share. plus an amount equal to accrued and unpaid dividends to, but excluding, the "Stockholder Repurchase Date", which is the tenth calendar day following delivery of such holder's request that we repurchase shares of the Series A Preferred Stock, or if such tenth calendar day is not a business day, on the next succeeding business day; provided however, the share repurchase amount will be subject to the limitations set forth below:

- (1.) Shares that have not been outstanding for at least one year will be subject to an early repurchase discount of 10% (or at a price of \$22.50 per Share);
- (2.) Shares that have been outstanding for at least one year but not more than two years will be subject to an early repurchase discount of 6% (or at a price of \$23.50 per Share); and
- (3.) Shares that have been outstanding for at least two years but not more than three years will be subject to an early repurchase discount of 3% (or at a price of \$24.25 per Share).

### Additional Limitations

Our obligation to repurchase the Shares is limited to the extent that our Board of Directors determines, in its sole and absolute discretion, that it does not have sufficient funds available, it is restricted by applicable law from making such repurchases, or otherwise suspends or terminates the Share Repurchase Program in its sole and absolute discretion. In the event that our Board of Directors elects to terminate the Share Repurchase Program and subject to satisfaction of any applicable listing requirements, we intend to apply to list the Shares on Nasdaq or another national securities exchange within one calendar year of the termination, however, there can be no assurance that a listing will be achieved in such timeframe, or at all.

# Repurchase Upon Death

Subject to certain conditions, including the limitations described above, commencing on the date of original issuance, Shares held by a natural person upon his or her death may be repurchased at the written request of the holder's estate for a cash payment equal to the Liquidation Preference, or \$25.00 per share, plus an amount equal to accrued and unpaid dividends to, but excluding, the "Death Repurchase Date", which is the fifteenth calendar day of such estate's request that we repurchase the Shares, or, if such fifteenth calendar day is not a business day, on the next succeeding business day.

# Redemption

# Mandatory Redemption for Asset Coverage

If we fail to maintain "Asset Coverage" (as defined below) of at least the minimum amount required by Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act (which is currently 150%) as of the time of declaration of dividends or other distributions on our common stock (other than dividends payable in shares of common stock), after deducting the amount of such dividend or other distribution, as of the time of purchase of the Company's common stock or issuance of any senior security as defined in the 1940 Act, and such failure is not cured as of the close of business on the "Asset Coverage Cure Date" (which is defined as the close of business on the date that is 90 calendar days following the date of such failure), the Series A Preferred Stock may become subject to mandatory redemption.

"Asset Coverage" means asset coverage of a class of senior security which is a stock, as defined for purposes of Sections 18(h) and 61 of the 1940 Act as in effect on the date of the Articles Supplementary, determined on the basis of values calculated as of a time within 48 hours (not including Sundays or holidays) next preceding the time of such determination.

## Optional Redemption by the Company

Except in certain limited circumstances, we cannot redeem the Series A Preferred Stock prior to the earlier of (1) first anniversary of the Termination Date and (2) January 1, 2027. The "Termination Date" is the date that is the earlier of (1) December 31, 2026 (unless earlier terminated or extended by our Board of Directors) or (2) the date on which all 6,000,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock are sold.

On and after the earlier of (1) first anniversary of the Termination Date and (2) January 1, 2027, at our sole option upon not less than 30 nor more than 60 days' written notice, we may redeem shares of the Series A Preferred Stock, in whole or in part, at any time or from time to time, for cash at a redemption price of \$25.00 per share, plus an amount equal to all accumulated and unpaid dividends on such shares to, but excluding, the date fixed for redemption, without interest. Holders of Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed must then surrender such Series A Preferred Stock at the place designated in the notice. Upon surrender of the Series A Preferred Stock, the holders will be entitled to the redemption price. If notice of redemption of any shares of Series A Preferred Stock has been given and if we have deposited the funds necessary for such redemption with the paying agent for the benefit of the holders of any of the shares of Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed, then from and after the redemption date, dividends will cease to accumulate on those shares of Series A Preferred Stock, those shares of Series A Preferred Stock will no longer be deemed outstanding and all rights of the holders of such shares will terminate, except the right to receive the redemption price. If less than all of the outstanding Series A Preferred Stock is to be redeemed,

the Series A Preferred Stock to be redeemed will be selected (1) pro rata, (2) by lot or (3) by any other fair and equitable method that our Board of Directors may choose.

#### 1940 Act Restrictions on Dividends and Repurchases

For so long as any shares of Preferred Stock are outstanding, we will not: (x) declare any dividend or other distribution (other than a dividend or distribution paid in our common stock) in respect of our common stock, (y) call for redemption, redeem, purchase or otherwise acquire for consideration any such common stock, or (z) pay any proceeds of the liquidation of the Company in respect of such common stock, unless, in each case, (A) immediately thereafter, we will be in compliance with the Asset Coverage limitations applicable to us under the 1940 Act (currently 150%) after deducting the amount of such dividend or distribution or redemption or purchasing price or liquidation proceeds, (B) all cumulative dividends and distributions of shares of all series of Preferred Stock, if any, ranking on parity with the Series A Preferred Stock due on or prior to the date of the applicable dividend, distribution, redemption, purchase or acquisition shall have been deposited irrevocably with the applicable paying agent) and (C) we have deposited deposit securities with the redemption and paying agent in accordance with certain requirements with respect to outstanding Preferred Stock of any series to be redeemed pursuant an Asset Coverage mandatory redemption resulting from the failure to comply with the Asset Coverage for which a notice of redemption shall have been given or shall have been required to be given on or prior to the date of the applicable dividend, distribution, redemption, purchase or acquisition.

#### **Liquidation Rights**

In the event of our voluntary or involuntary liquidation, dissolution or winding up, the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to be paid, out of our assets legally available for distribution to our stockholders, a liquidation distribution equal to the Liquidation Preference, plus an amount equal to any accumulated and unpaid dividends on such shares to, but excluding, the date of payment, but without interest, before any distribution of assets is made to holders of our common stock. If our assets legally available for distribution to stockholders are insufficient to pay in full the Liquidation Preference plus an amount equal to any accumulated and unpaid dividends on the Series A Preferred Stock and the amounts due upon liquidation with respect to such other shares of Preferred Stock, then the available assets will be distributed among the holders of the Series A Preferred Stock and such other series of Preferred Stock ratably so that the amount of assets distributed per share of Series A Preferred Stock and such other series of Preferred Stock will in all cases bear to each other the same ratio that the Liquidation Preference per share on the Series A Preferred Stock and the liquidation preference on such other series of Preferred Stock bear to each other. Written notice of any such liquidation, dissolution or winding up of us, stating the payment date or dates when, and the place or places where, the amounts distributable in such circumstances will be payable, will be given by first class mail, postage pre-paid, not less than 30 nor more than 60 days prior to the payment date stated therein, to each record holder of the Series A Preferred Stock at the respective addresses of such holders as the same appear on the stock transfer records of the Company. After payment of the full amount of the liquidation preference, plus an amount equal to any accumulated and unpaid dividends to which they are entitled, the holders of Series A Preferred Stock will have no right or claim to any of our r

#### **Voting Rights**

Except as otherwise provided in our charter, including the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, each holder of a share of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to one vote for each share of Series A Preferred Stock held by such holder on each matter submitted to a vote of our stockholders and the holders of outstanding shares of any Preferred Stock, including the Series A Preferred Stock, will vote together with holders of common stock as a single class. Under applicable rules of Nasdaq and Maryland law, we are currently required to hold annual meetings of stockholders.

In addition, the holders of outstanding shares of any Preferred Stock, including the Series A Preferred Stock, will be entitled, as a class, to the exclusion of the holders of all other securities and the common stock, to

elect two of our directors at all times (regardless of the total number of directors serving on the Board of Directors). We refer to these directors as the "Preferred Directors". The holders of outstanding shares of common stock and Preferred Stock, including Series A Preferred Stock, voting together as a single class, will elect the balance of our directors. Under our bylaws, our directors are divided into three classes. At each annual meeting of our stockholders, the successors to the class of directors whose term expires at such meeting will be elected to hold office for a term expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election. Our Preferred Directors will be up for election in 2026.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, if: (1) at the close of business on any dividend payment date for dividends on any outstanding share of any Preferred Stock, including any outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock, accumulated dividends (whether or not earned or declared) on the shares of Preferred Stock, including the Series A Preferred Stock, equal to at least two full years' dividends shall be due and unpaid and sufficient cash or specified securities shall not have been deposited with the redemption and paying agent or other applicable paying agent for the payment of such accumulated dividends; or (2) at any time holders of any shares of Preferred Stock are entitled under the 1940 Act to elect a majority of our directors (a period when either of the foregoing conditions exists, a "Voting Period"), then the number of members constituting our Board of Directors will automatically be increased by the smallest number that, when added to the two directors elected exclusively by the holders of shares of any Preferred Stock, including the Series A Preferred Stock, would constitute a majority of our Board of Directors as so increased by such smallest number; and the holders of the shares of Preferred Stock, including the Series A Preferred Stock, will be entitled as a class on a one-vote-per-share basis, to elect such additional directors. The terms of office of the individuals who are directors at the time of that election will not be affected by the election of the additional directors. If we thereafter shall pay, or declare and set apart for payment, in full all dividends payable on all outstanding shares of Preferred Stock, including Series A Preferred Stock, for all past dividend periods, or the Voting Period is otherwise terminated, (1) the voting rights stated above shall cease, subject always, however, to the revesting of such voting rights in the holders of shares of Preferred Stock, including Series A Preferred Stock, including Series A Preferred Stock, including Series A Preferred Stock, by us may red

As soon as practicable after the accrual of any right of the holders of shares of Preferred Stock to elect additional directors as described above, we will call a special meeting of such holders and notify the Redemption and Paying Agent and/or such other person as is specified in the terms of such Preferred Stock to receive notice, (i) by mailing or delivery by electronic means or (ii) in such other manner and by such other means as are specified in the terms of such Preferred Stock, a notice of such special meeting to such holders, such meeting to be held not less than 10 nor more than 30 calendar days after the date of the delivery by electronic means or mailing of such notice. If we fail to call such a special meeting, it may be called at our expense by any such holder on like notice. The record date for determining the holders of shares of Preferred Stock entitled to notice of and to vote at such special meeting shall be the close of business on the fifth business day preceding the calendar day on which such notice is mailed. At any such special meeting and at each meeting of holders of shares of Preferred Stock held during a Voting Period at which directors are to be elected, such holders, voting together as a class (to the exclusion of the holders of all our other securities and classes of capital stock), will be entitled to elect the number of additional directors prescribed above on a one-vote-per-share basis.

Except as otherwise permitted by the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, so long as any shares of Series A Preferred Stock are outstanding, we will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least two-thirds of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, voting as a separate class, amend, alter or repeal the provisions of the charter, including the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, whether by merger, consolidation or otherwise, so as to materially and adversely affect any privilege, preference, right or power of the Series A Preferred Stock; provided, however, that (i) a change in our capitalization as described under the heading "—Issuance of Additional Preferred Stock" will not be considered to materially and adversely affect the privileges, preferences, rights or powers of Series A Preferred Stock, and (ii) a division of a share of Series A Preferred Stock will be deemed to affect such preferences, rights or powers only if the terms of such division materially and adversely affect the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock. For purposes of the foregoing, no matter shall be deemed to adversely affect any privilege, preference, right or power of a share of Series A Preferred Stock or the holder thereof unless such matter (i) alters or abolishes any preferential right of such share of Series A Preferred Stock, or (ii) creates,

alters or abolishes any right in respect of redemption of such Series A Preferred Stock (other than as a result of a division of such Series A Preferred Stock).

So long as any shares of Preferred Stock are outstanding, we will not, without the affirmative vote or consent of the holders of at least 66213% of the shares of Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, file a voluntary application for relief under federal bankruptcy law or any similar application under state law for so long as we are solvent and do not foresee becoming insolvent. No amendment, alteration or repeal of our obligation to redeem the Series A Preferred Stock or to accumulate dividends at the Dividend Rate will be effected without, in each case, the prior unanimous vote or consent of the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock. The affirmative vote of the holders of at least a "majority of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock," including the shares of Series A Preferred Stock outstanding at the time, voting as a separate class, will be required (i) to approve us ceasing to be, or to withdraw our election as, a BDC, or (ii) to approve any plan of "reorganization" (as such term is defined in Section 2(a)(33) of the 1940 Act) adversely affecting such shares of Preferred Stock.

For purposes of the foregoing, the vote of a "majority of the outstanding shares of Preferred Stock" means the vote at an annual or special meeting duly called of (a) 67% or more of such shares present at a meeting, if the holders of more than 50% of such outstanding shares are present or represented by proxy at such meeting, or (b) more than 50% of such outstanding shares, whichever is less.

For purposes of determining any rights of the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock to vote on any matter, whether such right is created by our charter, including the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, by statute or otherwise, no holder of Series A Preferred Stock will be entitled to vote any shares of Series A Preferred Stock and no share of Series A Preferred Stock will be deemed to be "outstanding" for the purpose of voting or determining the number of shares required to constitute a quorum if, prior to or concurrently with the time of determination of shares entitled to vote or the time of the actual vote on the matter, as the case may be, the requisite Notice of Redemption with respect to such shares of Series A Preferred Stock will have been given in accordance with the terms of the Series A Preferred Stock, and the Redemption Price for the redemption of such shares of Series A Preferred Stock will have been irrevocably deposited with the Redemption and Paying Agent for that purpose. No shares of Series A Preferred Stock held by us will have any voting rights or be deemed to be outstanding for voting or for calculating the voting percentage required on any other matter or other purposes.

Unless otherwise required by law or our charter, holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will not have any relative rights or preferences or other special rights with respect to voting other than those specifically set forth in the "Voting Rights" section of the Articles Supplementary. The holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock will have no rights to cumulative voting. In the event that we fail to declare or pay any dividends on Series A Preferred Stock, the exclusive remedy of the holders will be the right to vote for additional directors as discussed above.

#### **Issuance of Additional Preferred Stock**

So long as any shares of Series A Preferred Stock are outstanding, we may, without the vote or consent of the holders thereof, authorize, establish and create and issue and sell shares of one or more series of a class of our senior securities representing stock under Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act, ranking on parity with the Series A Preferred Stock as to the payment of dividends and distribution of assets upon dissolution, liquidation or the winding up of our affairs, in addition to then outstanding shares of Series A Preferred Stock, including additional series of Preferred Stock, and authorize, issue and sell additional shares of any such series of Preferred Stock then outstanding or so established and created, including additional shares of the Series A Preferred Stock, in each case in accordance with applicable law, provided that we will, immediately after giving effect to the issuance of such additional Preferred Stock and to our receipt and application of the proceeds thereof, including to the redemption of Preferred Stock with such proceeds, have Asset Coverage as required by Sections 18 and 61 of the 1940 Act (which is currently 150%).

#### Modification

The Board of Directors, without the vote of the holders of shares of Series A Preferred Stock, may interpret or correct the provisions of the Articles Supplementary to supply any omission, resolve any inconsistency or ambiguity or to cure or correct any defective or inconsistent provision, including any provision that becomes

defective after the date hereof because of impossibility of performance or any provision that is inconsistent with any provision of any other Preferred Stock or the common stock.

### (b) Provisions of our Certificate of Incorporation or Bylaws that may have the effect of delaying, deferring or preventing a change of control

#### **Classified Board of Directors**

In accordance with our bylaws, our Board of Directors is divided into three classes of directors serving staggered three-year terms, with the term of directors in each class expiring at the annual meeting of stockholders held in the third year following the year of their election. One class has three directors and two classes have two directors. A classified board may render more difficult a change in control of us or removal of our incumbent management. We believe, however, that the longer time required to elect a majority of a classified board of directors will help to ensure continuity and stability of our management and policies.

Our classified board could have the effect of making the replacement of incumbent directors more time consuming and difficult. Because our directors may only be removed for cause, at least two annual meetings of stockholders, instead of one, will generally be required to effect a change in a majority of our Board of Directors. Thus, our classified board could increase the likelihood that incumbent directors will retain their positions. The staggered terms of directors may delay, defer or prevent a tender offer or an attempt to change control of us or another transaction that might involve a premium price for our common stock that might be in the best interest of our stockholders.

#### Number of Directors; Removal; Vacancies

Our charter provides that the number of directors will be determined pursuant to our bylaws and our bylaws provide that a majority of our entire Board of Directors may at any time increase or decrease the number of directors. In addition, our bylaws provide that the number of directors shall not be increased by 50% or more in any 12-month period without the approval of two-thirds of the members of our Board of Directors then in office. Our bylaws provide that any vacancies may be filled only by the vote of a majority of the remaining directors, even if less than a quorum, and the directors so appointed shall hold office for the remainder of the full term of the class of directors in which the vacancy occurred and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Our directors may only be removed for cause and only by the affirmative vote of at least a majority of all the votes entitled to be cast by our stockholders generally in the election of directors. This provision, when coupled with the power of our Board of Directors to fill vacancies on our Board of Directors, precludes stockholders from removing incumbent directors except for cause and upon a substantial affirmative vote and could preclude stockholders from filling the vacancies created by such removal with their own nominees.

#### Advance Notice Provisions for Stockholder Nominations and Stockholder Proposals

Our bylaws establish an advance notice procedure for stockholders to make nominations of candidates for election as directors or to bring other business before an annual or special meeting of our stockholders, which we refer to as the stockholder notice procedure.

The stockholder notice procedure provides that with respect to an annual meeting of stockholders, nominations of individuals for election to our Board of Directors and the proposal of business to be considered by our stockholders at an annual meeting may be made only (1) pursuant to our notice of the meeting, (2) by or at the direction of our Board of Directors or (3) by a stockholder who was a stockholder of record at the time of giving of notice, who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice procedures set forth in our bylaws, including a requirement to provide certain information about the stockholder and the nominee or business proposal, as applicable. With respect to special meetings of stockholders, only the business specified in our notice of meeting may be brought before the meeting. Nominations of individuals for election to our Board of Directors may be made at a special meeting of stockholders at which directors are to be elected only (1) by or at the direction of our Board of Directors or (2) by a stockholder who was a stockholder of record at the time of giving of notice, who is entitled to vote at the meeting and who has complied with the advance notice provisions set forth in our bylaws, including a requirement to provide certain information about the stockholder and the nominee.

The purpose of requiring stockholders to give us advance notice of nominations and other business is to afford our Board of Directors a meaningful opportunity to consider the qualifications of the proposed nominees and the advisability of the other proposed business and, to the extent deemed necessary or desirable by the Board of Directors, to inform stockholders and make recommendations about such qualifications or business, as well as to provide a more orderly procedure for conducting meetings of stockholders. Although our bylaws do not give our Board of Directors any power to disapprove stockholder nominations for the election of directors or proposals for action, they may have the effect of precluding a contest for the election of directors or the consideration of stockholder proposals if proper procedures are not followed and of discouraging or deterring a third party from conducting a solicitation of proxies to elect its own slate of directors or to approve its own proposal without regard to whether consideration of such nominees or proposals might be harmful or beneficial to us and our stockholders.

#### Authority to Issue Preferred Stock without Stockholder Approval

As of September 30, 2024, our charter permits our Board of Directors to issue up to 50,000,000 shares of capital stock. Our Board of Directors may classify or reclassify any unissued common stock or preferred stock into other classes or series of stock and establish the preferences, conversion or other rights, voting powers, restrictions, limitations as to distributions, qualifications and terms or conditions of redemption of any such stock. Thus, our Board of Directors could authorize the issuance of preferred stock with terms and conditions that could have a priority as to distributions and amounts payable upon liquidation over the rights of the holders of our common stock.

### Amendment of Charter and Bylaws

Our charter may be amended, altered, changed or repealed, subject to the terms of any class or series of preferred stock, only if advised by our Board of Directors and approved by our stockholders by the affirmative vote of two-thirds of all the votes entitled to be cast on the matter.

Our charter also provides that the bylaws may be adopted, amended, altered, changed or repealed by our Board of Directors. Any action taken by our stockholders with respect to adopting, amending, altering, changing or repealing our bylaws may be taken only by the affirmative vote of the holders of at least 75% of our capital stock, voting together as a single class.

These provisions are intended to make it more difficult for stockholders to circumvent certain other provisions contained in our charter and bylaws, such as those that provide for the classification of our Board of Directors. These provisions, however, also will make it more difficult for stockholders to amend the charter or bylaws without the approval of the Board of Directors, even if a majority of the stockholders deems such amendment to be in the best interests of all stockholders.

#### Indemnification and Limitation of Liability of Directors and Officers

Maryland law permits a Maryland corporation to include in its charter a provision limiting the liability of its directors and officers to the corporation and its stockholders for money damages, except for liability resulting from (a) actual receipt of an improper benefit or profit in money, property or services or (b) active and deliberate dishonesty that is established by a final judgment and is material to the cause of action. Our charter contains a provision that eliminates the liability of our directors and officers to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law.

The Maryland General Corporation Law (the "MGCL") requires us (unless our charter provides otherwise, which our charter does not) to indemnify a director or officer who has been successful, on the merits or otherwise, in the defense of any proceeding to which he or she is made a party by reason of his or her service in that capacity. The MGCL permits us to indemnify our present and former directors and officers, among others, against judgments, penalties, fines, settlements and reasonable expenses actually incurred by them in connection with any proceeding to which they may be made or threatened to be made a party by reason of their service in those or other capacities unless it is established that:

- the act or omission of the director or officer was material to the matter giving rise to the proceeding and (1) was committed in bad faith or (2) was the result of active and deliberate dishonesty:
- the director or officer actually received an improper personal benefit in money, property or services; or

• in the case of any criminal proceeding, the director or officer had reasonable cause to believe that the act or omission was unlawful.

Under the MGCL, we may not indemnify a director or officer in a suit by us or on our behalf in which the director or officer was adjudged liable to us or in a suit in which the director or officer was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received. A court may order indemnification if it determines that the director or officer is fairly and reasonably entitled to indemnification, even though the director or officer did not meet the prescribed standard of conduct or was adjudged liable on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received. However, indemnification for an adverse judgment in a suit by us or on our behalf, or for a judgment of liability on the basis that personal benefit was improperly received, is limited to expenses.

In addition, the MGCL permits us to advance reasonable expenses to a director or officer upon our receipt of:

- · a written affirmation by the director or officer of his or her good faith belief that he or she has met the standard of conduct necessary for indemnification by us; and
- a written undertaking by or on behalf of the director or officer to repay the amount paid or reimbursed by us if it is ultimately determined that the director or officer did not meet the standard of conduct.

Our bylaws permit us to advance expenses so long as, in addition to the requirements above, we obtain security for the advance from the director or officer, we obtain insurance against losses arising by reason of lawful advances or we determine that there is reason to believe that the director or officer will be found entitled to indemnification.

Subject to the 1940 Act, or any valid rule, regulation or order of the SEC thereunder, our charter obligates us, to the maximum extent permitted by Maryland law in effect from time to time, to indemnify and pay or reimburse reasonable expenses in advance of final disposition of a proceeding to any director or officer, whether serving our company or at our request any other entity. Our charter also permits us to indemnify and advance expenses to any employee or agent of our company to the extent authorized by our Board of Directors or the bylaws and permitted by law.

Our bylaws obligate us, to the maximum extent required by Maryland law or the charter, to indemnify any person who was or is a party or is threatened to be made a party to any threatened action, suit or proceeding, whether civil, criminal, administrative or investigative, by reason of the fact that he is or was our director, officer, employee or agent, or is or was serving at our request as a director, officer, manager, partner, trustee, employee or agent of another corporation, partnership, joint venture, trust, employee benefit plan or other enterprise if our Board of Directors determines that such person acted in good faith and in a manner reasonably believed to be in or not opposed to the best interests of our company, and, in the case of any criminal action or proceeding, that such person had no reasonable cause to believe that such person's conduct was unlawful. However, our bylaws permit us to advance expenses only so long as, in addition to the requirements above, we obtain security for the advance from the director or officer, we obtain insurance against losses arising by reason of lawful advances or we determine that there is reason to believe that the director or officer will be found entitled to indemnification

These provisions on indemnification and limitation of liability are subject to the limitations of the 1940 Act that prohibit us from protecting any director or officer against any liability to us or our stockholders arising from willful misfeasance, bad faith, gross negligence or reckless disregard of the duties involved in the conduct of such person's office.

# Code of Ethics and Business Conduct For

Gladstone Capital Corporation
Gladstone Commercial Corporation
Gladstone Investment Corporation
Gladstone Land Corporation
Gladstone Alternative Income Fund
Gladstone Management Corporation
Gladstone Administration LLC
Gladstone Securities, LLC
and their subsidiaries

(UPDATED October 20, 2025)

#### I. Introduction and Core Values

One of the hallmarks of The Gladstone Companies is our deep commitment to the highest standards of ethical and professional conduct in all of our business operations, as well as in our interactions with customers, business partners and Gladstone Personnel (each employee, officer, or director). The following are the values we hold in highest esteem and guide us in our quest for excellence and success.

**Golden Rule and Respect**: Following the Golden Rule means we will strive to always do the right thing and treat others the way we would like to be treated. Accordingly, we will strive to recognize each individual's human dignity and respect the rights, opinions and beliefs of others (provided they are consistent with our other core values).

**Honesty, Openness, and Integrity**: We will always strive for fairness, fulfilling the intent of our commitments and the law and will refuse to deceive, mislead, or misrepresent the truth in any way. We will refuse to be corrupted or unfaithful to our values. We will do what we say we will do, and we will strive to conduct ourselves in accordance with our values and the Code.

**Teamwork and Innovation:** We will work together to achieve our goals and values as a group and encourage one another to seek new ways of doing business to improve our quality and efficiency. We will strive to practice solidarity by respecting and supporting team decisions.

#### **II. Our Valued Relationships**

We will deal fairly and honestly in all of our relationships, treating all our business associates as long-term valued partners. We will strive to be dependable and respectable in all our dealings with our business associates and our Gladstone Personnel, value each shareholder and

lender to our companies, and we will be faithful stewards of their funds. We are committed to providing a work environment where there is no conflict between work and moral or ethical values, or family responsibilities, and where everyone is treated justly and with respect.

We have certain relationships that we hold dear and they are:

- Customers and clients are the reason we are in business. We seek to help our customers
  and clients to achieve their goals, which will, in turn, help us reach our goals too.
- We seek to provide each member of our Gladstone Personnel with the best organization to work with and strive to support their personal and professional growth.
- We will seek to protect and grow the assets that have been entrusted to us by our shareholders.
- · We will treat each supplier as a valued partner in the growth of our business.
- Our government is part of our operations. We seek to fulfill the regulatory aspects of our business operations in a timely and accurate manner.
- Our relationship with God is one that is valued highest. We will do our best to perform in a way that will be pleasing to God.

#### III. Code of Ethics Implementing Guidance and Procedures

You will be asked to certify compliance with the Code annually. Additionally, we ask all Gladstone Personnel to be alert to possible violations of the Code by others and must report suspected violations without fear of any form of retaliation (please see additional information in Part III and Part IV, Section 15 of this Code).

As with any written guidance, this Code of Ethics may not clearly address every situation you may encounter. If concerns or questions that you have about a course of action are not addressed specifically by this Code, you may ask yourself the following six questions to begin your evaluation process:

#### **Ethics "Quick Test"**

- 1. Is it legal?
- 2. Would doing it make me feel bad or ashamed in any way?
- 3. Is it consistent with our Core Values?
- 4. Would I want my family or friends to read about it in the newspaper?
- 5. Would failing to act make the situation worse or allow a "wrong" to continue?
- 6. Does it follow the Golden Rule set out above?

If you still have questions or concerns, our employee handbook, your supervisor, our Chief Compliance Officer ("CCO") and staff (the "Compliance Officers") or the Ethics Committees of our funds are all available to help you. If you are aware of a suspected or actual violation of Code by others, you are expected to promptly notify a Compliance Officer. Additionally, if you are not comfortable addressing potential violations of this Code with any of these persons directly, you may also raise your concerns by anonymously contacting Global Compliance Services (See Part IV, Section 15 of this Code for additional information). Regardless of who you choose to notify, you should do so without fear of any form of retaliation.

Supervisors must promptly report any complaints or observations of or suspected Code violations to the CCO. If you believe your supervisor has not taken appropriate action, you should contact one of our Compliance Officers directly. The Compliance Officers will investigate all reported possible Code violations promptly and with the highest degree of confidentiality that is possible under the specific circumstances. Neither you nor your supervisor may conduct any preliminary investigation, unless authorized to do so by the CCO. As needed, the CCO will consult with the Ethics Committee and the Audit Committees of our funds.

With respect to any complaints or observations of Code violations that may involve accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing concerns, the CCO shall promptly inform the chair of the relevant fund's Ethics Committee, who will then turn over such information to the Audit Committee or such other persons as the Audit Committee determines to be appropriate under the circumstance.

If any investigation indicates that a potential violation of this Code has occurred, we will take such action as we believe to be appropriate under the circumstances. Any Gladstone Personnel member who violates this Code may be subject to disciplinary action, which, depending on the nature of the violation and the history of the person, may range from a warning or reprimand to and including termination of employment and, in appropriate cases, civil legal action or referral for regulatory enforcement action

#### IV. Standards of Ethics and Business Conduct

Underlying our Core Values, described in Part I above, is our commitment to maintain the highest standards of ethics and business conduct.

#### 1. Honest and Ethical Conduct

We aim to promote high standards of integrity by conducting our affairs in an honest and ethical manner. Unyielding personal integrity is the foundation of corporate integrity.

#### 2. Legal Compliance

Obeying the law, both in letter and in spirit, is the foundation of this Code. Our success depends upon your operating within legal guidelines and cooperating with local, national and international authorities. You must understand the legal and regulatory requirements applicable to their business units and areas of responsibility. We hold periodic training sessions to ensure that

all Gladstone Personnel comply with this Code, the compliance policies and procedures of our companies, and other relevant laws, rules and regulations associated with their employment. If you do have a question in the area of legal compliance, it is important that you not hesitate to seek answers from your supervisor or one of the Compliance Officers (see Part IV, Section 15 of this Code for additional information).

#### 3. Insider Trading

Gladstone Personnel who have access to confidential (or "inside") information are not permitted to use or share that information for stock trading purposes or for any other purpose except to conduct our business. All non-public information about our companies or about companies with which we do business is considered confidential information. To use material non-public information in connection with buying or selling securities, including "tipping" others who might make an investment decision on the basis of this information, is not only unethical, it is illegal. You must exercise the utmost care when handling material inside information.

The Company's Insider Trading Policy (the "*Trading Policy*"), which is attached to this Code as Appendix A and is incorporated by reference into this Code, has been instituted to help you avoid prohibited insider trading, and to ensure that our companies comply with the separate requirements of Rules 17j-1 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and 204A of the Investment Advisers' Act of 1940. Gladstone Personnel are expected to understand and comply with all Trading Policy provisions applicable to them.

The Trading Policy addresses detailed legal provisions of the Act and imposes requirements, and in some cases, restrictions, on certain securities trades that you may wish to make. The Trading Policy contains provisions that require you to obtain pre-clearance for all investments in any initial public offering, and for securities trades for which you may have insider information, especially our funds. To request pre-clearance of a securities transaction, you should complete Schedule A (for limited offering transactions) or schedule B (for transactions involving our funds) of the attached Appendix A and forward it to our CCO. The Trading Policy also requires certain Gladstone Personnel members to provide certain reports of their holdings or transactions in certain securities.

If you have questions regarding the requirements or compliance procedures under the Trading Policy, or if you don't know whether your situation requires pre-clearance or reporting, you should contact one of our Compliance Officers.

#### 4. International Business Laws

You are expected to comply with the applicable laws in the U.S. and any countries to which you travel, in which we operate and where we otherwise do business, including laws prohibiting bribery, corruption or the conduct of business with specified individuals, companies or countries. If you have a question as to whether an activity is illegal, restricted or prohibited, please seek assistance before taking any action, including giving any verbal assurances that might be regulated by international laws.

#### 5. Environmental Compliance

It is our policy to conduct our business in an environmentally responsible way that minimizes environmental impacts. We are committed to minimizing and, if practicable, eliminating the use of any substance or material that may cause environmental damage, reducing waste generation and disposing of all waste through safe and responsible methods, minimizing environmental risks by employing safe technologies and operating procedures, and being prepared to respond appropriately to accidents and emergencies.

#### 6. Conflicts of Interest

We respect the rights of Gladstone Personnel to manage their personal affairs and investments and do not wish to impinge on their personal lives. At the same time, you should avoid conflicts of interest that occur when your personal interests may interfere in any way with the performance of your duties or the best interests of our companies. A conflicting personal interest could result from an expectation of personal gain now or in the future or from a need to satisfy a prior or concurrent personal obligation. Even the appearance of a conflict of interest where none actually exists can be damaging and should be avoided. Whether or not a conflict of interest exists or will exist can be unclear.

If you have any questions about a potential conflict or if you become aware of an actual or potential conflict, and you are not an officer or director of one of our companies, you should discuss the matter with your supervisor or with one of our Compliance Officers. Supervisors may not authorize conflict of interest matters or make determinations as to whether a problematic conflict of interest exists without first seeking the approval of the CCO and providing the CCO with a written description of the activity. If the supervisor is involved in the potential or actual conflict, you should discuss the matter directly with the CCO. Officers and directors may seek authorizations and determinations from the Ethics Committee of the relevant company. Factors that may be considered in evaluating a potential conflict of interest are, among others:

- whether it may interfere with your job performance (or that of others), responsibilities or morale;
- whether you have access to confidential information;
- any potential adverse or beneficial impact on our business, relationships with our customers
  or suppliers or other service providers;
- whether it would enhance or support a competitor's position;
- the extent to which it would result in financial or other benefit (direct or indirect) to you, our customers, suppliers or other service providers; and
- the extent to which it would appear improper to an outside observer.

Although no list can include every possible situation in which a conflict of interest could arise, the following are examples of situations that may, depending on the facts and circumstances, involve problematic conflicts of interests:

- Employment by (including consulting for) or service on the board of a competitor, customer or supplier or other service provider. Activity that enhances the position of a competitor to the detriment of one or more of our companies is prohibited, including employment by or service on the board of a competitor. Employment by or service on the board of a customer or supplier or other service provider is generally discouraged and you must seek CCO authorization in advance if you plan to take such a position.
- Owning, directly or indirectly, a significant financial interest in any entity that does
  business, seeks to do business or competes with us. If you are evaluating ownership in
  other entities for conflicts of interest, you should consider the size and nature of the
  investment; the nature of the relationship between the other entity and us; your access to
  confidential information and ability to influence one of our companies' decisions. If you
  would like to acquire a financial interest of any kind, you must seek written approval in
  advance from the CCO.
- Soliciting or accepting gifts, favors, loans or preferential treatment from any person
  or entity that does business or seeks to do business with us. See Section 10 for further
  discussion.
- Soliciting contributions to any charity or for any political candidate from any person
  or entity that does business or seeks to do business with us.
- Taking personal advantage of corporate opportunities. See Section 7 for further discussion.
- · Working at a second job without permission.
- Conducting business transactions between any one of our companies and your family
  member or a business in which you or a family member has a significant financial
  interest. Material related-party transactions must be approved by the Audit Committee
  and the Ethics Committee and, if that activity involves any executive officer or director,
  that activity will be required to be publicly disclosed as required by applicable laws and
  regulations.

### 7. Corporate Opportunities.

You may not take personal advantage of the opportunities of our companies that are presented to you or discovered by you as a result of your position with us or through your use of corporate property or information, unless authorized by the board of directors of the relevant company. You may not use your position with us or corporate property or information for improper personal gain, nor should you compete with us in any way.

# 8. Maintenance of Corporate Books, Records, Documents and Accounts; Financial Integrity; Public Reporting

The integrity of our records and public disclosure depends upon the validity, accuracy and completeness of the information supporting the entries to our books of account. Therefore, our corporate and business records should be completed accurately and honestly. The making of false or misleading entries, whether they relate to financial results or test results, is strictly prohibited. Our records serve as a basis for managing our business and are important in meeting our obligations to customers, suppliers, creditors, employees and others with whom we do business. As a result, it is important that our books, records and accounts accurately and fairly reflect, in reasonable detail, our assets, liabilities, revenues, costs and expenses, as well as all transactions and changes in assets and liabilities. We require that:

- no entry be made in our books and records that intentionally hides or disguises the nature
  of any transaction or of any of our liabilities or misclassifies any transactions as to accounts
  or accounting periods;
- transactions be supported by appropriate documentation;
- the terms of sales and other commercial transactions be reflected accurately in the documentation for those transactions and all such documentation be reflected accurately in our books and records:
- Gladstone Personnel comply with our system of internal controls; and
- no cash or other assets be maintained for any purpose in any unrecorded or "off-the-books" fund

Our accounting records are also relied upon to produce reports for our management, stockholders and creditors, as well as for governmental agencies. In particular, we rely upon our accounting and other business and corporate records in preparing the periodic and current reports that we file with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC"). Securities laws require that these reports provide full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure and fairly present our financial condition and results of operations. Gladstone Personnel who collect, provide or analyze information for or otherwise contribute in any way in preparing or verifying these reports should strive to ensure that our financial disclosure is accurate and transparent and that our reports contain all of the information about our companies that would be important to enable stockholders and potential investors to assess the soundness and risks of our business and finances and the quality and integrity of our accounting and disclosures. In addition:

 you may not take or authorize any action that would intentionally cause our financial records or financial disclosure to fail to comply with generally accepted accounting principles, the rules and regulations of the SEC or other applicable laws, rules and regulations;

- you must cooperate fully with our accounting departments and, when one is established, internal auditing departments, as well as our independent public accountants and counsel, respond to their questions with candor and provide them with complete and accurate information to help ensure that our books and records, as well as our reports filed with the SEC, are accurate and complete; and
- you may not knowingly make (or cause or encourage any other person to make) any false
  or misleading statement in any of our reports filed with the SEC or knowingly omit (or
  cause or encourage any other person to omit) any information necessary to make the
  disclosure in any of our reports accurate in all material respects.

If you become aware of any departure from these standards, you have a responsibility to report it to a supervisor, a Compliance Officer, the Audit Committee or one of the other compliance resources described in Section 15.

#### 9. Fair Dealing

We strive to outperform our competition fairly and honestly. Advantages over our competitors are to be obtained through superior performance of our products and services, not through unethical or illegal business practices. Acquiring proprietary information from others through improper means, possessing trade secret information that was improperly obtained, or inducing improper disclosure of confidential information from past or present employees of other companies is prohibited, even if motivated by an intention to advance our interests. If information is obtained by mistake that may constitute a trade secret or other confidential information of another business, or if you have any questions about the legality of proposed information gathering, you must consult your supervisor or one of our Compliance Officers, as further described in Section 15.

Be aware that the Federal Trade Commission Act provides that "unfair methods of competition in commerce, and unfair or deceptive acts or practices in commerce, are declared unlawful." It is a violation of this Act to engage in deceptive, unfair or unethical practices and to make misrepresentations in connection with sales activities.

Gladstone Personnel involved in procurement have a special responsibility to adhere to principles of fair competition in the purchase of products and services by selecting suppliers based exclusively on normal commercial considerations, such as quality, cost, availability, service and reputation, and not on the receipt of special favors.

#### 10. Gifts and Entertainment

Business gifts and entertainment are meant to create goodwill and sound working relationships and not to gain improper advantage with customers or facilitate approvals from government officials. The exchange, as a normal business courtesy, of meals or entertainment (such as tickets to a game or the theatre or a round of golf) is a common and acceptable practice as long as it is not extravagant. Unless express written permission is received from a supervisor, the CCO or the Ethics Committee, gifts and entertainment cannot be offered, provided or accepted

by any Gladstone Personnel unless consistent with customary business practices and not (a) of more than token or nominal monetary value, (b) in cash, (c) susceptible of being construed as a bribe or kickback, (d) made or received on a regular or frequent basis or (e) in violation of any laws.

### 11. Protection and Proper Use of Company Assets

You are expected to protect our assets and ensure their efficient use. Theft, carelessness and waste have a direct impact on our profitability. Our property, such as office supplies, computer equipment, buildings and products, are expected to be used only for legitimate business purposes, although incidental personal use may be permitted. You may not, however, use our corporate name, any brand name or trademark owned or associated with our companies or any letterhead stationery for any personal purpose.

We each have personal responsibility to guard and ensure the security of our information systems and data and must exercise reasonable cyber security awareness by managing access to our equipment, systems and information/data assets with the utmost care, confidentiality and professionalism. Our assets include facilities, equipment, computers and information systems, smartphones, information and data assets.

Be vigilant of potential attempts (ex., phishing/spam/fraudulent emails, unusual system activity, etc.) to breach our computer systems by notifying compliance, resource management, or our IT service when suspicion arises.

#### You may not:

- permit an external entity to access our computer systems without authorization from compliance or resource management;
- access the internal computer system (also known as "hacking") or other resource of another
  entity without express written authorization from the entity responsible for operating that
  resource;
- exceed the scope of any authorization you receive to access another entity's internal computer system or other resource; or
- commit any unlawful or illegal act, including harassment, libel, fraud, sending of unsolicited bulk email (also known as "spam") in violation of applicable law, trafficking in contraband of any kind or espionage.

Unsolicited bulk email is regulated by law in a number of jurisdictions. If you intend to send unsolicited bulk email to persons outside of our companies, either while acting on our behalf or using our computing or communications equipment or facilities, you should contact your supervisor or the CCO for approval.

All data residing on or transmitted through our computing and communications facilities, including email and word processing documents, is the property of our companies and subject to inspection, retention and review by us, with or without your or third party's knowledge, consent or approval, in accordance with applicable law. Any misuse or suspected misuse of our assets must be immediately reported to your supervisor or a Compliance Officer.

#### 12. Confidentiality

One of our most important assets is our confidential information. You may learn of information about our business that is confidential and proprietary and you may learn of such before we release it to the general public (if required under the securities laws). If you have access to confidential information, you must take care to keep this information confidential.

In addition, because we interact with other companies and organizations, there may be times when you learn confidential information about other companies before that information has been made available to the public. You must treat this information in the same manner as you are required to treat our confidential and proprietary information.

You are expected to keep confidential and proprietary information confidential unless and until that information is released to the public through approved channels (usually through a press release, an SEC filing or a formal communication from a member of senior management, as further described in Section 13). Unauthorized use or distribution of this information may also be illegal and result in civil liability or criminal penalties.

#### 13. Media and Public Discussions

It is our policy to disclose material information concerning our funds to the public only through specific limited channels to avoid inappropriate publicity and to ensure that all those with an interest in the company will have equal access to information. All inquiries or calls from the press and financial analysts should be referred to the Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") or President of the relevant company or to our internal legal or compliance departments, or our Director of Investor Relations.

#### 14. Waivers

Any waiver of this Code for executive officers (including our principal executive officer, principal financial officer, principal accounting officer or controller (or persons performing similar functions) or directors may be authorized only by the board of directors of the relevant company, and will be disclosed to stockholders as required by applicable laws, rules and regulations.

#### 15. Compliance Standards and Procedures

#### Compliance Resources; Compliance Officers

We have designated our CCO and his/her staff to oversee this Code and oversight of this program. You may address any questions or concerns to the Compliance Officers. The CCO is responsible for:

- investigating possible violations of this Code;
- training new Gladstone Personnel in Code policies and conducting annual training sessions to refresh familiarity with this Code;
- reviewing all personal securities transactions and holdings reports required by Appendix A to this Code;
- distributing this Code by hard copy or by email to Gladstone Personnel upon initial hire and annually thereafter, and upon any amendment of this Code, and requiring written acknowledgement of the receipt of this Code and any such amendments;
- amending or updating this Code, as needed, and receive appropriate approval of the Ethics Committees; and
- otherwise promoting an atmosphere of responsible and ethical conduct.

Your most immediate resource for any matter related to this Code is your supervisor or a Compliance Officer. If you are uncomfortable speaking with a Compliance Officer because he or she works in your department or is one of your supervisors, please contact a member of the Ethics Committee of the relevant fund. You may also report violations directly to members of the Ethics Committee by either sending a letter to Global Compliance Services, 13950 Ballantyne Corporate Place, Suite 300, Charlotte, NC 28277 or by calling our companies' toll-free hotline run by Global Compliance Services at 1-888-475-4914 and speaking with a representative who will transmit the information to the Ethics Committee, which will pass on to the Audit Committee all information related to complaints or observations that involve accounting, internal accounting controls and auditing concerns.

You may call the toll-free number anonymously if you prefer, as it is not equipped with caller identification, although Global Compliance Services will be unable to obtain follow-up details from you that may be necessary to investigate the matter. Whether you identify yourself or remain anonymous, your telephonic contact with Global Compliance Services through the toll-free number (1-888-475-4914) will be kept strictly confidential to the extent reasonably possible within the objectives of this Code.

#### 16. Amendments and Modifications

This Code (originally adopted on January 28, 2013) may not be amended or modified except in a written form which is specifically approved by majority vote of the independent directors of the applicable entities.

# 17. Pay to Play Policy

In light of recent scandals involving public pension plans and the practice of making campaign contributions to elected officials in order to influence the awarding of lucrative contracts for the management of public pension plan assets and similar government investment accounts, so-called "pay to play," the Securities and Exchange Commission adopted Rule 206(4)-5 amending the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 (hereinafter "Rule 206(4)-5" or the "Rule") prohibiting investment advisors from receiving compensation for advisory services rendered to a public pension plan or other government investment account if certain political contributions are made by the adviser, or certain of its executives and employees. The Rule covers, among other things, all direct contributions made to incumbent state or local officials, or candidates for state or local office, direct contributions to state or local political party committees, and indirect contributions such as in-kind contributions, and soliciting or coordinating contributions.

Rule 206(4)-5 applies to the Adviser because it is a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940 and to Gladstone Securities because it is a registered broker dealer soliciting Government Entities on behalf of the Adviser. Although the Adviser may not currently be providing advisory services to a public pension plan or other government investment account, the Rule has a two year look back provision which could impact the ability of the Adviser to provide such services in the coming years. This policy is being adopted to avoid inadvertent violations of the Rule which would result in loss of business for the Adviser. Any questions regarding this policy or activities discussed herein should be directed to the CCO or his designee. Please refer to Appendix B for further information.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The Rule makes it unlawful for any investment adviser subject to the Rule or any of the adviser's covered associates to make direct or indirect payment to any person to solicit government clients for investment advisory services on the investment adviser's behalf <u>unless</u> the "solicitor" is subject to prohibitions against participating in pay to play practices and subject to oversight by the Securities and Exchange Commission or a registered national securities association such as FINRA. The SEC adopted this Rule to prevent a third party placement agent from being used as an indirect means of making political contributions on the investment's advisers behalf. Under the Rule, FINRA's rules must be at least as restrictive as Rule 206(4)-5 for a broker dealer to be able to solicit government clients on the investment adviser's behalf. While Gladstone Securities is not a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, any contributions made by a Covered Associate of Gladstone Securities could be deemed to have been made by the Adviser, thus prohibiting the Adviser from providing investment advisory services to the applicable Government Entity. Likewise, contributions made by a newly hired employee prior to his or her employment at the Adviser or Gladstone Securities could be deemed to have been made by the Adviser, triggering the prohibitions on the Adviser providing advisory services to a Government Entity.

#### Appendix A

Insider Trading Policy
For
Gladstone Capital Corporation
Gladstone Commercial Corporation
Gladstone Investment Corporation
Gladstone Land Corporation
Gladstone Alternative Income Fund
Gladstone Management Corporation
Gladstone Administration LLC
Gladstone Securities, LLC

This Insider Trading Policy (the "Policy") has been adopted to comply with Rules 17j-l under the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "Investment Company Act") and 204A under the Investment Advisers' Act of 1940 (the "Advisers' Act") (the "Rules"). The Policy establishes standards and procedures designed to address conflicts of interest and detect and prevent abuse of fiduciary duty by persons with knowledge of the investments and investment intentions of Gladstone Management Corporation (the "Adviser"), Gladstone Administration LLC (the "Administrator"), Gladstone Securities, LLC, Gladstone Capital Corporation, Gladstone Commercial Corporation, Gladstone Investment Corporation, Gladstone Land Corporation, Gladstone Alternative Income Fund, their subsidiaries, and other funds managed and administered by the Adviser and the Administrator (collectively, the "Funds").

THIS POLICY WAS ORIGINALLY INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE INTO AND MADE A PART OF THE CODE OF ETHICS AND BUSINESS CONDUCT ADOPTED BY THE BOARDS OF DIRECTORS OF THE ADVISER AND THE FUNDS ON OCTOBER 11, 2005 (THE "CODE OF ETHICS"). ANY VIOLATION OF THIS POLICY IS SUBJECT TO SANCTIONS DESCRIBED IN THE CODE OF ETHICS.

### (a) General Policy

(i) It is the policy of the Adviser, the Administrator and the Funds to oppose the unauthorized disclosure of any non-public information acquired in the workplace and the misuse of Material Non-public Information in securities trading. It is also the policy of the Adviser, the Administrator and the Funds to restrict trading of the Fund's securities in a manner that minimizes the possibility of any unintentional violation of the securities laws. We have adopted several specific restrictions, outlined in this Policy, to effect the Company's general policy.

- (ii) This Policy acknowledges the general principles that officers, directors and employees of the Adviser, the Administrator, the Funds or any other company in a Control relationship to the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds, referred to in this Policy as "Covered Persons," (A) owe a fiduciary obligation to the Funds, the Administrator and the Adviser; (B) have the duty at all times to protect the interests of stockholders; (C) must conduct all personal securities transactions in such a manner as to avoid any actual or potential conflict of interest or abuse of an individual's position of trust and responsibility; and (D) should not take inappropriate advantage of their positions in relation to the Funds, the Administrator or the Adviser. In recognition of the relationship between Covered Persons and members of their immediate family sharing a household with the Covered Person and entities whose investment decisions are influenced or controlled by such individuals, this Policy also applies to such persons, who are referred to in this Policy as "Insiders."
- (iii) The Rules make it unlawful for Covered Persons to engage in conduct which is deceitful, fraudulent or manipulative, or which involves false or misleading statements, in connection with the purchase or sale of securities by an investment company. Accordingly, under the Rules and this Policy no Covered Person shall use any information concerning the investments or investment intentions of the Funds, or his or her ability to influence such investment intentions, for personal gain or in a manner detrimental to the interests of the Funds. In addition, the Rules and this Policy also contain additional restrictions for Covered Persons who are involved in or have access to information regarding securities recommendations made to the Funds, referred to in this Policy as Access Persons.
- **(iv)** Generally speaking, the restrictions in this Policy are time-based, to take account of events we know will occur on a regular basis, such as quarterly earnings releases, and circumstance-based, to address situations where information such as anticipated significant investment transactions, securities offerings, or any other such information that would likely affect the price of the Funds' securities, is not yet known to the general public.

#### (b) Definitions.

For purposes of this Policy,

- (i) "Access Person" means any officer, employee director or managing director of the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds, or any other company in a Control relationship to the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds who is involved in or has access to information regarding securities recommendations made to the Funds.
- (ii) "Administrative Officer" means the CCO of the Relevant Fund, or, if the CCO of the Relevant Fund is not available, then the General Counsel of the Relevant Fund, or if the CCO and General Counsel of the Relevant Fund are not available, then the Chief Financial Officer of the Relevant Fund. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of the pre-clearance of a Covered Transaction within the meaning of Section (b)(viii)(2) below, "Administrative Officer" means the CCO of the Adviser, or, if the CCO of the Adviser is not available, then the General Counsel of the Adviser, or if the CCO and General Counsel of the Adviser are not available, then the Chief Financial Officer of the Adviser.

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- (iii) "Beneficial Interest" means any interest by which a Covered Person or any member of his or her Immediate Family, can directly or indirectly derive a monetary benefit from the purchase, sale (or other acquisition or disposition) or ownership of a Security, except such interests as Clearing Officers (defined below) shall determine to be too remote for the purpose of this Policy. (A transaction in which a Covered Person acquires or disposes of a Security in which he or she has or thereby acquires a direct or indirect Beneficial Interest is sometimes referred to in this Code of Ethics as a "personal securities" transaction or as a transaction for the person's "own account").
  - (iv) "CCO" means Chief Compliance Officer, as duly appointed.
- (v) "Control" means the power to exercise a controlling influence over the management or policies of a company (unless such power is solely the result of an official position with such company). Any person who owns beneficially, directly or through one or more controlled companies, more than 25% of the voting securities of a company shall be presumed to control such company. For purposes of this Policy, natural persons and portfolio companies of the Funds shall be presumed not to be controlled persons.
- **(vi)** "Covered Person" means any officer, director or employee of the Adviser, the Administrator, the Funds or any other company in a Control relationship to the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds, but does not include portfolio companies of the Funds.
- (vii) "Covered Security" includes any Fund Securities and all debt obligations, stock and other instruments comprising the investments of the Funds, including any warrant or option to acquire or sell a security and financial futures contracts, but excludes securities issued by the U.S. government or its agencies, bankers' acceptances, bank certificates of deposit, commercial paper and shares of a mutual Company. References to a "Covered Security" in this Policy shall include any warrant for, option in, or security convertible into that "Covered Security."
  - (viii) "Covered Transaction" means any of the following transactions:
- (1) A transaction in which such Covered Person knows or should know at the time of entering into the transaction that: (i) any of the Funds has engaged in a transaction in the same Security within the last 180 days, or is engaging in a transaction or is going to engage in a transaction in the same Security in the next 180 days; or (ii) the Adviser has within the last 180 days considered a transaction in the same Security for any of the Funds or is considering such a transaction in the Security or within the next 180 days is going to consider such a transaction in the Security;
- (2) a transaction that involves the direct or indirect acquisition of Securities in an initial public offering or Limited Offering of any issuer; or
  - (3) a transaction in any Fund Security.

- (ix) "Fund Security" means any security issued by any of the Funds. References to a "Fund Security" in this Policy shall include any warrant for, option in, or security convertible into that "Fund Security."
- (x) "Immediate Family" includes any children, stepchildren, grandchildren, parents, stepparents, grandparents, spouses, siblings, mothers-in-law, fathers-in-law, sons-in-law, daughters-in-law, brothers-in-law, or sisters-in-law, including adoptive relationships, who live in the same household.
- (xi) "Independent Officer" means an officer of the Relevant Fund other than the Administrative Officer who is not a party to the transaction or a relative of a party to the transaction. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the case of the pre-clearance of a Covered Transaction within the meaning of Section (b)(viii)(2) below, "Independent Officer" means an officer of the Adviser other than the Administrative Officer who is not a party to the transaction or a relative of a party to the transaction.
- (xii) "Insiders" means Covered Persons, their Immediate Family and entities whose investment decisions are influenced or controlled by such individuals.
- (xiii) "Limited Offering" means an offering that is exempt from registration under Sections 4(2) or 4(6) of, or Regulation D under, the Securities Act of 1933. Limited Offerings may include, among other things, limited partnership or limited liability company interests, or other Securities purchased through private placements.
- (xiv) "Loan Officer" means an Access Person who is responsible for making decisions as to Securities to be bought or sold for the Funds' portfolio.
- (xv) "Non-Access Person" means any employee of the Adviser, the Administrator, the Funds, or any other company in a Control relationship to the Adviser or the Funds, which employee is not an "Access Person."
- (xvi) "Relevant Fund" means the Fund to which the relevant Covered Securities relate.
- (xvii) A "Security held or to be acquired" by the Funds means any Security which, within the most recent 180 days is or has been held by the Funds or is being or has been considered for purchase by the Funds.
- (xviii) A Security is "being considered for purchase or sale" from the time an amendment letter is signed by or on behalf of the Funds until the closing with respect to that Security is completed or aborted.
- (xix) "Security" means any note, stock, treasury stock, security future, bond, debenture, evidence of indebtedness, certificate of interest or participation in any profit-sharing agreement, collateral-trust certificate, preorganization certificate or subscription, transferable share, investment contract, voting-trust certificate, certificate of deposit for a security, fractional

undivided interest in oil, gas, or other mineral rights, any put, call, straddle, option, or privilege on any security (including a certificate of deposit) or on any group or index of securities (including any interest therein or based on the value thereof), or any put, call, straddle, option, or privilege entered into on a national securities exchange relating to foreign currency, or, in general, any interest or instrument commonly known as a "security", or any certificate of interest or participation in, temporary or interim certificate for, receipt for, guarantee of, or warrant or right to subscribe to or purchase, any of the foregoing.

- (xx) "Trading Day" means a day on which the Nasdaq Global Market is open for trading. A Trading Day begins at the time trading begins on such day following the date of public disclosure of the financial results for that quarter.
- (c) Material Non-public Information. Material Non-public Information means any information that a reasonable investor would likely consider important in a decision to buy, hold or sell Covered Securities that has not already been disclosed generally to the public. Either positive or negative information may be material.
- (i) Materiality. While it may be difficult to determine whether particular information is material, there are various categories of information that are particularly sensitive and, as a general rule, should always be considered material. Examples of such information include, but are not limited to: (1) a Fund's financial results, (2) known but unannounced large deviations in planned future earnings or losses, (3) execution or termination of significant investment transactions, (4) news of a pending or proposed merger or other acquisition, (5) changes in a Fund's dividend rate or dividend policy, (6) news of the disposition, construction or acquisition of significant assets, (7) impending bankruptcy or financial liquidity problems, (8) significant developments involving corporate relationships, (9) new equity or debt offerings, (10) security buyback programs, (11) positive or negative developments in significant outstanding litigation, (12) significant litigation exposure due to actual or threatened litigation, (13) significant changes to existing debt facilities and (14) major changes in senior management.
- (ii) Non-public. Information about the Adviser, the Administrator and the Funds that is not yet in general circulation should be considered non-public. It is important to note that information is not necessarily public merely because it has been discussed in the press, which will sometimes report rumors. All information that a Covered Person learns about the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds or their business plans in connection with his or her employment is non-public information unless you can point to its official release by the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds in a press release, a filing with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") or a publicly available webcast or similar broadcast sponsored by the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds. If you are considering engaging in a Covered Transaction and have any question as to whether information of which you are aware has been made public, contact the CCO of the Relevant Fund.

#### (d) Specific Requirements for Trading in Fund Securities

(i) Trading Window. Except as permitted in Section (e)(iii) of this Policy, Insiders may only conduct transactions involving the purchase or sale of a Fund Security during Appendix A-5

the period commencing at the open of the market on the third Trading Day following the date of the Relevant Fund's filing of its Form 10-Q or 10-K for the most recently completed fiscal period and continuing until the close of the market on the fifteenth (15<sup>th</sup>) calendar day prior to the last day of the fiscal quarter (the "**Trading Window**"), after which time the Trading Window will be closed until it re-opens on the third Trading Day following the date of filing of the Form 10-Q or 10-K for the subsequent period. Notwithstanding anything in this Policy to the contrary, in certain special circumstances involving a high level of market volatility, Insiders may conduct transactions involving the purchase or sale of a Fund Security outside the Trading Window, but not later than the last day of the fiscal quarter, provided that each such trade complies with the pre-clearance procedures outlined in Section (e)(i) of this Policy and is also approved in advance by the Relevant Fund's Chief Executive Officer or President who is not placing the particular trade. In the event that the Insider and the Relevant Fund's Chief Executive Officer and President are the same person, he or she must receive the approval of the Chief Operating Officer.

In special circumstances, when insiders may have Material Non-public information, the CCO, General Counsel or the Chief Financial Officer of the Relevant Fund may, upon the concurrence of any two of such persons, close or open Trading Window or prevent a scheduled Trading Window from opening as originally scheduled. Upon determination that any such information no longer constitutes Material Non-public Information, the CCO, General Counsel or Chief Financial Officer of the Relevant Fund may, upon the concurrence of any two of such persons, re-open a Trading Window.

#### (ii) Reserved.

- (iii) No Safe Harbor for Possession of Material Non-Public Information. Regardless of whether the Trading Window is open, the Funds and Insiders may not trade in Fund Securities while in possession of any Material Non-public Information (with the exception of trades pursuant to Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plans established in accordance with this Policy). Trading in Fund Securities during the Trading Window should <u>not</u> be considered a "safe harbor" from liability, and all Insiders should use good judgment at all times.
- (iv) Limit Orders. The prohibition against trading during the closed Trading Windows encompasses the fulfillment of "limit orders" (often referred to as "good until canceled orders") by any broker with whom any such limit order is placed. Any unfilled limit orders in Fund Securities must be immediately canceled whenever (A) a Trading Window closes, including upon the imposition of a special circumstances closed Trading Window, or (B) the Insider comes into possession of Material Non-public Information.
- (v) Short Sales and Derivative Securities. No Insiders shall engage in a short sale of any Fund Security. A short sale is a sale of securities not owned by the seller or, if owned, not delivered against such sale within 20 days thereafter. In addition, trading in options to buy or sell Fund Securities (including put or call options), warrants, convertible securities, stock appreciation rights, or other similar rights with an exercise or conversion privilege at a price related to an equity security or with a value derived from the value of an equity security relating to a Fund Security (collectively, "Derivative Securities"), whether or not issued by the Funds, such as

exchange-traded options, are prohibited. Short sales and Derivative Security trading are prohibited by this Policy even when the Trading Window is open.

(vi) Other Prohibited Activities. In addition, no Covered Person shall, directly or indirectly in connection with the purchase or sale of a "security held or to be acquired" (as defined in Section (b)(xvii) of this Policy) by the Funds: (a) employ any device, scheme or artifice to defraud the Funds; or (b) make to the Funds or the Adviser any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state to any of the foregoing a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; or (c) engage in any act, practice, or course of business which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon the Funds; or (d) engage in any manipulative practice with respect to the Funds.

In addition, no Fund shall, directly or indirectly in connection with the purchase or sale of its securities: (a) employ any device, scheme or artifice to defraud; or (b) make any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state to any of the foregoing a material fact necessary in order to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which they are made, not misleading; or (c) engage in any act, practice, or course of business which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon any person.

#### (e) Pre-Clearance of Covered Transactions

- (i) Pre-Clearance of Transactions in Fund Securities. Except for transactions that are exempted under Section (e)(iii) below, all Covered Persons must obtain preclearance for any transactions in Fund Securities using the following procedures:
- (1) From Whom Obtained. Before any Insider engages in any transaction in Fund Securities, the relevant Covered Person must pre-clear the proposed transaction with the Administrative Officer (the CCO of the Relevant Fund, or, if the CCO of the Relevant Fund is not available, then the General Counsel of the Relevant Fund, or if the CCO and General Counsel of the Relevant Fund are not available, then the Chief Financial Officer of the Relevant Fund). Until the Administrative Officer provides pre-clearance for the proposed transaction, such Insider shall not execute the proposed transaction. The Administrative Officer may consult management and counsel in reviewing and pre-clearing transactions, although the primary responsibility to assess whether a proposed transaction complies with this Policy and applicable law will lie with the Covered Person.
- of fourteen (14) calendar days following the day pre-clearance is received, or until such earlier time that the Trading Window closes or the Insider comes into possession of Material Non-Public Information, to execute the transaction. If for any reason the transaction is not completed within this period of time, pre-clearance must be re-obtained from the Administrative Officer. Execution of a trade shall include the actual sale or purchase, rather than simply placing of an order to do so.
- (3) Form. To initiate pre-clearance, you must contact the Administrative Officer in person, by phone, or email. After discussing the proposed trade, pre-clearance can be obtained by (i) completing and signing Schedule B, and obtaining the approval Appendix A-7

and signature of the Administrative Officer; or (ii) responding affirmatively to an email sent by the Administrative Officer containing all the required information of Schedule B and receiving a reply email from the Administrative Officer indicating such approval. Schedule B may be amended from time to time by the CCO of the Relevant Fund, with the permission of the Chairman of the Ethics Committee of the Relevant Fund. The Administrative Officer is the CCO of the Relevant Fund, or, if the CCO is not available, then the General Counsel of the Relevant Fund, or if the CCO and General Counsel are not available, then the CFO of the Relevant Fund.

- (4) Filing. A copy of all completed pre-clearance forms, with all required signatures (or, as applicable, email correspondence), shall be retained by the CCO of the Relevant Fund.
- (5) Insider's Responsibility. Notwithstanding the foregoing, even if a proposed trade is pre-cleared, the Insider is prohibited from trading any Fund Securities while in possession of Material Non-public Information.
- (ii) Pre-Clearance of Non-Fund Securities Covered Transactions. With the exception of transactions in Fund Securities (covered in Section (e)(i) above) and transactions that are exempted under Section (e)(iii) below, Insiders proposing to engage in Covered Transactions must obtain pre-clearance of such Covered Transaction using the following procedures:
- (1) From Whom Obtained. Pre-clearance must be obtained from the Administrative Officer and one Independent Officer.
- (2) Pre-clearance Period. In the case of a proposed Covered Transaction, if the relevant Covered Person receives pre-clearance, the Insider will have until the end of fourteen (14) calendar days following the day pre-clearance is received to execute the transaction. If for any reason the transaction is not completed within this period of time, pre-clearance must be re-obtained before the transaction can be executed.
- signing the "Request for Permission to Engage in a Non-Fund Securities Covered Transaction" form attached hereto as *Schedule A*, which form shall set forth the details of the proposed transaction, and obtaining the signatures of the Administrative Officer and one Independent Officer. Schedule A may be amended from time to time by the CCO of the Relevant Fund, with the permission of the Chairman of the Ethics Committee of the Relevant Fund.
- (4) Filing. A copy of all completed pre-clearance forms, with all required signatures, shall be retained by the CCO of the Relevant Fund.
- Securities Covered Transactions. The persons responsible for pre-clearance may refuse to grant pre-clearance of a Covered Transaction in their absolute discretion. Generally, such persons will consider the following factors in determining whether or not to clear a Covered Transaction: (1) whether the Insider is in possession of Material Non-Public Information, (2) whether the amount or nature of the transaction or person making it is likely to affect the price or market for the Appendix A-8

Security; (3) whether the individual making the proposed purchase or sale is likely to benefit from purchases or sales being made or being considered by the Funds; (4) whether the Security proposed to be purchased or sold is one that would qualify for purchase or sale by the Funds; (5) whether the transaction is non-volitional on the part of the individual, such as receipt of a stock dividend, bequest or inheritance; (6) whether potential harm to the Funds from the transaction is remote; (7) whether the transaction would be likely to affect a highly institutional market; and (8) whether the transaction is related economically to Securities being considered for purchase or sale (as defined in Section (b)(xviii) of this Policy) by the Funds.

#### (iii) Exemptions From Pre-Clearance Requirements

The following transactions are exempt from the pre-clearance provisions of this Policy:

- (1) Not Controlled Securities. Purchases, sales or other acquisitions or dispositions of Securities for an account over which the Insider has no direct influence or Control and does not exercise indirect influence or Control;
- (2) Involuntary Transactions. Involuntary purchases or sales made by an Insider;
- (3) DRPs. Purchases which are part of an automatic dividend reinvestment plan;
- (4) Rights Offerings. Purchases or other acquisitions or dispositions resulting from the exercise of rights acquired from an issuer as part of a pro rata distribution to all holders of a class of Securities of such issuer and the sale of such rights; and

### (5) Rule 10b5-1 Plans.

- a. Trades Pursuant to Trading Plan Exempted from Compliance with Trading Windows and Pre-clearance Requirements. A transaction in Fund Securities in accordance with a trading plan adopted in accordance with the SEC's Rule 10b5-1(c) and this Section (e)(iii)(5) (the "Trading Plan") shall not be required to be effected during an open Trading Window nor shall it require pre-clearance, even though such transaction takes place during a closed Trading Window or while the Insider was aware of Material Non-public Information.
- Plan must be adopted during (i) an open Trading Window and (ii) at a time when such Insider is not in possession of Material Non-public Information. Each Trading Plan must be pre-approved by the Administrative Officer to confirm compliance with this Policy and applicable securities laws, and such approval is subject to the sole discretion of the Administrative Officer. Approval of a Trading Plan shall not be deemed a representation by the Adviser, Administrator or the applicable Fund that such plan complies with Rule 10b5-1, nor an assumption by the Adviser, Administrator or the applicable Fund of any liability or responsibility to the individual or any other party if the plan does not comply with Rule 10b5-1. The initial trades under such Trading Plan

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shall not be permitted until at least thirty calendar days have passed following the establishment of the Trading Plan.

- c. Amendment of Trading Plan. An Insider may amend or replace his or her Trading Plan only during periods when trading is permitted in accordance with this Policy, and the relevant Covered Person must submit any proposed amendment or replacement of a Trading Plan to the Administrative Officer for approval prior to adoption. The relevant Covered Person must provide notice to the Administrative Officer prior to an Insider terminating a Trading Plan.
- **d.** Form. Pre-clearance of a Trading Plan must be obtained in writing by (i) completing and signing the "Request for Permission to Establish Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plan" form attached hereto as *Schedule C*, and (ii) obtaining the signature of the Administrative Officer. Schedule C may be amended from time to time by the CCO of the Relevant Fund, with the permission of the Chairman of the Ethics Committee of the Relevant Fund.
- e. Filing. A copy of all completed pre-clearance forms, with all required signatures, shall be retained by the CCO of the Relevant Fund.
  - (f) Reporting Requirements.
    - (i) Access Persons.
      - (1) Holdings Reports.
- a. Initial Holdings Report. Within ten (10) days of becoming an Access Person, each Access Person shall make a written report to the CCO of the Relevant Fund of all Securities in which such Access Person holds a direct or indirect Beneficial Interest. Access Persons need not report any such Securities that are exempt under subsection (i)(1)(d) of this Section (f). The initial holdings report shall be made on the form provided for such purpose by the CCO of the Relevant Fund. Each initial holdings report must be current as of a date no more than forty-five (45) days prior to the date that the reporting person became an Access Person.
- b. Annual Holdings Reports. No later than February 13<sup>th</sup> of each year, each Access Person shall make a written report to the CCO of the Relevant Fund of all Securities in which such Access Person holds a direct or indirect Beneficial Interest. Access Persons need not report any such Securities that are exempt under subsection (i)(1)(d) of this Section (f). The annual holdings report shall be made on the form provided for such purpose by the CCO of the Relevant Fund. Each annual holdings report must be current as of a date no later than December 31<sup>st</sup> of the prior year.
- c. Contents of Holdings Reports. Holdings reports must contain, at a minimum, the following information with respect to each Security: (i) the title and type of each Security for which an Access Person holds a direct or indirect Beneficial Interest; (ii) for publicly traded Securities, the ticker symbol or CUSIP number for each such Security; (iii) the

principal amount of each Security; (iv) the name of any broker, dealer or bank with whom you, or any members of your Immediate Family, maintain an account in which any Securities are held for your direct or indirect benefit; and (v) the date of submission of the report.

- **d. Exemptions from Holdings Reports.** The following Securities are not required to be included in holdings reports made by Access Persons:
  - Securities held in accounts over which an Access Person has no direct or indirect influence or control;
  - Direct obligations of the Government of the United States;
  - iii. Bankers' acceptances, bank certificates of deposit, commercial paper and high quality short-term debt instruments, including repurchase agreements; and
  - iv. Shares issued by open-end funds.

### (2) Transaction Reports.

- a. Quarterly Report. Within thirty (30) days of the end of each calendar quarter, each Access Person must submit a quarterly report to the CCO of the Relevant Fund, on the form provided for such purpose by the CCO of the Relevant Fund, of all transactions during the calendar quarter in any Securities in which such Access Person has any direct or indirect Beneficial Interest.
- **b.** Contents of Transaction Reports. Quarterly Transaction Reports must contain, at a minimum, the following information with respect to each transaction in a Security: (i) the title and type of each Security involved; (ii) for publicly traded Securities, the ticker symbol or CUSIP number for each such Security; (iii) the number of shares, interest rate, and maturity date and principal amount, as applicable, of each Security involved; (iv) the price of the Security at which the transaction was effected; (v) the name of any broker, dealer or bank through which the transaction was effected; and (vi) the date of submission of the report.
- c. Exemptions from Transaction Reports. The following transactions are not required to be included in Quarterly transactions reports of Access Persons:
  - Transactions in Securities over which an Access Person has no direct or indirect influence or control;
  - Transactions in Direct obligations of the Government of the United States;
  - Transactions in Bankers' acceptances, bank certificates of deposit, commercial paper and high

Appendix A-11

- quality short-term debt instruments, including repurchase agreements;
- iv. Transactions in shares issued by open-end funds; and
- Transactions which are part of an automatic dividend reinvestment plan.

#### (ii) Non-Access Persons.

- (1) Annual Transactions Report. Within 10 days of the end of each calendar year, each Non-Access Person shall make a written report to the CCO of the Relevant Fund of all transactions by which they acquired or disposed of a direct or indirect Beneficial Interest in any Covered Security.
- (2) Form. Each annual report shall be provided on the form "Annual Securities Transactions Confidential Report of Non-Access Persons" form attached hereto as *Schedule D*, which form shall set forth the information regarding each transaction requested in the form. Schedule D may be amended from time to time by the CCO of the Relevant Fund, who shall promptly provide any form so amended to all Non-Access Persons.
- (3) Filing. A copy of all reports submitted pursuant to this Section (f), with all required signatures, shall be retained by the CCO of the Relevant Fund.
- (iii) **Disclaimer.** Any report made by an Access Person or Non-Access Person under this Section (e) may contain a statement that the report is not to be construed as an admission that the person making it has or had any direct or indirect Beneficial Interest in any Security or Covered Security to which the report relates.
- **(iv)** Responsibility to Report. It is the responsibility of all Covered Persons to take the initiative to provide each report required to be made by them under this Policy. Any effort by the Adviser, the Administrator or the Funds to facilitate the reporting process does not change or alter that responsibility.

### (g) Confidentiality of Transactions

Until disclosed in a public report to stockholders or to the SEC in the normal course, all information concerning Securities being considered for purchase or sale (as defined in Section (b)(xv) of this Policy) by the Funds shall be kept confidential by all Access Persons and disclosed by them only on a "need to know" basis. It shall be the responsibility of the CCO to report any inadequacy found by him or her to the Board of Directors of the Company or any committee appointed by the Board of Directors to deal with such information.

#### (h) Sanctions

Any violation of this Policy shall be subject to the imposition of such sanctions by the Funds or the Adviser as may be deemed appropriate under the circumstances to achieve the purposes of the Rules and this Policy, which may include suspension or termination of employment, a letter of censure or restitution of an amount equal to the difference between the price paid or received by the Funds and the more advantageous price paid or received by the offending person. Sanctions for violation of this Policy by a director of the Funds will be determined by a majority vote of the independent directors of the applicable Fund.

#### (i) Administration and Construction

- **(i) Administration.** The administration of this Policy shall be the responsibility of the CCO of the Adviser and the Funds.
- Duties. The duties of the CCO under this Policy include: (1) continuous maintenance of a current list of the names of all Access and Non-Access Persons, with an appropriate description of their title or employment; (2) providing each Covered Person a copy of this Policy and informing them of their duties and obligations hereunder, and assuring that Covered Persons are familiar with applicable requirements of this Appendix; (3) supervising the implementation of this Policy and its enforcement by the Adviser, the Administrator and the Funds; (4) maintaining or supervising the maintenance of all records and reports required by this Policy; (5) preparing listings of all transactions effected by any Access Person within thirty (30) days of the date on which the same security was held, purchased or sold by any of the Funds; (6) issuing either personally or with the assistance of counsel, as may be appropriate, any interpretation of this Policy which may appear consistent with the objectives of the Rules and this Policy; (7) conducting of such inspections or investigations, including scrutiny of the listings referred to in the preceding subparagraph, as shall reasonably be required to detect and report, with recommendations, any apparent violations of this Policy to the Board of Directors of the Funds or any Committee appointed by them to deal with such information; and (8) submitting a quarterly report to the directors of the Funds containing a description of any (i) violation and the sanction imposed; (ii) transactions which suggest the possibility of a violation of interpretations issued by the CCO of the Relevant Fund; and (iii) any other significant information concerning the appropriateness of this Policy.

#### (j) Required Records.

The CCO shall maintain and cause to be maintained in an easily accessible place, the following records:

- (i) Code of Ethics and Policies. Copies of the Code of Ethics into which this Policy has been incorporated, this Policy, and any other codes of ethics or insider trading policies adopted pursuant to the Rules ("Rule 17 and Rule 204A Codes") which have been in effect during the past five (5) years;
- (ii) Violations. A record of any violation of any such Rule 17 and Rule 204A Codes and of any action taken as a result of such violation;

- (iii) Reports. A copy of each report made by the CCO within two (2) years from the end of the fiscal year of the Funds in which such report or interpretation is made or issued, and for an additional three (3) years in a place which need not be easily accessible; and
- (iv) List. A list of all persons who are, or within the past five (5) years have been, required to make reports pursuant to the Rules and any Rule 17 Code.

### (k) Amendments and Modifications

This Policy may not be amended or modified except in a written form which is specifically approved by majority vote of the independent directors of the applicable Funds.

This Policy was adopted by the Funds' Boards of Directors, including the independent directors, on January 28, 2013.

# SCHEDULE A REQUEST FOR PERMISSION TO ENGAGE IN A NON-FUND SECURITIES COVERED TRANSACTION

I hereby request permission to effect a transaction in securities as indicated below for my own account or other account in which I have a beneficial interest or legal title. I acknowledge that if I am granted pre-clearance for my Transaction Request, I will have until the end of fourteen (14) calendar days following the day pre-clearance is received to execute the transaction. I also acknowledge that, if for any reason the transaction is not completed within this period of time, pre-clearance must be re-obtained before the transaction can be executed.

(Use approximate dates and amounts of proposed transactions.)

## PURCHASES AND ACQUISITIONS

Date	IPO or Limited Offering?	No. of Shares or Principal Amount	Name and Trading Symbol of Security	Unit Price	Total Price	Brokerage Firm
	1350		35 (1)			
		SA	ALES AND OTHER DI	SPOSITIONS		
Name:		Requ	uest Date:		_ Signature:	
Permission Granted ☐ Permission Denied ☐		Signature:		Date:		
		(Administrative Officer) Signature:		Date:		
		(Independent Officer or President/CEO)		-,		

Request to Engage in a Non-Fund Securities Covered Transaction Appendix A - 14

Updated March 17, 2020

#### SCHEDULE B

# REQUEST FOR PRE-CLEARANCE AND CERTIFICATION IN CONNECTION WITH A TRANSACTION IN FUND SECURITIES

Instructions: To initiate pre-clearance, you must contact the Administrative Officer in person, by phone, or email. After discussing the proposed trade, pre-clearance can be obtained by (1) completing and signing this Schedule B, and obtaining the approval and signature of the Administrative Officer; or (2) responding affirmatively to an email sent by the Administrative Officer containing all the required information of this Schedule B and receiving a reply email from the Administrative Officer indicating such approval. The Administrative Officer is the CCO of the Relevant Fund, or, if the CCO is not available, then the General Counsel of the Relevant Fund, or if the CCO and General Counsel are not available, then the CFO of the Relevant Fund. Capitalized terms used in this Schedule B have the meanings given them in the Insider Trading Policy as adopted by the Boards of Directors of the Funds on January 28, 2013 (the "Policy").

#### REQUEST FOR PRE-CLEARANCE

Name and trading symbol of Fund Security:

**CERTIFICATION** 

I hereby request permission to effect a transaction in Fund Securities as indicated below for my own account or other account in which I have a beneficial interest or legal title.

Requestor's name:

Transaction type (Buy or Sell):

Proposed order date:

Approximate number of shares (if debt securities, principal dollar amount) of trade:

Pursuant to the Policy, and in connection with the above request for pre-clearance (the "Transaction Request"), I, \_\_\_\_\_\_, hereby certify that I am not in possession of any Material Non-public Information, as defined in the Policy. I further certify I have read and understand the Insider Trading Policy as adopted by the Boards of Directors of the Funds and am personally responsible for abiding by all the policies and procedures contained within the Policy and aware of the consequences of failing to do so.

Signature:	Date:	

## PRE-CLEARANCE CONSIDERATIONS AND DECISION

- 1) Is the Fund involved in a stock offering (overnight, ATM, etc.)? If yes, consider whether requestor is an Affiliated Purchaser under Regulation M and precluded from trading in securities of Fund during offering period.
- 2) Is the trader currently subject to any lockup agreements resulting from recent stock offerings for this fund? Confirm with legal and compliance. If yes, determine if proposed trade is not allowed during the proposed trade period.

Pre-clearance Granted □	Administrative Officer Signature:	
Pre-clearance Denied □	Pre-clearance Granted/Denied Date:	

Request for Pre-Clearance and Certification in Connection with a Transaction in Fund Securities

# SCHEDULE C CERTIFICATION/REQUEST FOR PRE-APPROVAL OF RULE 10b5-1 TRADING PLAN

Instructions: Contact the Administrative Officer to discuss your eligibility for a Rule 10b5-1 Trading Plan. The Administrative Officer is the CCO of the Relevant Fund, or, if the CCO is not available, then the General Counsel of the Relevant Fund, or if the CCO and General Counsel are not available, then the CFO of the Relevant Fund. Capitalized terms used in this Schedule C have the meanings given them in the Insider Trading Policy as adopted by the Boards of Directors of the Funds on January 28, 2013 (the "Policy").

RE	EQUEST FOR PRE-CLEARANCE	<u>E</u>					
1ι		equest permission to enter into a Trading Plan pursuant to Rule 10b5- ction with this request, I,, hereby certify that:					
1.	I have delivered herewith the for	m of Trading Plan to the Administrative Officer.					
2.	I am not in possession of any Material Non-public Information, as defined in the Policy.						
3.	. I further certify I have read and understand the Insider Trading Policy as adopted by the Boards of Directors of the Funds and am personally responsible for abiding by all the policies and procedures contained within the Policy and aware of the consequences of failing to do so.						
Sig	nature:	Date:					
PR	E-CLEARANCE CONSIDERATI	ION AND DECISION					
Afi		ering (overnight, ATM, etc.)? If yes, consider whether requestor is an n M and precluded from trading in securities of Fund during offering					
fun		any lockup agreements resulting from recent stock offerings for this liance. If yes, determine if proposed trade is not allowed during the					
	Pre-approval Granted □	Administrative Officer Signature:					
	Pre-approval Denied □	Pre-approval Granted/Denied Date:					

# SCHEDULE D ANNUAL SECURITIES TRANSACTIONS CONFIDENTIAL REPORT OF NON-ACCESS PERSONS

The following schedule lists all transactions during the year ending December 31, \_\_\_\_ in which I had any direct or indirect Beneficial Interest in any Covered Security. Capitalized terms used in this schedule have the meanings given them in the Insider Trading Policy as adopted by the Boards of Directors of the Funds on January 28, 2013. (If no transactions took place you may write "None")

### PURCHASES AND ACQUISITIONS

Date	No. of Shares or Principal Amount	Name of Security	Unit Price	Total Price	Brokerage Firm
	SAL	ES AND OTH	ER DISPOSITI	ONS	
	disclaim Beneficia tement below an				
	port is not to be co or indirect Benefic				
For the year e	ending		Name:		
Date:			Signature:		

Annual Securities Transactions Confidential Report of Non-Access Persons Appendix  $A\!-\!17$ 

### Appendix B

Pay to Play Policy
For
Gladstone Capital Corporation
Gladstone Commercial Corporation
Gladstone Investment Corporation
Gladstone Land Corporation
Gladstone Alternative Income Fund
Gladstone Management Corporation
Gladstone Securities, LLC

#### A. Prohibited Conduct

1. Covered Associates (as defined in Section C. and explained further in the accompanying footnote) may not make any Political Contribution (defined Section C.) to any Official of a Government Entity (defined in Section C.), unless such Political Contribution has first been approved in writing by the CCO or his designee.

This prohibition includes "in-kind" contributions, *e.g.*, contributions of GMC or Gladstone Securities property, services or other assets including employee work time spent on political activities and the solicitation of contributions by an employee. Failure to comply with this requirement may result in GMC's being barred from receiving compensation for supplying advisory services to such Government Entity or to a Covered Investment Pool (defined below) in which such Government Entity invests for a two-year period. This prohibition applies to fundraising activities, including soliciting or making Political Contributions, either monetary or in-kind.

Please note, nothing in this Policy is meant to discourage Covered Associates from participating in the political process by expressing support for political candidates<sup>2</sup> or voting. Covered Associates may support candidates in other ways, such as volunteering their time, so long as such volunteering occurs during non-work hours or on vacation time. Additionally, to avoid potentially problematic in-kind contributions, Covered Associates are prohibited from using GMC or Gladstone Securities resources, including telephones, copiers, personnel, or other facilities to conduct political activities.

Individuals who are Covered Associates may make a *de minimis* Political Contribution to an Official of a Government Entity for whom the Covered Associate is entitled to vote at the time of the contribution, provided that the Political Contribution does not exceed \$350 in the aggregate to any one Official, per election. Individuals who are Covered Associates may also make a *de minimis* Political Contribution to an Official of a Government Entity for whom the Covered Associate is <u>not</u>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Please note, not all political candidates or incumbent politicians are included within the definition of Official of a Government Entity. Incumbent federal officeholders and candidates for federal office who do not hold a state or local office while running for federal office are not Officials of a Government Entity.

entitled to vote, provided that the Political Contribution does not exceed \$150 in the aggregate to any one Official, per election. Under both exceptions, primary and general elections would be considered separate elections. All *de minimis* contributions must also be disclosed to the CCO. Please note that broker dealers and individuals who are municipal finance professionals are subject to a lower *de minimis* contribution limit of \$250 under MSRB Rule G-37.

- 2. A Covered Associate may not, without the prior written consent of the CCO or his designee, solicit or co-ordinate: (i) Political Contributions to Officials of a Government Entity, or (ii) payments to a state or local political party. For purposes of this Policy, solicitation or coordination of a Political Contribution or payment includes communicating, directly or indirectly, for the purpose of obtaining or arranging a Political Contribution or payment and would include asking, directing, or suggesting that a Political Contribution be made. For example, use of an individual's name on fundraising literature for a candidate would be soliciting Political Contributions for that candidate. Similarly, even forwarding a solicitation to friends or family on behalf of a candidate or political party would be coordinating Political Contributions for that candidate or political party.
- 3. A Covered Associate may not compensate a third party placement agent or "finder" to solicit advisory business<sup>3</sup> from a Government Entity on behalf of the Covered Associate, unless the third party is a registered broker-dealer or SEC-registered investment adviser subject to Rule 206(4)-5.
- 4. Covered Associates may not circumvent these prohibitions by requesting, directing or causing contributions or payments to be made through other parties, including, but not limited to, spouses, family members or friends, or in any other way.

### B. Quarterly Reports

Within 30 days after the end of each calendar quarter, each Covered Associate must submit a Political Contribution Report to the CCO in such form as he shall prescribe. As part of the hiring process, each newly-hired Covered Associate will be required to report information on any Political Contribution or other activity covered by this Policy.

### C. Definitions

A *Covered Associate*<sup>4</sup> includes: (i) GMC, (ii) Gladstone Securities, (ii) GMC's or Gladstone Securities' President; (iii) any Vice-President or similar executive officer of GMC or Gladstone Securities in charge of a business unit, division or function (such as sales, administration or finance); (iv) any other person who performs a policy-making function; (v) an employee who solicits a government entity for GMC; (vi) any person who directly or indirectly supervises an employee described in (v); or (vii) any political action committee controlled by GMC, Gladstone Securities or any of their covered associates.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> "Soliciting advisory business" means engaging in a communication that is reasonably calculated to obtain or retain a Government Entity as an advisory client.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Although Gladstone Securities employees are not employees of the investment adviser GMC, for purposes of this policy and Rule 206(4)-5's restrictions regarding third party placement agents discussed in footnote 1, Gladstone Securities and certain of its employees will be deemed to be Covered Associates.

In addition to the positions listed above, as of the date of this Policy, the following shall be considered Covered Associates:

- Individuals holding Series 7 or 79 License
- Individuals designated or acting in the position of Managing Director or higher;
- Individuals designated as the head of a department;
- Individuals having marketing responsibilities/Individuals designated as part of the Marketing Department; and
- Individuals who solicit business from government entities or who supervise those who
  do.

For internal reference only, on a quarterly basis, the CCO or his designee shall update Exhibit A hereto (delineating each individual he believes to be included within the definition of Covered Associate).

A *Covered Investment Pool* includes an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940 that is an investment option of a plan or program of a Government Entity or any company that would be an investment company under section 3(a) of the Investment Company Act of 1940 but for the exclusion provided from that definition by 3(c)(1), 3(c)(7) or 3(c)(11) of the Investment Company Act of 1940.<sup>5</sup>

A *Government Entity* means any state or political subdivision thereof, including public pension funds and retirement systems. This includes such an entity's agency, authority or instrumentality; a pool of assets sponsored or established by the state or political subdivision, agency, authority or instrumentality thereof; a plan or program of a government entity; and officers, agents or employees of the government entity acting in their official capacity.

An *Official of a Government Entity* is someone who can influence the hiring of an investment adviser for a government entity. This term includes someone who has the sole authority to select investment advisers for the government entity; someone who serves on a governing board that selects investment advisers; or someone who appoints those who select the investment advisers. It includes an incumbent, a candidate, or a successful candidate for state or local elective office. Note that it can also include a candidate for federal office, if that person is a covered state or local official at the time the Political Contribution is made. In certain circumstances, a national political party committee may be considered an Official of a Government Entity after the party's nominating convention has concluded if at least one of the party's nominees for president or vice president is a covered state or local official.<sup>6</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Please note, at the time of writing this Policy, a Covered Investment Pool would include any private fund that GMC may wish to manage and raise capital from any state or political subdivision thereof, including public pension funds and retirement systems. It would also include a pooled investment vehicle sponsored or advised by an investment adviser as a funding vehicle or investment option in a government sponsored plan, such as a 529 plan (qualified tuition plan), 403(b) plan (tax-deferred employee benefit retirement plan), or a 457 plan (tax-deferred employee benefit retirement plan) that typically allow participants to select among pre-established investment options or particular investment pools (often investment investment companies or funds of funds, such as target date funds).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> The national political party committees are the RNC, DNC, NRSC, DSCC, NRCC, and DCCC. Contributions or solicitations for contributions to a national political party committee may violate Rule 206(4)-5 if one or more of the party's nominees for president or vice president is a covered state or local official. For example, in 2008, contributions

A *Political Contribution* means a gift, subscription, loan, advance, deposit of money or anything of value made for the purpose of influencing an election. Political Contributions include not only monetary donations but also the provision of goods and services provided to a campaign, or on behalf of a campaign, without charge. This includes payments for debts incurred in such an election, as well as transition or inaugural expenses.

to the RNC after the nominating convention which chose Sarah Palin, then incumbent Governor of Alaska, as vice presidential nominee were subject to then in effect pay to play restrictions of \$250. Similarly, contributions to McCain-Palin were also subject to the \$250 limit.

On August 13, 2011, Governor Rick Perry of Texas announced his candidacy for president of the United States. As an Official of a Government Entity, individuals who are Covered Associates may only contribute \$350 per election to Governor Perry's campaign and may not solicit contributions on Perry's behalf. Depending on the outcome of the republican nominating convention in 2012, if Governor Perry or another incumbent state or local official becomes the republican party nominee for president or vice president, contributions to the RNC after the convention would be subject to the *de minimis* limits, as would contributions to the campaign committee for the presidential/vice presidential nominees.

### **Quarterly Political Contribution Report**

*GMC*, as a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, is required by law to maintain books and records regarding certain political contributions made by its *Covered Associates*. Pursuant to our Pay to Pay Policy, please provide information regarding your Political Contributions. If you are unsure whether to report a *Political Contribution*, please contact the CCO or General Counsel for assistance.

All terms in bold/italics used on this report have the same definitions as they appear in the Pay to Pay Policy included as Appendix B to our Code of Ethics. For more guidance regarding this report specifically, or our Pay to Play Policy generally, please contact our CCO or General Counsel.

Period Covered by th	e Report - 20		
☐ First Quarter	☐ Second Quarter ☐ Other Period	☐ Third Quarter	☐ Fourth Quarter
Covered Activity			
			overed by this report, I have not, mily member or political action
a. Made or c Entity;	aused to be made a Po	olitical Contribution to	o any Official of a Government
b. Solicited o	r coordinated:		
(i) <b>Po</b>	litical Contributions to	any Official of a Gove	ernment Entity, or
(ii) pa	yments to a state or loc	al political party; or	
c. Compensa <i>Entity</i> .	ted any third parties for	or "soliciting advisory	business" from a Government
candidates for whom	you are eligible to vo	ote. Include name, titl	minimis contributions made to le and city/county/state or other s of each Political Contributions
Name		Date	

#### **Initial Political Contribution Report**

*GMC*, as a registered investment adviser under the Investment Advisers Act of 1940, is required by law to maintain books and records regarding certain political contributions made by its executives and employees. Please provide information regarding *Political Contributions* made after March 14, 2011 until now. If you are unsure whether to report a *Political Contribution*, please contact the CCO or General Counsel for assistance.

All terms in bold/italics used on this report have the same definitions as they appear in the Pay to Pay Policy included as Appendix B to our Code of Ethics. For more guidance regarding this report specifically, or our Pay to Play Policy generally, please contact our CCO or General Counsel.

Except as otherwise described below, during the period from March 14, 2011 until the date of this report, I have not, directly or indirectly (including through a family member or political action committee):

- a. Made a Political Contribution to any Official of a Government Entity;
- b. Solicited or coordinated:
  - (i) Political Contributions to an Official of a Government Entity, or
  - (ii) payments to a political party of a state or locality; or
- c. Compensated any third parties for "soliciting advisory business" from Government Entities.

Describe any exceptions.	Include name,	title and cit	ty/county/state	or other	political
subdivision of each recipient and t	he amounts and d	ates of each co	ontribution or p	avment:	7
one and the control of the control o			onnio union or p		

Name	Date	

## Political Contribution Pre-Clearance Form

Name and Title of Contributor:
Recipient Information
Name:
Title:
City/County/State/Other Political Subdivision:
Amount of Contribution:
Proposed Date of Contribution: Contribution is for: □ Primary Election □ General Election
Is this Contributor able to vote for this Recipient? $\Box$ Yes $\Box$ No
Has this Contributor made other contributions to this recipient during this election cycle?
□ Yes □ No
If yes, describe:
Has this Contributor ever had a contribution returned because the Contributor was not eligible to vote for the recipient candidate and it was more than the \$150 <i>de minimis</i> allowed?  ☐ Yes ☐ No
If yes, describe:
☐ Contribution Approved ☐ Contribution Denied
Name Date

# SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

Gladstone Business Loan, LLC (organized in Delaware)

## CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We hereby consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements on Forms N-2 (No. 333-275934) and (No. 333-261398) of Gladstone Capital Corporation of our report dated November 17, 2025 relating to the financial statements, financial statement schedule, and senior securities table, which appears in this Form 10-K.

We also consent to the reference to us under the heading "Senior Securities" in this Form 10-K.

/s/ PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Washington, District of Columbia November 17, 2025

# CERTIFICATION Pursuant to Section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, David Gladstone, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Gladstone Capital Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- 1) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- 2) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- 3) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- 4) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- 1) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- 2) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 17, 2025

/s/ DAVID GLADSTONE

David Gladstone
Chief Executive Officer

# CERTIFICATION Pursuant to Section 302 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002

- I, Nicole Schaltenbrand, certify that:
- 1. I have reviewed this annual report on Form 10-K of Gladstone Capital Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
- 1) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
- 2) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
- 3) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
- 4) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
- 1) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
- 2) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 17, 2025

/s/ NICOLE SCHALTENBRAND

Nicole Schaltenbrand Chief Financial Officer

### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, the Chief Executive Officer and Chairman of the Board of Gladstone Capital Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies on the date hereof, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025 (the "Form 10-K"), filed concurrently herewith by the Company, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the Form 10-K fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: November 17, 2025		
/s/ DAVID GLADSTONE		
David Gladstone		

Chief Executive Officer

### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

The undersigned, the Chief Financial Officer of Gladstone Capital Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies on the date hereof, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. §1350(a), as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of The Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that the Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2025 (the "Form 10-K"), filed concurrently herewith by the Company, fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or Section 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in the Form 10-K fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: November 17, 2025

/s/ NICOLE SCHALTENBRAND

Nicole Schaltenbrand Chief Financial Officer

### Gladstone Capital Corporation Compensation Recoupment Policy

- 1. Purpose. The purpose of this Compensation Recoupment Policy of the Company (as amended from time to time, the "Policy"), dated as of October 10, 2023 (the "Adoption Date") is to describe the circumstances in which current and former Executive Officers will be required to repay or return Erroneously Awarded Compensation to members of the Company Group. The Company has adopted this Policy to comply with Section 954 of the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010, as codified by Section 10D of the Exchange Act, Exchange Act Rule 10D-1 promulgated thereunder, and the rules and requirements of Nasdaq (including Nasdaq Listing Rule 5608) (such legal requirements, and rules and requirements of Nasdaq, collectively, the "SEC/Nasdaq Clawback Rules"). Each Executive Officer shall be required to sign and return to the Company an acknowledgment to this Policy in the form attached hereto as Exhibit A pursuant to which such Executive Officer will agree to be bound by the terms and comply with this Policy.
- 2. Administration. This Policy shall be administered by the Committee. The Committee is authorized to interpret and construe this Policy and to make all determinations necessary, appropriate, or advisable for the administration of this Policy, and any such determinations made by the Committee shall be in the Committee's sole discretion, and shall be final and binding on all affected individuals. Subject to applicable legal requirements and the rules and requirements of Nasdaq, the Committee may delegate any or all of its powers and duties under the Policy to authorized officers of the Company, subject to such limitations on such delegated powers and duties as the Committee may impose, if any. Except as otherwise required by applicable legal requirements or the rules and requirements of the Nasdaq, any determinations of the Committee hereunder need not be uniform with respect to one or more Executive Officers (whether current or former).
  - **3. Definitions.** For purposes of this Policy, the following capitalized terms shall have the meanings set forth below:
- (a) "Accounting Restatement" shall mean an accounting restatement due to the material noncompliance of the Company with any financial reporting requirement under the securities laws, including any required accounting restatement (i) to correct an error in previously issued financial statements that is material to the previously issued financial statements (a "Big R" restatement), or (ii) that would result in a material misstatement if the error were corrected in the current period or left uncorrected in the current period (a "little r" restatement).
  - (b) "Board" shall mean the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (c) "Clawback Eligible Incentive Compensation" shall mean all Incentive-Based Compensation Received by any current or former Executive Officer on or after the Nasdaq Effective Date, provided that:
  - i. such Incentive-Based Compensation is Received after such individual began serving as an Executive Officer;
  - ii. such individual served as an Executive Officer at any time during the performance period for such Incentive-Based Compensation;
  - iii. such Incentive-Based Compensation is Received while the Company has a class of securities listed on Nasdaq; and

- iv. such Incentive-Based Compensation is Received during the applicable Clawback Period.
- (d) "Clawback Period" shall mean, with respect to any Accounting Restatement, the three completed fiscal years of the Company immediately preceding the Restatement Date and any transition period (that results from a change in the Company's fiscal year) of less than nine months within or immediately following those three completed fiscal years.
  - (e) "Committee" shall mean the Compensation Committee of the Board.
  - (f) "Common Stock" shall mean the common stock, par value \$0.001 per share, of the Company.
  - (g) "Company" shall mean Gladstone Capital Corporation, a Maryland corporation.
  - (h) "Company Group" shall mean the Company, together with each of its direct and indirect subsidiaries.
- (i) "Erroneously Awarded Compensation" shall mean, with respect to any current or former Executive Officer in connection with any Accounting Restatement, the amount of Clawback Eligible Incentive Compensation Received by such current or former Executive Officer that exceeds the amount of Clawback Eligible Incentive Compensation that otherwise would have been Received by such current or former Executive Officer had such Clawback Eligible Incentive Compensation been determined based on the restated amounts as reflected in connection with such Accounting Restatement, computed without regard to any taxes paid.
  - (j) "Exchange Act" means the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.
  - (k) "Executive Officer" shall mean any officer as defined in Rule 10D-1(d) (or any successor provision thereof) under the Exchange Act.
- (l) "<u>Financial Reporting Measures</u>" shall mean measures that are determined and presented in accordance with the accounting principles used in preparing the Company's financial statements, and any other measures that are derived wholly or in part from such measures. For purposes of this Policy, stock price and total shareholder return (and any measures that are derived wholly or in part from stock price or total shareholder return) shall be considered Financial Reporting Measures. For the avoidance of doubt, a Financial Reporting Measure need not be presented within the Company's financial statements or included in a filing with the SEC.
- (m) "Incentive-Based Compensation" shall mean any compensation that is granted, earned or vested based wholly or in part upon the attainment of a Financial Reporting Measure.
  - (n) "Nasdaq" shall mean the Nasdaq Stock Market.
  - (o) "Nasdag Effective Date" shall mean October 2, 2023.
- (p) "Received" shall mean when Incentive-Based Compensation is received, and Incentive-Based Compensation shall be deemed received in the Company's fiscal period during which the Financial

Reporting Measure specified in the Incentive-Based Compensation award is attained, even if payment or grant of the Incentive-Based Compensation occurs after the end of that period.

- (q) "Restatement Date" shall mean the earlier to occur of (i) the date the Board, a committee of the Board or the officers of the Company authorized to take such action if Board action is not required, concludes, or reasonably should have concluded, that the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement, or (ii) the date a court, regulator or other legally authorized body directs the Company to prepare an Accounting Restatement.
  - (r) "SEC" shall mean the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

### 4. Recoupment of Erroneously Awarded Compensation.

- (a) In the event that the Company is required to prepare an Accounting Restatement, (i) the Committee shall determine the amount of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation for each applicable current or former Executive Officer (whether or not such individual is serving as an Executive Officer at such time) (the "Applicable Executives") in connection with such Accounting Restatement, and (ii) the Company will reasonably promptly require the recoupment of such Erroneously Awarded Compensation from any such Applicable Executive, and any such Applicable Executive shall surrender such Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the Company, at such time(s), and via such method(s), as determined by the Committee in accordance with the terms of this Policy. In such event, any such Applicable Executive shall enter into any recoupment or similar agreement as may be requested by the Committee in connection with the Company's recoupment of Erroneously Awarded Compensation from such Applicable Executive pursuant to the terms of this Policy.
- (b) For Incentive-Based Compensation based on (or derived from) stock price or total shareholder return where the amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation is not subject to mathematical recalculation directly from the information in the applicable Accounting Restatement, (i) such amount shall be determined by the Committee based on a reasonable estimate of the effect of the Accounting Restatement on the stock price or total shareholder return upon which the Incentive-Based Compensation was Received, and (ii) the Company will maintain documentation of the determination of that reasonable estimate and provide such documentation to Nasdaq.
- (c) The Committee shall determine, in its sole discretion, the method(s) for recouping any Erroneously Awarded Compensation from any Applicable Executive, which may include one or more of the following:
- (i) requiring one or more cash payments to the Company Group from such Applicable Executive, including, but not limited to, the repayment of cash Incentive-Based Compensation previously paid by the Company Group to such Applicable Executive;
- (ii) seeking recovery of any gain realized on the vesting, exercise, settlement, sale, transfer or other disposition of any equity-based awards previously made by the Company to such Applicable Executive and/or otherwise requiring the delivery to the Company of shares of Common Stock held by such Applicable Executive;
- (iii) withholding, reducing or eliminating future cash compensation (including cash incentive payments), future equity awards and/or other benefits or amounts otherwise to be paid or awarded by the Company Group to such Applicable Executive;

- (iv) offsetting amounts against compensation or other amounts otherwise payable by the Company Group to such Applicable Executive;
- (v) cancelling, adjusting or offsetting against some or all outstanding vested or unvested equity awards of the Company held by such Applicable Executive; and/or
- (vi) taking any other remedial and recovery actions with respect to such Applicable Executive permitted by applicable legal requirements and the rules and regulations of Nasdaq, as determined by the Committee.
- (d) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, the Company shall not be required to recover Erroneously Awarded Compensation from any Applicable Executive pursuant to the terms of this Policy if (1) the Committee determines that such recovery would be impracticable, and (2) any of the following conditions is met:
- (i) the direct expenses paid to a third party to assist in enforcing the Policy would exceed the amount to be recovered, provided that, before concluding that it would be impracticable to recover any amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation based on expense of enforcement pursuant to this clause (i), the Company has (x) made a reasonable attempt to recover such Erroneously Awarded Compensation, (y) documented such reasonable attempt(s) to recover, and (z) provided such documentation to Nasdaq;
- (ii) recovery would violate home country law where that law was adopted prior to November 28, 2022, provided that, before determining that it would be impracticable to recover any amount of Erroneously Awarded Compensation based on violation of home country law, the Company has obtained an opinion of home country counsel, acceptable to Nasdaq, that recovery would result in such a violation, has provided copy of the opinion is provided to Nasdaq; or
- (iii) recovery would likely cause an otherwise tax-qualified retirement plan, under which benefits are broadly available to employees of the Company Group, to fail to meet the requirements of 26 U.S.C. 401(a)(13) or 26 U.S.C. 411(a) and regulations thereunder.
- **5. No Indemnification, Etc.** The Company Group shall not (x) indemnify any current or former Executive Officer against the loss of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation that is repaid, returned or recovered pursuant to the terms of this Policy, or (y) pay or reimburse any current or former Executive Officers for insurance premiums to recover losses incurred under this Policy.
- **6. Supersedure.** This Policy will supersede any provisions in (x) any agreement, plan or other arrangement applicable to any member of the Company Group, and (y) any organizational documents of any entity that is part of Company Group that, in any such case, (a) exempt any Incentive-Based Compensation from the application of this Policy, (b) waive or otherwise prohibit or restrict the Company Group's right to recover any Erroneously Awarded Compensation, including, without limitation, in connection with exercising any right of setoff as provided herein, and/or (c) require or provide for indemnification to the extent that such indemnification is prohibited under Section 5 above.
- 7. Amendment; Termination; Interpretation. The Committee may amend or terminate this Policy at any time, subject to compliance with all applicable legal requirements and the rules and requirements of Nasdaq. It is intended that this Policy be interpreted in a manner that is consistent with the SEC/Nasdaq Clawback Rules.

### 8. Other Recoupment Rights; No Additional Payments.

- (a) Any right of recoupment under this Policy is in addition to, and not in lieu of, any other remedies or rights of recoupment that may be available to the Company Group pursuant to (i) the terms of any recoupment provisions in any employment agreement, incentive or equity compensation plan or award or other agreement, (ii) any other legal requirements, including, but not limited to, Section 304 of Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (subject to Section 8(b) of this Policy below), and (iii) any other legal rights or remedies available to the Company.
- (b) Notwithstanding anything herein to the contrary, to the extent that the Committee determines that any Erroneously Awarded Compensation includes any amounts that have been actually reimbursed to the Company Group from any Applicable Executive pursuant to Section 304 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act (any such amounts that have been reimbursed to the Company Group, the "Applicable SOX Recoupment Amount"), in order to prevent duplicative recovery, the amount of any Erroneously Awarded Compensation to be recovered from any such Applicable Executive shall be reduced by the Applicable SOX Recoupment Amount.
- (c) To the extent so determined by the Committee, the Company shall be entitled to recover from any Applicable Executive all fees and expenses incurred by the Company Group in connection with enforcing its rights under this Policy against any Applicable Executive.
- 9. Successors. This Policy shall be binding and enforceable against all current and former Executive Officers and their beneficiaries, heirs, executors, administrators or other legal representatives.

### Exhibit A

### Form of Acknowledgment

By signing below, the undersigned acknowledges and confirms that the undersigned has received and reviewed a copy of the Gladstone Capital Corporation Compensation Recoupment Policy (the "<u>Policy</u>"). Capitalized terms used but not otherwise defined in this acknowledgment shall have the meanings ascribed to such terms in the Policy.

By signing this acknowledgment, the undersigned acknowledges and agrees that the undersigned is and will continue to be subject to the Policy and that the Policy will apply both during and after the undersigned's employment with the Company Group. Further, by signing below, the undersigned agrees to abide by the terms of the Policy, including, without limitation, by returning any Erroneously Awarded Compensation to the Company Group to the extent required by the Policy.

Signature		
Print Name		
Date		

## Exhibit 99.1

Pursuant to FINRA Rule 2231(c), Gladstone Capital Corporation (the "Company") determined the estimated value as of September 30, 2025, of its 6.25% Series A Cumulative Redeemable Preferred Stock (the "Series A Preferred Stock"), \$25.00 stated value per share, with the assistance of a third-party valuation service. In particular, the third-party valuation service reviewed the amount resulting from the consolidated total equity of the Company (as reflected on the Company's Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheet within its Annual Report on Form 10-K for the period ended September 30, 2025 (the "Form 10-K"), which was prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles), adjusted for the fair value of its long-term assets (i.e., its investments) and long-term liabilities (each as disclosed within the Form 10-K (to which this exhibit is attached) under "Non-GAAP Financial Information—Net Asset Value"), divided by the number of shares of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock outstanding. Based on this methodology and because the result from the calculation above is greater than the \$25.00 per share stated value of the Company's Series A Preferred Stock, the Company has determined that the estimated value of its Series A Preferred Stock as of September 30, 2025, is \$25.00 per share.